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ABSTRACT

The primary objective of this project, known as the Indiana/National Network Study (INNS), is to make practical recommendations for the development and implementation of a coordinated statewide library network which is consistent with national policies. Major project activities included: (1) collection of socio-economic and library statistical data: (2) review of the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science National Program Report: (3) survey of existing library services in Indiana: (4) review of national library service standards: (5) review of existing state financial support for library service: and (6) determination of critical factors for network development. Existing library resources and networks in Indiana are identified for state, school, public, and academic libraries, and for film services and library associations. This description of resources was derived from area profiles, which are appended to the report. The final section contains an analysis of existing network components in terms of strengths and barriers to cooperation. Recommendations, in answer to goals of the statewide program, are stated. These are developed through implementation strategies which consider funding, establishment of a time frame, organizational structure, and alternative courses of action. Statistical tables supplement the entire report, and additional supporting materials are appended. (SW)

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DEVELOPMENT OF A PLAN FOR THE INTEGRATION OF INDIANA LIBRARIES INTO THE NATIONAL PROGRAM

The INNS Report

Prepared by

Harold E. Baker
INNS Project Director

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The Indiana State Library
Indianapolis February 1979

IR009005

INDIANA STATE UNIVERSITY TERRE HAUTE, INDIANA 47809

CUNNINGHAM MEMORIAL LIBRARY (812) 232-6311

March 30, 1979

Mr. Ray C. Ewick, Director
Indiana State Library
140 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, IN 46204

Dear Mr. Ewick:

Attached is the final report of the Development of a Plan for the Integration of Indiana Libraries into the National Program project and is submitted in compliance with the terms of the LSCA grant.

The most critical need identified by this study is for the establishment of a Coordinating Council composed of representatives from the existing network components and the Indiana library community. This Council would have the responsibility for carrying out the recommendations of the INNS Report and coordinate the existing programs and services into an effective, cooperative, full-service library and information services network. As envisioned in this Report, the Indiana Library Network does not require any new legislation or changes to the Library Services Authority Act of 1967. The Indiana State Library should provide the leadership in development of the Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council at the earliest possible moment.

This Report makes a number of recommendations for new programs and/or services on which immediate action needs to be taken. Examples of these include: the OCLC Interlibrary Loan subsystem, a statewide telecommunications system, and the establishment of an on-line bibliographic data base of Indiana holdings. It also contains recommendations for existing network programs and services.

The statistical data presented in Chapter II were extracted from many sources and are as current as late 1978. Useful and reliable library statistics for management and planning purposes are difficult to come by from present reports. The tables presented in this Report are related to the type of library services offered and will be valuable for planning purposes. The ALSA profiles provide significant quantitive data for analysis of needs in the various areas of the State.

Monthly financial statements and quarterly progress reports along with other requested documents have been submitted to the Extension Division of the Indiana State Library as required during the course of this project.

The cooperation and support from all areas of the Indiana library community, representatives of State agencies, the INNS Advisory Committee and the Director and staff of the Indiana State Library has been most gratifying. Without their input and support this project could not have been attempted.

A special debt of gratitude goes to Dr. Robert Little, chairperson of the Department of Library Science at Indiana State University, for his help in organizing a wealth of material into a useable Report.

Any errors of commission or omission in interpretation of data in the Project or in this Report are my responsibility.

Respectfully submitted,

Harold E. Baker
Harold E. Baker
INNS Project Director

HEB/pdr

Enclosure

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INTRODUCTION

Indiana has been a leader in the development of cooperative programs involving all types of libraries. The support and enthusiasm for these developments by librarians, library trustees and citizens has been remarkable. There is growing evidence of understanding of and support for statewide cooperative library programs by the State Legislature. The recommendations in this Report provide the focus needed to build on the existing programs and services and provide to the citizens of Indiana a truly, full-service, cooperative statewide library and information services network.

CHAPTER I

THE INNS PROJECT

INTRODUCTION

This project, "The Development of a Plan for the Integration of Indiana Libraries into the National Program for Library and Information Services," resulted from a proposal submitted to the Indiana State Library and funded by a Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) grant. The working title of this report is "The Indiana/National Network Study" (INNS).

Indiana was the first state to develop statewide networking services involving all types of libraries (academic, public, school and special). The enabling legislation was passed by the Indiana General Assembly in 1967. The commitment of the Indiana library community to make cooperation and resource sharing a reality has produced many of the modules needed for an integrated, full-service Indiana library and information services network.

The strength of a statewide network is dependent upon a base of individual local libraries. Such a network can only be developed by a bottom up building block approach. The impetus, design and implementation of a statewide network needs to involve librarians who serve users on a day to day basis.

Indiana has undertaken a number of steps toward providing statewide library services, such as Area Library Service Authorities (ALSAs) (multi-county cooperatives) and the Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA) (a statewide network). Both were developed with LSCA fund grants from the Indiana State Library. This project represents the next step in the development of a coordinated statewide library and information service network in Indiana.

Input was gathered from all segments of the library community and the public in the: development of the roles of the various components, identification of possible barriers and impediments to cooperative action, development of recommendations for the network design, identification of benefits to be gained from cooperative efforts, development of procedures for implementation and identification of alternative solutions.

The primary objective of this report is to make practical recommendations for the development and implementation of a coordinated statewide library network. It recognizes the need to build from the bottom up, to provide for user needs and to utilize, to the fullest extent possible, existing resources.

This project identifies and reviews, to the extent practicable, those existing agencies (such as ALSAs and INCOLSA) and services (such as TWX and INDIRS) which could become components of a statewide library network. It attempts to determine what barriers and impediments there are to these components interacting in such a way as to more effectively and efficiently utilize and share the library resources of the State and to allow integration into the evolving national network.

Existing Indiana library cooperatives and library service arrangements were developed independently and implemented prior to the publication of the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science (NCLIS) report Toward a National Program for Library and Information Services: Goals for Action. They represent viable components of a statewide network as invisioned in the NCLIS report.

The NCLIS report, provided states, for the first time, specific goals and objectives for network development. The NCLIS report also points out certain barriers and impediments to reaching these goals and objectives.

This report is primarily concerned with how Indiana is meeting or will meet the following program objectives of the NCLIS report:

objective (1) Ensure that basic library and information services are adequate to meet the needs of all local communities.

objective (2) Provide adequate special services to special constituencies, including the unserved.

objective (3) Strengthen existing statewide resources and systems.

A brief summary of pertinent sections of the NCLIS report taken from Appendix V of the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science Annual Report to the President and Congress, 1975-1976 appears in Appendix A.

The development of a national program will be evolutionary and needs to be built upon well developed state networks. In view of the NCLIS report, it is essential for Indiana to undertake a systematic review of present library services and to identify existing barriers and impediments to achieving a coordinated statewide library network.

Indiana, which has a strong tradition of innovative interlibrary cooperation and which has existing democratically and legally organized cooperatives and networks serving all types of libraries, can make a significant contribution to national network development.

This report identifies, reviews, and analyzes present Indiana library resources with a view toward describing what they are, where they are located, present operational status, and how they could be integrated into a coordinated statewide network. Implementation of the recommendations in this report provides an opportunity to integrate these components into an effective, efficient, coordinated statewide network which would meet the library and information needs of all Indiana citizens. Furthermore, proper development of an Indiana statewide network will provide for effective integration at the appropriate levels with the National network for libraries and information services.

The recommendations in this report are quite similar to those for other state networks. This is logical, because the services to be provided to users are essentially the same. This sameness is particularly desirable if a National network is to become a reality.

This report provides no panacea for all library related problems, but offers a systematic approach to developing a network to utilize and share the library resources of the State. By building on existing strengths quality library and information services can be provided to all Indiana citizens.

It is urgent that attention be given to coordinating existing Indiana library services and networks before they become fragmented or frozen into structures that impede, rather than facilitate, library service to all users.

BACKGROUND

In view of the publication of the NCLIS report and the current status of library cooperative activity in Indiana, there was a concensus among library groups in the State that a review of existing library services and networks was needed to develop a plan for a coordinated statewide library and information services network. In April of 1976 a proposal was submitted to the Indiana State Library for a Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) Title I grant. The proposal was funded and contracts signed in November of 1976. The program began in January of 1977.

The grant application stressed that among those benefiting from the project would be: library users and potential library users; Indiana's business, industry, and research communities; librarians, library boards and library organizations; and Indiana taxpayers.

To the extent possible all segments of the Indiana library community and others who would be affected by development of a plan for a statewide network were involved in this study. Advice and assistance were received from the staff members of the Indiana State Library, the INNS Project Advisory Committee, the Executive Director of INCOLSA, Coordinators and Officers of the ALSAs, the Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee and other appropriate state organizations.

The specific objective of the INNS Study, as described in the grant application, was:

> to review the objectives of the recommended National program to determine what action should be taken at the State level to prepare and plan for meeting these objectives.

To accomplish this objective the following activities were considered necessary:

a. quantify areas not meeting basic minimum library service standards;
b. identify government agencies with responsibilities for library and information services to special constituencies such as, ethnic minorities, the illiterate, the blind, the physically handicapped, the aged, the institutionalized, and the unserved;
c. identify impediments and barriers toward integration of all types of libraries into a coordinated statewide library and information services network which would maximize utilization of existing statewide resources;
d. identify impediments and barriers to utilization of existing resources for continuing education for libraries;

e. review existing channels to regional and national information programs and services in order to identify impediments and barriers to coordinated use of these programs and services;

f. review and identify private sector activities in information services that can be utilized by libraries;

g. make recommendatons to bring Indiana's library services into a coordinated plan which is in consonance with the NCLIS recommendations and to generalize these recommendations to allow other states to make use of the findings of this study.

The INNS project was directed by Harold E. Baker, Head of Library Systems Development at Indiana State University. Mr. Baker was granted a leave of absence for the calendar year 1977 from Indiana State University to direct the INNS project. Responsibilities of the director included: preparation of a detailed work schedule, conduct of INNS project tasks, submission of monthly progress and financial reports, participation in other activities relevant to the project, and preparation of the final report.

The INNS Advisory Committee was representative of the Indiana library community. The membership included representation from all types of libraries (academic, public, school and special), the Indiana State Library, Indiana library associations, and INCOLSA. The INNS Advisory Committee met quarterly. Meetings were also held with individual committee members as the need arose. During the course of the project progress reports were made to and advice sought from the INNS Advisory Committee and other interested groups. When appropriate, advice from outside experts was sought.

Members of the INNS Advisory Committee were:

Mr. R. Paul Bartolini	Lake County Public Library
Ms. Gwendolyn Berry	Speedway Public Library
Dr. Harold Boyce	Marion College
Mrs. Julia Dickey	Bartholomew County Library
Mrs. Gloria Haycock	Northwestern Consolidated School District
Mrs. Virginia Humnicky	Indiana University School of Medicine Library
Ms. Jean Jose	Indiana State Library
Mrs. Barbara Evans Markuson	Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority
Mr. David Moses	Purdue University
Mr. Joseph Sawyer	Liberty, Indiana
Mr. David E. Sparks	University of Notre Dame
Dr. Elizabeth Weller	Indiana State University

Methodology

The INNS project involved ten major activities. The method used in carrying out each of these activities is discussed below:

1. Literature review

   The literature review covered the following areas: reports and related papers of the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science (NCLIS); articles and reports related to network development; other state plans for network development; the Indiana Library Studies; reports of, laws and administrative rules of, and relevant studies commissioned by the Indiana State Library; relevant documents and studies of the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana State Department of Public Instruction; INCOLSA reports and documents; ALSA planning documents, reports and newsletters; information and documents from other government agencies with library responsibilities, other existing network programs, and other related programs in Indiana; and status studies and reports of individual Indiana libraries. A list of the most pertinent items appears in the bibliography.

2. Information gathering activities

Information gathering activities included: site visits; interviews; attendance at workshops, committee meetings and conferences; and correspondence. Among the organizations and/or persons information was gathered from were: the U.S. Office of Education Library and Learning Resources Branch (region V program officer); NCLIS (executive director); the Indiana State Library (director, division heads and individual staff members); the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana State Department of Public Instruction (director and staff); INCOLSA (executive director and members of the executive committee); ALSAs (coordinators and/or officers); the Indiana Library Association-Indiana Library Trustees Association (executive secretary); the Indiana Commission for Higher Education (deputy commissioner); the Indiana Rehabilitation Services, Division of Services for the Blind (director); the State Board of Health (state health commissioner); the Indiana Higher Education Telecommunications System (executive director and members of the library advisory committee); the Commission on Aging and Aged (executive director); the Department of Mental Health (commissioner); the Library

Film Services Authority (executive secretary); the Indiana Vocational Technical College (dean of instruction); the Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee; the INNS Project Advisory Committee; librarians and trustees of academic, public, school and special libraries; and faculty members from the education programs at Ball State University, Indiana State University, Indiana University and Purdue University. Also attended were: The University of Pittsburgh conference on "Resource Sharing"; the American Library Association, Information Science and Automation Division institute on "The National Bibliographic Network"; the NCLIS institute on "Multi-type Networks-Toward a National Program of Library Services"; and the Alabama Public Library Services institute on "Automation for Libraries." A comprehensive list of persons consulted and meetings attended appears in Appendix B.

3. Obtaining statistical data

Two types of statistical data were examined. Socio-economic data were obtained from the Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS) data base and the State Board of Health. Library data were obtained from existing reports and studies of the various Indiana library agencies included in this report.

Socio-economic data for population were grouped by planning area, county, race, sex, location (urban-rural), income and poverty status. Statistics data by type of library were obtained to determine the population served and resources available at the local level. Statistical data for statewide networks and services were obtained to determine their accessibility to Indiana citizens. Data were reviewed for the following statewide networks and services: INCOLSA, ALSAs, INDIRS, Indiana Telecommunications Network (TWX), Midwest Health Sciences Library Network (MHSLN), State Universities Voice Only Network (SUVON), Higher Education Television Network, Indiana Library Film Services Authority, and the New York Times Information Data Base.

4. Review of NCLIS National Program Document

The National Commission on Libraries and Information Science National Program document, Toward a National Program for Library and Information Services: Goals for Action, was examined to:

a. understand the goals and objectives of the National Program;
b. determine state responsibilities as recommended in the National Program document;
c. determine the National Program view of current service needs at the local level for the various types of libraries;
d. determine what actions need to be taken to integrate existing Indiana network components and services into the National Program.

In addition to the National Program document other studies and reports commissioned by NCLIS were examined for relevance.

5. Determination of existing services in Indiana

To provide data on total library and information resources available in Indiana, existing library services and network components were identified. Determination was made of existing resources and services at the local level, the regional level (ALSAs), and the state level.

The channels by which local libraries interface with regional and state services were examined and their strengths and weaknesses were reviewed. The extent to which changes were needed to bring the existing services and network components into a coordinated statewide library and information services network were examined. In addition, desirable, but not presently available services which are feasible were identified.

6. Review of national standards for library service

Two types of national standards were reviewed. Standards for local library service were examined in relationship to existing service programs. Other national standards, such as the standards for computer data bases and services, which have implications for cooperative network development were identified and reviewed. Impediments of existing practices to the use of the national standards were considered. The need to adhere to national standards to participate effectively and efficiently in a national program were reviewed in relationship to existing practices in Indiana.

7. Review of existing financial mechanisms and levels of support for library service at the State level

The methods by which library services are financed and the barriers which these mechanisms place on a coordinated library service network were studied. State governmental agencies supporting libraries and information services in their budgets were contacted and policies regarding funding of their library and information services programs were discussed.

Sources of funds for each of the existing library programs and network components at the local, regional and state level were identified. Sources examined included: local funds; state funds; federal funds including those from the Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA); private grants; and individual fees to support or use the service. Future funding requirements and patterns were considered.

8. Determination of other factors which would facilitate or impede development of networks in Indiana

To determine factors which would facilitate or impede the development of a coordinated statewide network in Indiana the following methods were used.

a. Librarians representing all aspects of library service were interviewed.

b. Indiana legislation affecting libraries and cooperative efforts were examined.

c. The extent to which existing resources facilitate or impede the provision of adequate library services was analyzed.

d. The effects of various organizational structures for a coordinated statewide network were considered.

e. The extent of duplication and fragmentation of existing network component efforts was reviewed.

f. The willingness and/or ability of local libraries to share resources was examined.

g. Costs incurred by lending libraries in a cooperative network were considered.

h. The effect of user fees for some library services was examined.

The results provided a number of possible ways in which library service could be facilitated and impediments eliminated.

9. Synthesis of data

Statistical data used were obtained from existing reports and studies. In describing the existing library services and network components one or more of the following types of synthesis was prepared: population served and/or unserved; resources available; volume of use; and cost. For the ALSAs additional analysis was prepared. For each ALSA a profile was developed. Each profile included socio-economic and library statistical data by county.

10. Dissemination activities

Dissemination activities included reports on the progress during the project and distribution of the final report. During the project written reports were submitted quarterly to the Indiana State Library and to the INNS Advisory Committee. Presentations on the project were given to various library groups and organizations, such as the LSCA Advisory Council, Indiana Library Association/Indiana Library Trustees Association, Indiana Cooperative Library Development and Planning Committee, and the Indiana chapter of the Special Libraries Association.

Upon completion of the project a final report will be submitted to the Indiana State Library. The Indiana State Library will have the responsibility for distribution of the report to other state library agencies, to network components discussed in the report, to the Indiana Library Community and to the general public. The report will be available to other users through ERIC.

SUMMARY

The primary objective of the Indiana/National Network Study was to make practical recommendations for the development and implementation of a coordinated statewide library network.

Chapter II identifies, reviews, and analyses present Indiana library resources with a view toward describing what they are, where they are located and present operational status. Chapter III contains recommendations for the development of a plan for a coordinated statewide library network.

CHAPTER II

EXISTING RESOURCES AND NETWORKS IN INDIANA

Chapter II describes existing library services and resources at the local, regional and State levels in Indiana. It is based upon data obtained from the agencies discussed and other available sources. The information was gathered through on site visits, interviews, correspondence and review of current agency reports.

Included are:

1. an identification of library services and resources in Indiana public, school, academic and special libraries;
2. a description of agencies responsible for statewide library network development and/or programs;
3. a description of other service arrangements with potential usefulness in a statewide library network;
4. a description of the role of Indiana library associations and library science education programs in statewide library network development.

For each type of library (public, school, academic and special) the mission, number and population(s) served, resources available and patterns of intra- and interlibrary cooperation are discussed. Agencies responsible for statewide library network development and/or programs included are the Indiana State Library; Area Library Services Authorities (ALSAs); the Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA); the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana State Department of Public Instruction; the Midwest Health Science Library Network (MHSLN), and the Indiana Library Film Service Authority. The role of non-library agencies such as the Indiana Higher Education Telecommunication

System (IHETS) and the Fast Agriculture Communication Terminal System (FACTS) in the development of a coordinated statewide library network are examined. The contributions that statewide Indiana library associations and library science education programs could make in developing a coordinated statewide library network are reviewed.

This chapter describes the existing resources and network components at the local, regional and state levels that can be utilized in the development of a coordinated full-service library network to meet the library and information needs of all Indiana citizens.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Public library services should be available to all people regardless of age, ethnic origin, economic ability or educational background. Public library service encompasses preschool children, school age children, young adults, adults and senior citizens. The services offered reflect the special interests and needs of the residents of the community served. Public libraries are essential to the development of statewide and national network.

Mission

In Indiana the provision of public library service has been declared the policy of the State by the Indiana General Assembly. The statutes provide:

> It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state, as a part of its provision for public education, to promote the establishment, maintenance, and development of public library service for each of its various subdivisions. Such public library service is to be provided by a library supported by public funds and operated for the benefit and free use of individuals and groups of all ages in the community in the meeting of their educational, informational, and recreational interests and needs. These interests and needs are met by

> the collection and organization of books and other library materials and the dissemination of the knowledge contained therein through reference, loan and related services.

To carry out this policy public libraries under the Public Library Law of 1947 (IC 1971, 20-13-1-2) are grouped into two classes. There are 225 Class I libraries organized under the Act or converted to it by board resolution. There are 14 Class II libraries (one is administered by a school board, three are independent township libraries, and ten are either endowed or organized under special laws). Class II libraries are exempt from the compulsory provisions of the 1947 Public Library Law, but may elect to adopt other provisions of it.

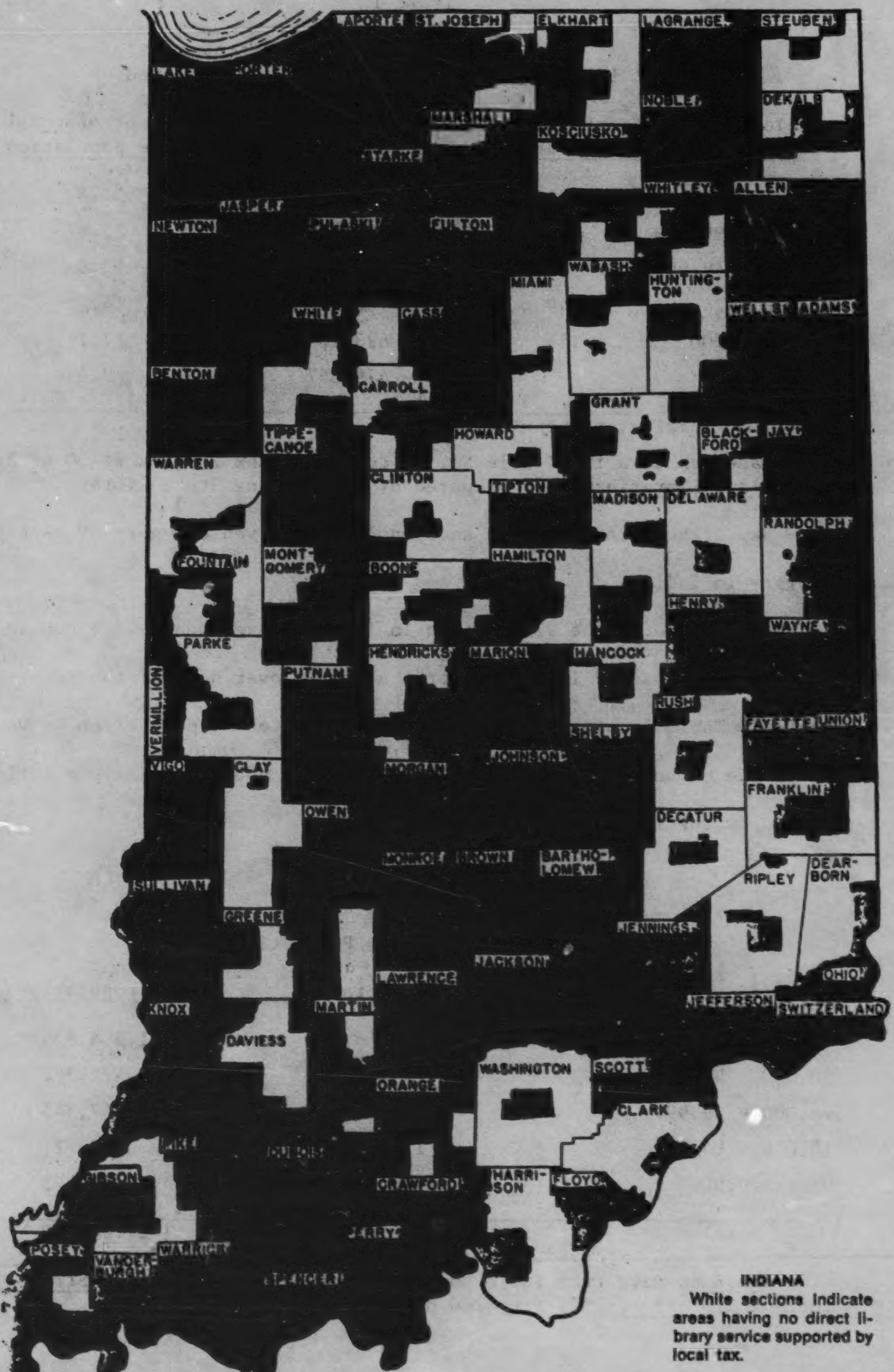
Number and population served

Not all citizens in Indiana have direct access to public library service. Map 1 shows the areas in which the 9.2% of the Indiana citizens who do not have direct access to a local tax supported public library reside.

There are 239 public libraries serving the citizens of Indiana. The population served by these libraries ranges from over 750,000 to less than 300. Table 1 categorizes the libraries by population served and shows the number of libraries in each category, the total population served by the libraries in each category, and the percent of the total state population served by the libraries in each category.

Map I

AREAS IN INDIANA HAVING NO DIRECT PUBLIC LIBRARY SERVICE SUPPORTED BY LOCAL TAXES



INDIANA
White sections indicate areas having no direct library service supported by local tax.

Table 1

Public Libraries Categoried by Population Served

population served	number of libraries	total population served	percent of total state population
over 100,000	9	1,965,236	37.8
50,000 - 99,999	12	809,190	15.6
25,000 - 49,999	15	547,923	10.5
10,000 - 24,999	49	765,497	14.7
under 10,000	154	628,107	12.1
not served	-	479,657	9.2

Total state population: 5,195,610

Based on data from Table No. 3, columns 1 and 2 pages 22-30 of Statistics of Indiana Libraries, 1977 prepared by the Indiana State Library.

Map 2 shows the location and population served category of each public library in Indiana.

Forty-nine of the 92 counties in Indiana have county-wide public libraries. These 49 libraries serve slightly over half of the total population. Table 2 categorizes the county libraries by population served and shows the number of libraries in each category and the total population served by the libraries in each category.

Table 2

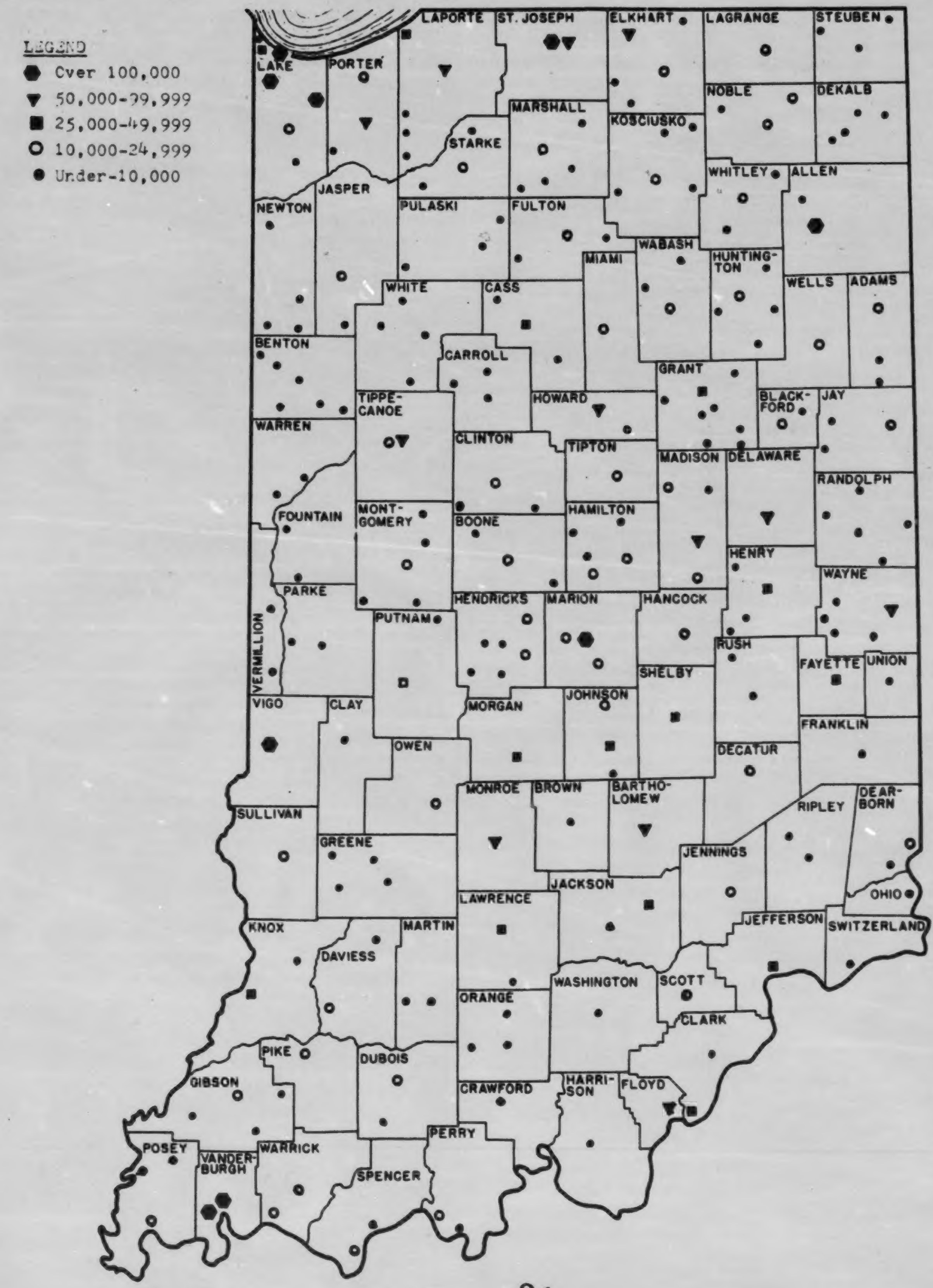
County Public Libraries by Population Served

population served	number of libraries	total population served
over 100,000	5	1,504,835
50,000 - 99,999	7	472,381
25,000 - 49,999	11	367,845
10,000 - 24,999	17	295,817
under 10,000	9	63,805
Totals	49	2,704,683

Based on data from Table No. 4, column 11 pages 32-34 of Statistics of Indiana Libraries, 1977 prepared by the Indiana State Library.

Map 2

INDIANA PUBLIC LIBRARIES CATEGORIZED BY POPULATION SERVED



In 1976 the Gallup Organization surveyed the general adult public on their information needs and use of public libraries. Among their findings were:

> Printed materials are the information sources predominantly used by the public to answer questions or resolve problems. In the two months prior to the interviews. . .82% used some form of printed material. . .
>
> of the 82% who turned to printed material to solve a problem, 25% obtained that material from a library. Heavy readers are more likely to use the library. However light readers were more likely to use the library than those who in general, read a moderate amount. . .
>
> it would appear that libraries play an important role as a source of information when books are utilized, but for other printed media, the public does not utilize the library. . .
>
> In summary, about one in five reported using the library to help solve a problem in the two months prior to the interviewing. This is about the same number who say, in general, they very or fairly frequently use a library for this purpose. Significantly, the light reader turns out to be a relatively important library user in this connection.[1]

The public library serves a wide range of user groups. Among the special groups identified as being served by public libraries in Indiana were: agricultural community; business and commerce; children and young adults (for recreational and school needs); culturally, economically and socially deprived; homemakers and parents; institutionalized; labor; mentally and physically handicapped; senior citizens; and teachers.

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1. The Gallup Organization, The Role of Libraries in America, (Kentucky Department of Libraries and Archives, 1976) p. 6-7.

Three volumes of the Indiana Library Studies describes the characteristics of specific public library user groups. They are: vol. 3, "A Study of Adult Information Needs in Indiana;" vol. 4, "The Library Usage by Students and Young Adults;" and vol. 8, "Library Services for Indiana Handicapped."

Not all persons eligible to use the public library are registered borrowers. Table 3 categorizes the libraries by population served and shows for each category the total population served, the total number of registered borrowers per category, the percent of registered borrowers for each category and the percent of borrowers to total state population for each category.

Table 3

Total and Percent of Registered Borrowers in Indiana Public Libraries

population served	total population served*	total borrowers*	% of borrowers per population group	% of borrowers per total state population
over 100,000	1,965,236	460,115	23.4	8.9
50,000 - 99,999	809,190	323,321	40	6.2
25,000 - 49,999	547,923	238,084	43.5	4.6
10,000 - 24,999	765,497	379,734	49.6	7.3
under 10,000	626,564	365,996	58.4	7.0
	4,714,410	1,767,250	37.5	34.0

*Total excludes Fremont due to incomplete report.

Based on data from Table 3, columns 2 and 9 pages 22-30 of Statistics of Indiana Libraries, 1977 prepared by the Indiana State Library.

Resources

The resources of Indiana public libraries include both materials and personnel. Although Indiana public libraries house a wide variety of media, the major part of their collections consist of printed materials. Table 4 shows by population served categories the total number of volumes available and the number of volumes per capita.

Table 4

Materials in Public Libraries

population served	number of libraries	number of volumes	total population served	volumes per capita
over 100,000	9	4,952,703	1,965,236	2.52
50,000 - 99,999	12	1,819,607	809,190	2.25
25,000 - 49,999	15	1,432,450	547,923	2.61
10,000 - 24,999	49	2,224,377	765,497	2.9
under 10,000	154	2,773,006	628,107	4.41
	239	13,202,143	4,715,953	2.80

Based on data from Table 3, columns 1, 2 and 10, pages 22-30 of Statistics of Indiana Libraries, 1977 prepared by the Indiana State Library.

The National Inventory of Library Needs, 1975 evaluated the adequacy of both the materials collections and the number of personnel available in Indiana public libraries. For both materials and personnel a small group of indicators of adequacy were developed based on past experience, current standards in the profession, and the advice and guidance of knowledgeable professionals. Using a sampling technique only libraries serving population of 25,000 or over were included in the evaluation. The indicators used to measure needs appears in Appendix C.

Table 5 shows for both print and non-print materials collections the minimum materials needed, materials needed to meet the shortage and the percent of population served by libraries not meeting the need in Indiana public libraries serving a population of 25,000 or more. Table 6 shows the minimum annual acquisitions needed, the shortage between the materials needed and the materials acquired annually, and the proportion of the population served by libraries not adding at the indicated rate for Indiana public libraries serving a population of 25,000 or more.

Table 5

Indiana Public Libraries
Material Collection Needs

Printed Materials		Non-Print Materials		
Indicated Minimum Need	Shortage	Indicated Minimum Need	Shortage	Population Served by Libraries not Meeting Need (%)
10,712,000	3,532,000	307,000	71,000	90%

Table 6

Indiana Public Libraries
Acquisition Needs

Printed Materials		Non-Print Materials		
Indicated Need	Shortage	Indicated Need	Shortage	Proportion of Population Served by Libraries Not Adding at Indicated Level
599,000	148,000	31,000	11,000	82%

From Tables 4.11B and 4.16B of the National Inventory of Library Needs 1975 published by the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, pages 72 and 80.

Table 7 shows for both the professional and supportive staffs the minimum personnel needed and the number of additional personnel needed to meet the minimum in Indiana public libraries serving a population of 25,000 or more. The data indicated that none of the public libraries in Indiana are adequately staffed.

Table 7

Indiana Public Libraries
Staffing Needs

Professional		Support Staff	
Indicated Minimum Need	Shortage	Indicated Minimum Need	Shortage
610	110	1,346	524

From Table 4.5B of the National Inventory of Library Needs-1975 published by the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, page 63.

Intra- and interlibrary cooperation

Public libraries in Indiana participate in a number of cooperative activities. The objective of these cooperative activities is to provide better service to users. They include both the sharing of materials and the utilization of technology to improve library operations. In addition to cooperative arrangements between local public libraries, such as reciprocal lending agreements, there are a number of statewide cooperative programs in which a number of public libraries participate. They include participation in:

Area Library Service Authorities (ALSA)
Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA)
Indiana Telecommunication Network (TWX)
Festival Films
Indiana Library Film Services Authority
Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS)

Details on the participation of public libraries in these programs is included in the discussion of the individual programs.

SCHOOL LIBRARY MEDIA CENTERS

Adequate school library media center service should be available in every public and private school. Good school library media centers provide materials to meet the educational and recreational needs of all students. Their collections include a wide variety of media. In recent years educators have recognized that an individual school building library media center cannot meet all the needs of the students. Thus, there is a need for the development of district-wide library media programs and the participation in regional and statewide cooperative networks.

Mission

The Indiana Department of Public Instruction recognizing the importance of school library media programs has provided in the "Requirements for Certified, Commissioned Schools"

> All schools shall have a media program which is planned as an integral part of the total education program. The school corporation shall provide supervision of the media program by a licensed media specialist.

Specific standards are provided for expenditures and/or personnel for certified, commissioned schools, for continuous, commissioned schools, for first class, commissioned schools, and for special first class, commissioned schools. These requirements appear in Appendix D.

Number and population served

Not all students in Indiana public and private elementary and secondary schools have available in their school buildings school library media centers with certified school librarians. In order to determine the number of schools and student population served by schools with school library media programs, the following criteria were established: 1. a centralized school library or media center in the building; 2. at least a half-time certified school librarian. Data used was for the 1977-78 school year and contained in the annual reports submitted by both private and public schools to the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction.

Table 8 categorizes the public schools as senior high, junior high/middle, and elementary/combined. For each category the total number of school buildings, the number of school buildings meeting the criteria, and the percent of school buildings meeting the criteria are given.

Table 8

Public School Buildings with School Library Media Center Programs

Level	Total number of school buildings	Number of school buildings meeting criteria	Percent of school buildings meeting criteria
Senior high	395	345	87.3
Junior high/middle	239	219	91.6
Elementary/combined	1,401	435	31

Based on data contained in annual reports submitted to the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for the 1977-78 school year.

Using the same format as above Table 9 shows for private schools the total number of school buildings, the number of school buildings meeting the criteria, and the percent of school buildings meeting the criteria.

Table 9

Private Schools with School Library Media Center Programs

Level	Total number of schools	Number of schools meeting criteria	Percent of schools meeting criteria
Secondary	41	32	78
Elementary/combined	279	32	11.5

Based on data contained in annual reports submitted to the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for the 1977-78 school year.

In Table 10 for each category the total public student enrollment reported, the number of students attending public schools meeting the criteria, and the percent of the student enrolled in public schools meeting the criteria are given.

Table 10

Students in Public Schools with School Library Media Center Programs

Level	Total student enrollment	Number of students in schools meeting criteria	Percent of students in schools meeting criteria
Senior high	387,877	371,909	95.9
Junior high/middle	159,996	142,989	89.4
Elementary/combined	594,022	240,403	40.5

Based on data contained in annual reports submitted to the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for the 1977-78 school year.

Using the same format as above Table 11 shows for private schools the total private school enrollment reported, the number of students attending private schools meeting the criteria, and the percent of the students enrolled in private schools meeting the criteria.

Table 11

Students in Private Schools with School Library Media Center Programs

Level	Total student enrollment	Number of students in schools meeting criteria	Percent of students in schools meeting criteria
Secondary	19,986	19,162	95.9
Elementary/combined	66,509	12,638	19

Based on data contained in annual reports submitted to the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for the 1977-78 school year.

Recognizing that an individual school building library media center cannot meet all the needs of the students, the 1975 school library media center standards, Media Programs, District and School, emphasized the needs for a district-wide program. Although individual school library media centers can participate directly in and benefit from some network programs and activities, other network programs and activities require a larger unit, such as provided by a district-wide program, to be effective and efficient.

For the purpose of this report, the presence or absence of a district-wide media program was determined by consultation with leaders in the school library media field. Table 12 shows for public schools in Indiana the number of school districts with district-wide media programs, the percent of school districts with district-wide media programs, the student enrollment in school districts with district-wide media programs and the percent of students in school districts with district-wide media programs.

Table 12

District-Wide School Media Programs

Districts with District-Wide School Media Programs		Students in Districts with District-Wide School Media Programs	
Number	Percent	Enrollment	Percent
21	7	369,335	32

The progress that has been made in Indiana schools in developing school library media centers in each school building can be seen by comparing the above data with earlier studies. Relevant earlier studies includes: Status of School Libraries in Indiana published in 1963 and Indiana School Librarians: A Decade of Programs published in 1974.

Resources

The resources of Indiana school library media centers includes both materials and personnel. Indiana school library media centers house a wide variety of print, audio and visual materials. They also house equipment for the use and production of materials

Table 13 shows for both public and private schools by types of media the total number of items in Indiana schools and the items per student.

Table 13

Materials in Indiana Schools

Types of material	In public schools		In private schools	
	total number	per student	total number	per student
library books	12,865,012	11.3	1,352,639	15.6
uncataloged paperbacks	708,285	.6	101,778	1.2
periodical subscriptions	69,640	.1	5,794	.1
newspaper subscriptions	3,588	.003	390	.005

Table 13 continued

Types of material	In public schools		In private schools	
	total number	per student	total number	per student
books with record or cassette	57,393	.05	4,108	.05
filmstrips - sound	480,535	.4	42,774	.5
filmstrips - silent	855,216	.8	77,638	.9
16mm films	10,848	.01	1,560	.02
8mm films - silent	30,244	.03	1,413	.02
8mm films - sound	4,164	.004	505	.006
slides (no sound)	433,398	.4	37,250	.4
sound slide sets	21,189	.02	3,716	.04
reel to reel tapes	39,278	.03	6,271	.07
cassettes	156,008	.1	16,651	.2
records	335,855	.3	51,087	.6
graphics (posters, art and study prints)	491,830	.4	39,324	.5
models and sculptures	11,763	.01	1,432	.02
games and toys	72,290	.06	13,975	.2
kits	30,419	.03	3,005	.03
globes	17,811	.02	2,185	.03
realia	10,093	.01	1,385	.02
vertical file drawers	22,772	.02	2,114	.02
maps	69,407	.06	7,467	.09
microforms	103,922	.09	3,809	.04
instructional systems materials (software)	23,806	.02	3,736	.04
transparencies	629,118	.6	76,152	.9
video tape programs	12,363	.01	1,635	.02

Based on data contained in annual reports submitted to the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for the 1977-78 school year.

Table 14 shows for both public and private schools the types and quantity of equipment available in Indiana schools.

Table 14

Equipment in Indiana Schools

Type of equipment	In public schools	In private schools
filmstrip projectors (sound)	3,124	362
filmstrip projectors (silent)	15,642	1,340
slide projectors	4,013	591
overhead projectors	21,929	1,864
16mm projectors	9,439	660
8mm projectors (silent)	1,921	100
opaque projectors	3,008	220
transparency makers	1,748	265
microform readers	667	31
microform printers	191	13
reel to reel tape recorders	7,772	677
cassette tape recorders	24,394	2,074
filmstrip previewers	15,297	748
slide previewers	1,139	164
audio tape players only	7,154	463
record players	29,070	2,962
TV-1/2" black and white video tape recorders (reel to reel)	731	56
TV-1/2" color video tape recorders (reel to reel)	119	9
TV-3/4" color video cassette recorders	237	23
TV-black and white camera	958	82
TV-color monitors	976	53
TV-black and white monitors	5,669	459

Based on data contained in annual reports submitted to the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for the 1977-78 school year.

Table 15 in categories based on qualifications given for both public and private schools the number of personnel in full time equivalents (FTE's) assigned to school library media centers.

Table 15

Personnel in School Library Media Centers

Classification	Number (in FTE's) in public school	Number (in FTE's) in private schools	Total number (in FTE's)
both school librarian and audiovisual licenses or endorsement	918.53	44.24	962.77
school librarian with license or endorsement	145.05	11.1	156.15
school librarian without license or endorsement	22.65	17.13	39.78
audiovisual person with license or endorsement	66.86	.9	67.76
audiovisual person without license or endorsement	26.56	2.9	29.46
licensed teacher/less than 9 semester hrs. in library science or audiovisual	66.03	41.18	107.21
adult clerk (under professional supervision)	988.14	26.43	1,014.57
adult clerk (no professional supervision)	123.7	23.29	146.99
trained technician	15.01	4.27	19.28

Based on data contained in annual reports submitted to the Instructional Media Division of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for the 1977-78 school year.

The National Inventory of Library Needs, 1975 (NILN) evaluated the adequacy of both the materials collections and the number of personnel available in Indiana school library media centers. For both materials and personnel a small group of indicators of adequacy were developed based on past experience, current standards in the profession and the advice and guidance of knowledgeable professionals. A stratified random sample technique was used. In interpreting this data the reader should be aware that (1) the individual state estimates in the NILN are subject to sampling errors and (2) since 1974 the number of school library media center personnel has increased. The indicators used to measure needs appears in Appendix E.

Table 16 shows as a percentage for both print and non-print materials the adequacy of materials presently available and the adequacy of the number of materials being acquired annually as compared to the "Indicator Needs" for Indiana public schools.

Table 16

Indiana Public School Library Media Centers
Adequacy of Material Collection and Acquisition

Print Collection Index[a]	Print Acquisitions Index[b]	Nonprint Collection Index[c]	Nonprint Acquisitions Index[d]
43	31	11	10

[a] Actual print collections held as a percentage of sum of "Indicated Needs" for print collection.

[b] Actual print acquisitions as a percentage of sum of "Indicated Needs" for print acquisitions.

[c] Actual nonprint collections held as a percentage of sum of "Indicated Needs" for nonprint collection.

[d] Actual nonprint acquisitions as a percentage of sum of "Indicated Needs" for nonprint acquisitions.

From Table 5.14B of the National Inventory of Library Needs-1975 published by the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, page 131.

Table 17 shows for both professional and support staff the percent of staff presently available as compared to the "Indicated Needs" for Indiana public schools.

Table 17

Indiana Public School Library Media Centers
Adequacy of Professional and Support Staff

Professional Staff Index[a]	Support Staff Index[b]
33	12

[a] Actual professional staff as a percentage of "Indicated Need" for professional staff.

[b] Actual support staff as a percentage of "Indicated Need" for support staff.

From Table 5.5B of the National Inventory of Library Needs-1975 published by the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, page 119.

Intra- and interlibrary cooperation

School library media centers in Indiana participate in a number of cooperative activities. The objectives of these cooperative activities is to provide better service to students. They include both the sharing of materials and the utilization of technology to improve library operations. In addition to cooperative arrangements within school districts, such as district film libraries, there are a number of statewide cooperative programs in which school library media centers participate. They include participation in:

Area Library Service Authorities (ALSAs)
Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority
  (INCOLSA)
Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS)

Details on the participation of school library media centers in these programs is included in the discussion of the individual programs.

ACADEMIC LIBRARIES

Academic libraries range from large institutions which collectively provide the bibliographic foundation of the nation's research effort to small schools serving only a couple hundred students. While all academic libraries serve students and faculty, to some degree, large university libraries also serve scholars and researchers. Many academic libraries have collections of unique scope and quality. Today, no individual academic library can meet all of the needs of all of its users. As a result they are sharing resources through cooperative efforts, such as interlibrary loan. Larger academic libraries lend far more volumes than they borrow.

Mission

The program of each academic library is designed to meet the unique characteristics of its parent institution. In Indiana there presently is no statewide policy regarding the establishment of and programs offered by academic libraries. The purposes and/or objectives for library programs in two-year colleges, four-year colleges and universities vary. The Association of College and Research Libraries has prepared guidelines on standards for two-year college learning resources programs, college libraries and university libraries.

The "Guidelines for Two-Year College Learning Resources Program" provide that the individual school statement of purposes and objectives include:

1. Learning Resources Programs exist to facilitate and improve learning. . .
2. Learning Resources Programs. . . are an integral part of instruction. . .
3. Learning Resources Programs provide a variety of services. . .
4. Learning Resources Programs cooperate in the development of area, regional, and state networks, consortia or systems.

The "Draft: Standards for College Libraries, 1975 Revision in the Commentary on Standard 1 provides:

> In preparing its statement of objectives, the library staff should consider the evaluation in recent decades of how roles for the American college libraries....Thus it now serves as a complementary academic capability which affords to students the opportunity to augment their classroom experience with an independent avenue for learning beyond the course offerings of the institution. Even this instructional objective of the library, however, must be conceived and formulated within the overall academic purpose of the college.

The "Draft: Standards for University Libraries" under Standard A.1:

> In order to support the instructional, research, and public service programs of the university, the services offered by a university library shall be such as to facilitate use of recorded information in all formats by all of the library's clientele.

Number and population served

All students and faculty members in Indiana colleges and universities have access to an academic library. The size and collections of Indiana academic libraries range widely based upon the programs of the parent institutions. There are both public and private two-year colleges, four-year colleges and universities in Indiana. Map 3 shows the Indiana academic libraries categorized by number of volumes.

This project has identified 63 academic libraries in Indiana. The students served by these libraries range from almost 30,000 to less than 100. Table 18 categorizes the institutions by type of institution for both public and private institutions and shows the number of institutions in each category and total student enrollment of the institutions in each category.

Table 18

Number of Academic Institutions and
Student Enrollment by Type of Institution

Type of Institution	Public		Private		Total	
	Number of institutions	Total enrollment	Number of institutions	Total enrollment	Number of institutions	Enrollment
2-yr Institutions	10	6,922	5	1,641	15	8,563
4-yr/Undergrad.	2	8,000	18	15,421	20	23,421
4-yr/Graduate	7	40,839	15	24,099	22	64,938
University	4	80,033	2	11,055	6	91,088
Totals	23	135,794	40	52,216	63	188,010

Based on data from Table 8, column 5, pages 54-56 of *Statistics of Indiana Libraries, 1977* prepared by The Indiana State Library and Table 7, columns 2-3, pages 350-351 of *Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities, Fall 1975*, published by National Center for Education Statistics. In Table 18 the following libraries are included as a part of the Indiana University library; Law Library, Bloomington, Law School Library, Indianapolis; School of Dentistry; and School of Medicine.

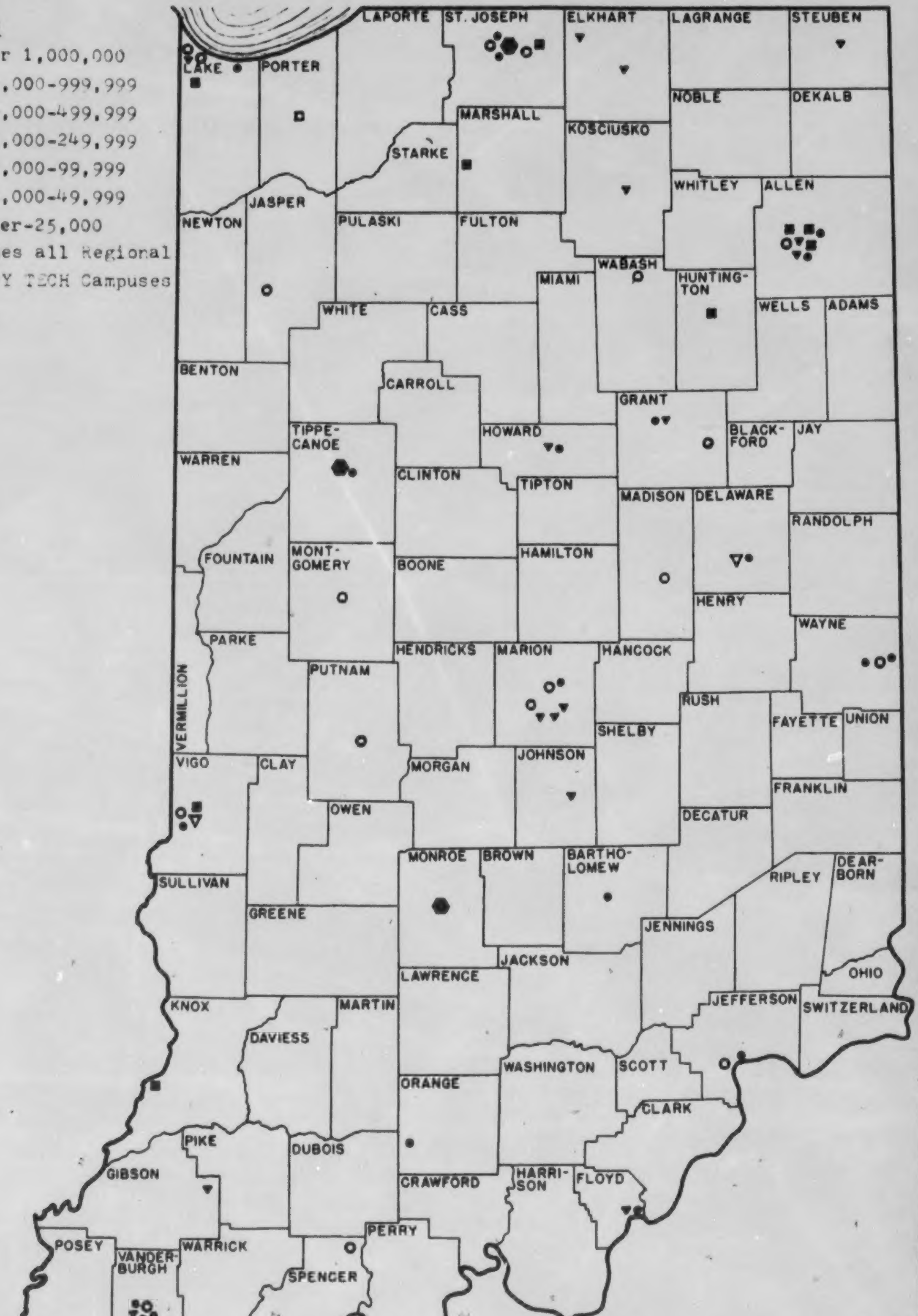
Map 3

INDIANA ACADEMIC LIBRARIES CATEGORIZED BY NUMBER OF BOUND VOLUMES

LEGEND

⬢ Over 1,000,000
▽ 500,000-999,999
▣ 250,000-499,999
○ 100,000-249,999
▼ 50,000-99,999
■ 25,000-49,999
● Under-25,000

Includes all Regional and IVY TECH Campuses



The resources of academic libraries are used not only by the students enrolled in the institutions, but by others within and outside of Indiana through interlibrary loan.

Resources

The resources of Indiana academic libraries include both materials and personnel. The materials found in academic libraries include print, microforms and audiovisual materials.

Table 19 shows the number of libraries, the total number of volumes held and the volumes per student by categories based upon collection size.

Table 19

Resources in Indiana Academic Libraries

Number of volumes	Number of libraries	Total number of volumes	Student enrollment	Volumes per student
over 1,000,000	3	5,818,888	61,154	95.2
500,000-999,999	2	1,659,473	27,087	61.3
250,000-499,999	1	305,227	4,971	61.4
100,000-249,999	18	2,924,744	56,251	60.0
50,000-99,999	16	1,270,249	25,719	49.4
25,000-49,999	8	342,651	7,050	48.6
under 25,000	15	85,106	5,778	14.7
Totals	63	12,406,338	188,010	70.0

Based on data from Table 8, columns 5, 9, pages 54-56 of Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1977 prepared by the Indiana State Library and Table 1, column 3, pages 20-21, and Table 7, column 3, pages 350-351 of Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities Fall, 1975 published by National Center for Education Statistics. Table 19 does not include data from libraries from which data was not available.

The National Inventory of Library Needs, 1975 (NILN) evaluated the adequacy of both the materials collections and the number of personnel available in Indiana academic libraries. For both materials and personnel a small group of indicators of adequacy were developed based on past experience, current standards in the profession, and the advice and guidance of knowledgeable professionals. The indicator used to measure needs appears in Appendix F.

Table 20 evaluates the adequacy of the present collections in Indiana academic libraries.

Table 20

Indiana Academic Libraries
Material Collection Needs

Collections			Cost to fill Collection Shortage	1975 Expenditures for Collections
Indicated need	Actual	Shortage		
16,840,000	14,610,000	3,660,000	35,300,000	6,800,000

From Table 6.18 of The National Inventory of Library Needs-1975 published by the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, page 187.

Table 21 evaluates the adequacy of acquisitions in Indiana academic libraries.

Table 21

Indiana Academic Libraries
Acquisition Needs

Acquisitions 1975		Indicated Need
Total	Nonprint	
783,000	125,000	913,000

From Table 6.26A of The National Inventory of Library Needs-1975 published by the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, page 198.

Table 22 shows for both the professional and supportive staffs in Indiana academic libraries the total number needed, the actual number and the shortage.

Table 22

Indiana Academic Libraries
Staffing Needs

Professional Staff			Support Staff		
Indicated	Actual	Shortage	Indicated	Actual	Shortage
666	486	191	1,354	1,179	323

From Tables 6.8A and 6.8B of The National Inventory of Library Needs-1975, published by National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, pages 168 and 171.

Intra- and interlibrary cooperation

Academic libraries in Indiana participate in a number of cooperative activities. The objectives of these cooperative activities is to provide better service to users. They include both the sharing of materials and the utilization of technology to improve library operations.

Cooperative activities between academic libraries in Indiana include:

Interlibrary loan
Reciprocal borrowing
Transportation for students and faculty to libraries
  on other campuses
State Universities Voice Only Network (SUVON)
Indiana Higher Education Telecommunications System (IHETS)

Indiana academic libraries also participate in cooperative programs with other types of libraries. They include participation in:

Area Library Services Authorities (ALSAs)
Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA)
Indiana Telecommunication Network (TWX)
Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS)

Details on the participation of academic libraries in these programs is included in the discussion of the individual programs.

SPECIAL LIBRARIES

Special libraries in Indiana vary greatly in function, size and services offered. Significant collections and a wide range of services are found in a number of Indiana special libraries. They exist to serve the interests of the organizations of which they are a part. However, Indiana special libraries, in general, appear to be quite willing to make their resources available to others.

Types and Numbers

Special libraries are found in both the public and private sectors. They include libraries in business, government agencies, medical facilities, correctional institutions, and other organizations. They vary in size from large organizations comparable to college libraries, to one person information services.

Because they are often part of another organization, it is difficult to ascertain the exact number of special libraries in Indiana. By using a number of different sources 177 special libraries have been identified. This number is slightly higher than the 164 special libraries identified by the ALSAs.

Table 23 categorizes the special libraries in Indiana by type and indicates the number of each type.

Table 23

Special Libraries in Indiana

Type	Number
Business/Commerce	56
Correctional	11
Historical/Museum/Art	15
Law	11
Medical (medical, professional, combined)	37
Medical (patient)	12
*Other	28
Serving Government Agencies	7
	177

*Other includes: foundations, associations, education, etc. Sources used to identify Indiana special libraries included: Statistics of Indiana Libraries, 1977 prepared by the Indiana State Library; a list of special libraries provided by The National Center for Education Statistics; Survey of Federal Libraries, 1972 sponsored by the National Center for Education Statistics; The COBICIL Project Final Report, 1974 prepared by Barbara Evans Markuson and published by the Indiana State Library; and the Directory of Special Libraries and Information Centers, 3rd edition, prepared by Margaret Labash Young.

Resources Available

Although Indiana special libraries represent a collection of materials in specialized subjects which are of great significance in the development of cooperative statewide library and information services network, it has been difficult to gather information on the resources available. Their collections include books, serials, technical reports, reprints, pamphlets and microforms. Information is available on the collections and staff for 94 of the special libraries in Indiana.

Table 24 categorizes Indiana special libraries by number of volumes in the collection and indicates the total number of volumes in each category for the reporting libraries.

Table 24

Collections in Indiana
Special Libraries

Volumes	Number of Libraries	Number of Volumes
under 1,000	13	7,771
1,000 - 9,999	56	194,136
10,000 - 19,999	17	284,902
20,000 - 29,999	4	100,200
30,000 - 39,999	2	65,000
40,000 - 49,999	1	40,000
over 50,000	1	130,000
Totals	94	821,509

Based on data from the Directory of Special Libraries and Information Centers, 3rd edition, edited by Margaret Labash Young; and Statistics of Indiana Libraries, 1977 prepared by the Indiana State Library.

Table 25 categorizes the Indiana special libraries by type and indicates the total professional and supported staff available for the reporting libraries in each category.

Table 25

Staff in Indiana Special Libraries

Type	No. of Libraries	Staff	
		Professional	Support
Business/Commerce	31	45	58
Correctional	0	0	0
Historical/Museum/Art	14	18	24
Law	8	7	7
Medical (professional)	20	20	28
Medical (patient)	2	2	1
Other	14	14	23
Serving Government Agencies	5	31	16

Based on data from the Directory of Special Libraries and Information Centers, 3rd. edition, edited by Margaret Labash Young; and Statistics of Indiana Libraries, 1977 prepared by the Indiana State Library.

Intra- and Interlibrary Cooperation

Special libraries in Indiana participate in a number of cooperative activities. The objectives of these cooperative activities is to provide better service to their users. They include both the sharing of materials and the utilization of technology to improve library operations. In addition to cooperative arrangements between special libraries, such as Midwest Health Science Library Network, there are a number of statewide cooperative programs in which special libraries participate. They include participation in:

Area Library Service Authorities (ALSAs)
Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA)
Indiana Telecommunication Network (TWX)
Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS)

Details on the participation of special libraries in these programs is included in the discussion of the individual program.

INDIANA STATE LIBRARY

The Indiana State Library has provided leadership in the development of statewide cooperative programs to improve library service to all Indiana citizens. These programs have involved all types of libraries (academic, public, school and special). Some of the programs initiated by the State Library are operated by them, while others are operated by independent agencies. All of them are essential components in a full-service statewide library and information services network. The Indiana State Library has a continuing leadership role in the development of a coordinated statewide network.

Background, responsibilities and organization

The Indiana State Library was established in 1825. In 1925 the Indiana Library and Historical Department was created with the State Library as one of the departments. Over the years amendments were made to the law making possible many of the current cooperative library activities initiated by the State Library.

By law the Indiana State Library has the responsibility:

> ...to provide for the individual citizens of the state those specialized library services not generally appropriate, economical or available in other libraries of the state; to encourage and support the development of the library profession; and to strengthen services of all types of publicly and privately supported special, school, academic and public libraries...

In carrying out their responsibilities the State Library is mandated to...

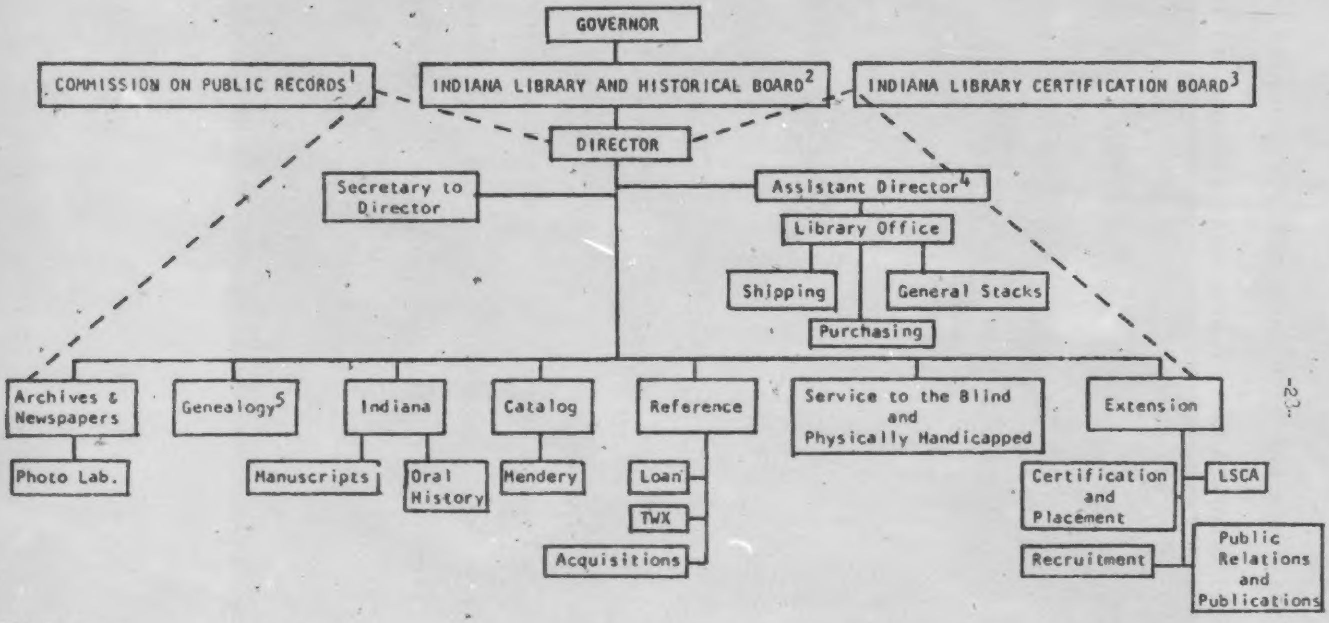
> Develop plans and programs and participate in the operation of such plans and programs which will encourage and facilitate the inter-library exchange of services, information and materials...

Final authority for the management and control of the State Library is vested in a five member Indiana Library and Historical Board appointed by the Governor. An organizational chart for the Indiana State Library appears on page 49.

Several of the divisions have responsibilities which involve them in the development and/or operation of statewide library and information services. Library service for the blind and physically handicapped citizens throughout Indiana is the responsibility of the Division for the Blind and Physically Handicapped. The Reference Division is the center for the statewide teletype inter-library loan network (TWX) and was the statewide center for the New York Times Information Data Base and the "LC Hotline" pilot telephone reference service project which provided back-up to local and regional reference services. Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) funds are administered by the Extension Division. Among the statewide programs developed with LSCA funds were: The Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA); the Area Library Service Authorities (ALSAs); the Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS); the Indiana Telecommunications Network (TWX); the Indiana Library Film Services; and Festival Films.

Table 26 shows how LSCA Title I projects in Indiana have been used to expand and strengthen local public library services and to develop statewide cooperative services.

ORGANIZATION CHART - INDIANA STATE LIBRARY



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[1] 5 members: the Governor; Secretary of State; State Examiner of State Board of Accounts; Director, Indiana Historical Bureau; and Director, Indiana State Library, who is the Secretary.

[2] 5 members appointed by the Governor, 4 of whom are on the recommendation, respectively, of the Indiana Library Association, Indiana Library Trustee Association, Indiana Historical Society, and the Indiana State Board of Education. Term of office is 4 years.

[3] 3 members: the Director, Indiana State Library, who is the Executive Secretary; and 2 members appointed by the Governor on the recommendation, respectively, of the Indiana Library Association and of the Indiana Library Trustee Association.

[4] Responsible for Personnel, Building and Equipment, Maintenance, Budget Preparation and Fiscal Administration in addition to duties as assistant to the Director.

[5] Genealogy Division contains the Darrach Memorial Library of the Indianapolis-Marion County Public Library and is maintained jointly as the Genealogy Department of that library.

Table 26

INDIANA LSCA TITLE I PROJECTS
1961-1978

Type of Project	Number
Strengthen State Library	8
Extension of Public Library Service	4
Improve Local Public Library Service	24
County-wide Public Library Service	4
Bookmobile Demonstration Projects	26
Studies of Indiana Library Needs	4
TWX Interlibrary Communications	3
Crawfordsville Book Processing Center	5
Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA)	3
Area Library Service Authorities (ALSAs)	3
Indiana Library Film Services	1
Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS)	2
Indiana Union List of Serials	1
Others	29
	117

LSCA Title III projects in Indiana have developed and supported: the Indiana Union List of Serials; the Indiana Telecommunication Network (TWX); the Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS); and the New York Times Information Data Base.

Following are descriptions of the statewide cooperative programs and services which are administered by the State Library.

Indiana Telecommunications Network (TWX)

The Indiana Telecommunication Network (TWX) began in 1965. Among its objects were to:

a. establish and operate an interlibrary communication system;
b. encourage interlibrary cooperation;
c. encourage an increase in the uses of interlibrary loans and reference service;
d. decrease the time of transaction in conventional interlibrary exchanges.

The TWX network uses both telephone and teletype. If the local public library is unable to fill a request, it telephones the request to a designated TWX center. The TWX center first attempts to fill the request from its collection. If the request cannot be filled by the TWX center, it is teletyped to the State Library. Requests which cannot be filled by the State Library are referred, usually by teletype, to other libraries. Five state universities centers in the TWX network can teletype their requests either to the other state universities, the State Library, or other libraries having teletype installations.

Member Libraries

Public library access to the TWX network is through 14 centers (13 public libraries and the State Library). There are 185 satellite public libraries with telephone access to TWX centers. There are 40 public libraries eligible, not participating. Five state university centers participate in the TWX network and five special libraries are affiliated with the TWX network. Map 4 shows the TWX network in Indiana.

Table 27 shows by type of library the number of participating libraries, population served by participating libraries and percent of total population served by participating libraries.

Table 27

INDIANA TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK (TWX)

Type of Library	Number of Participating Libraries	Population Served By Participating Libraries	Percent of Total Population Served
Academic	5	110,421*	24.8*
Public	203	4,342,091	92.1
Special	5	**	**
Indiana State Library	1	***	***

*Excludes the Indiana University School of Medicine Library
**Population served data is unavailable for special libraries in Indiana
***Population served by the Indiana State Library is included in the public library totals

Map 4

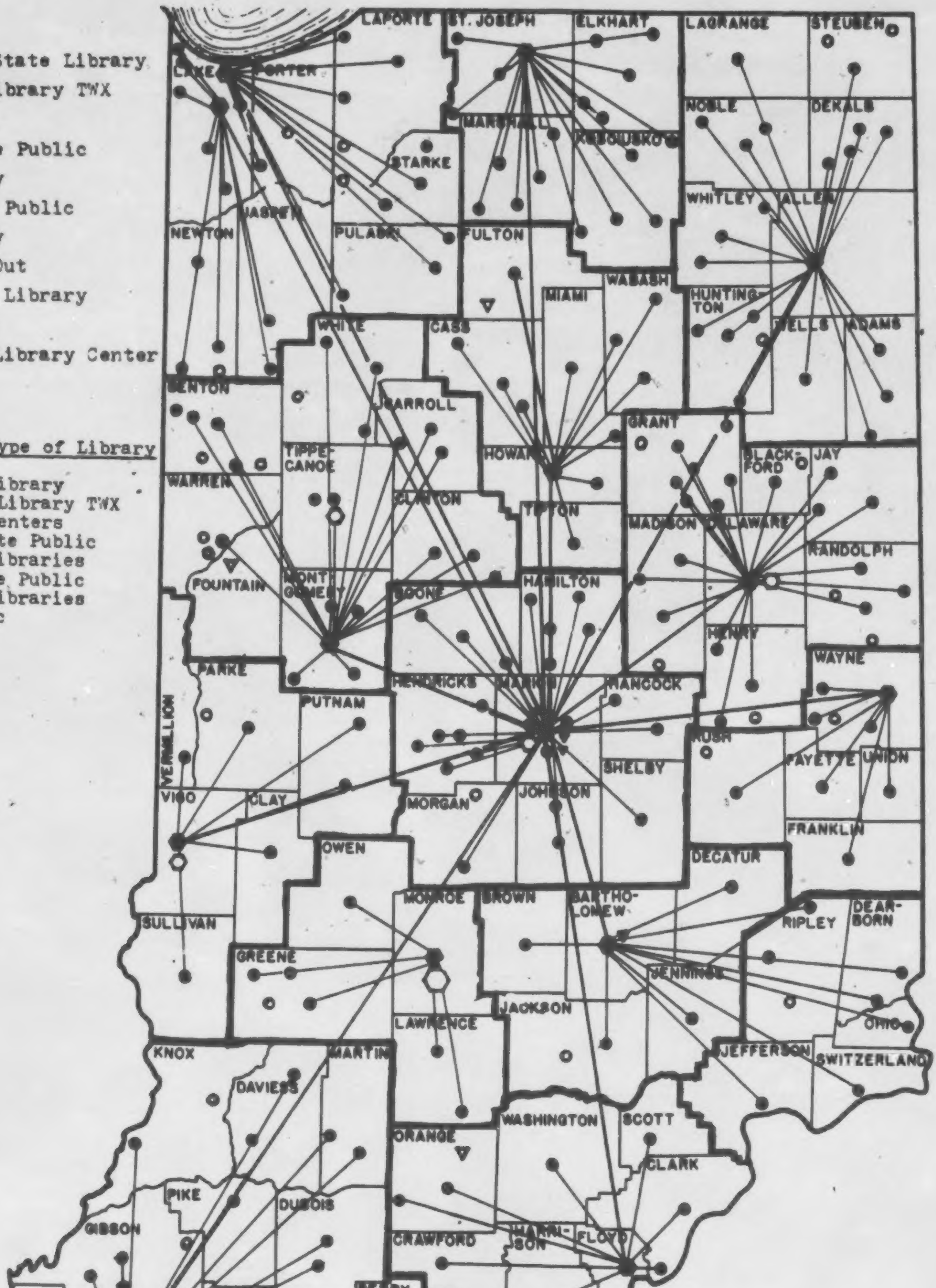
INDIANA LIBRARY TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK - TWX

LEGEND

- ■ Indiana State Library
- ⬢ Public Library TWX Center
- ● Satellite Public Library
- ○ Eligible Public Library
- ▽ Dropped Out
- ⬡ Academic Library Center
- ▼ Special Library Center

Numbers by Type of Library

	State Library
13	Public Library TWX Centers
190	Satellite Public Libraries
36	Eligible Public Libraries
5	Academic
5	Special



Utilization

Table 28 summarizes the number of requests and requests answered by the Indiana Telecommunications Network from 1974-75 through 1977-78.

Table 28

INDIANA TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORK
Summary

	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78
REQUESTS ORIGINATING IN PUBLIC LIBRARY CENTERS & SATELLITES			
Total Requests (title, reference, subj.)	30,626**	34,970***	45,520****
Total Answered	19,100 (62%)	21,160 (61%)	22,931 (50%)
Answered by Public Library Center (as first contact)	7,996 (42%)	9,114 (43%)	10,925 (52%)
Referrals:			
By Public Library Centers to Ind. State Library	13,604	13,520	13,219
By ISL Satellites to ISL	883	635	598
Total Referred to ISL	14,487	14,115	13,817
Referrals to ISL Answered:			
By ISL	5,359 (28%)	4,369 (21%)	4,151 (19%)
By Public Libraries (after referral by ISL)	3,013 (16%)	3,810 (18%)	3,882 (17%)
By 4 State Universities (after referral by ISL)	2,216 (12%)	3,097 (15%)	3,382 (15%)
By Special Libraries (after referral by ISL)	516 (3%)	770 (4%)	702 (3%)

Table 28 continued

	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78
REQUESTS ORIGINATING AT PUBLIC LIBRARY CENTERS & SATELLITES AND REFERRED DIRECTLY TO I.U. SCHOOL OF MEDICINE LIBRARY			
Total Requests	6,010	6,194	5,974
Total Answered	4,891 (81%)	4,820 (78%)	4,492 (76%)
REQUESTS ORIGINATING AT 4 STATE UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES			
Total Requests	13,244	9,786	8,806
Total Answered	7,069 (53%)	5,963 (61%)	5,279 (60%)
GRAND TOTALS:			
Requests	49,880	50,950	60,300
Answered	31,060 (62%)	31,943 (63%)	32,702 (55%)

**Six of the thirteen Public Library TWX Centers also served as the ILL/RR library in their respective areas for Area Library Services Authority members.

***Seven of the thirteen Public Library TWX Centers also served as the ILL/RR library in their respective areas for Area Library Services Authority members.

****Nine of the thirteen Public Library TWX Centers also served as the ILL/RR library in their respective areas for Area Library Services Authority members.

From Indiana State Library, Extension Division, Indiana Teletype Network: Summary, November 1978.

Financing

Since the beginning of the Indiana Telecommunication Network (TWX) LSCA funds have been used to partially cover the cost of operating the network. Both LSCA Title I and Title III funds have been used. At present the State Library uses LSCA funds to pay in-state message costs and telephone credit card costs. Out-of-state and out-of-country message costs, monthly equipment costs and service costs are paid from local and state funds. Table 29 summarizes the message and credit card costs, the total costs of the network and costs paid from LSCA funds for the network from 1975-76 through 1977-78.

Table 29

INDIANA TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK (TWX) COSTS

	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78
Message and Credit Card Costs			
In-State	27,903.74	29,476.63	35,049.28
Out-of-State	2,165.90	1,439.90	1,211.30
Out-of-Country	226.75	284.20	296.00
Total Costs	30,296.39	31,200.73	36,556.58
Cost Per Message	1.21	1.17	1.34
Total Cost of TWX Network			
Total Cost	61,533.63	74,740.19	87,850.66
Cost Per Message	2.46	2.80	3.22
Cost Paid From LSCA Funds			
Per Request	.56	.58	.59
Per Answered Request	.90	.92	1.08

Data supplied by the Indiana State Library.

Factors Affecting Utilization

Although the development of the Area Library Service Authorities has resulted in increased useage of the TWX network, a number of limitations of the TWX network in meeting the total statewide interlibrary loan needs should be noted. They include: a number of smaller libraries do not participate; satellite libraries have not availed themselves sufficiently of the service; school libraries, generally, do not participate; academic libraries, other than the main campus of the four state universities, do not participate; most special libraries do not participate; the requirement that all public library requests unfilled in the TWX center be channeled through the State Library; time required to fill requests; lack of feedback or status of requests; and continued reliance on LSCA for funding.

Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS)

The Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS) began operation in 1970 and was extensively redesigned in 1977. Operated by the Division of Research in the School of Business at Indiana University, LSCA funds for INDIRS have been provided by the Indiana State Library for public use of the system.

INDIRS includes information for the state of Indiana, each of the 92 counties, and numerous cities and multi-county areas. The INDIRS user may have access to predefined economic, planning, and health areas. It is also possible to create a unique area that includes counties of the user's.

The following list of selected information categories provides a representative overview of the data available from INDIRS.

Agriculture: crops harvested; livestock and poultry; land use in acres; value of farm land and equipment; tenure and age of farm operators.

Business: manufacturing; retail trade; services; wholesale trade.

Education: public and private school enrollments; pupil/teacher ratios; financial data.

Government: assessed value of property; government expenditures; welfare; property tax distributions.

Health: dentists; nurses; birth statistics, hospital facilities; immunizations; physicians; deaths; mental health; communicable diseases.

Housing: appliances; heating equipment anf fuel; plumbing information; housing values; water, toilet and bathing facilities.

Income: family income levels; income distribution; payroll in manufacturing; personal income by place of residence; per capita money income.

Labor Force: employed male and female labor force; annual employment by major employment divisions; monthly unemployment rates.

Law and Crime: jails; offenses; police department budgets; motorized patrols; police personnel.

Population: population density and land area; population estimates and projections; population by race and sex; commuting patterns.

Transportation: highway distances; highway deaths; county road and street mileage; means of transportation to work.

Communication with the central computer in Bloomington is over ordinary telephone lines.

Availability

INDIRS is available for uses at numerous locations throughout Indiana. In addition to being available at several university campuses and government agencies, the general public has access to the system at several public and school libraries. Map 5 shows the location of INDIRS terminals for general public use.

Table 30 shows the number of INDIRS locations.

Table 30

1978 INDIRS LOCATIONS

Location	Number
Indiana State Library	1
Public Libraries	11
School Library	1
*Academic Institutions	5
Other Organizations	5

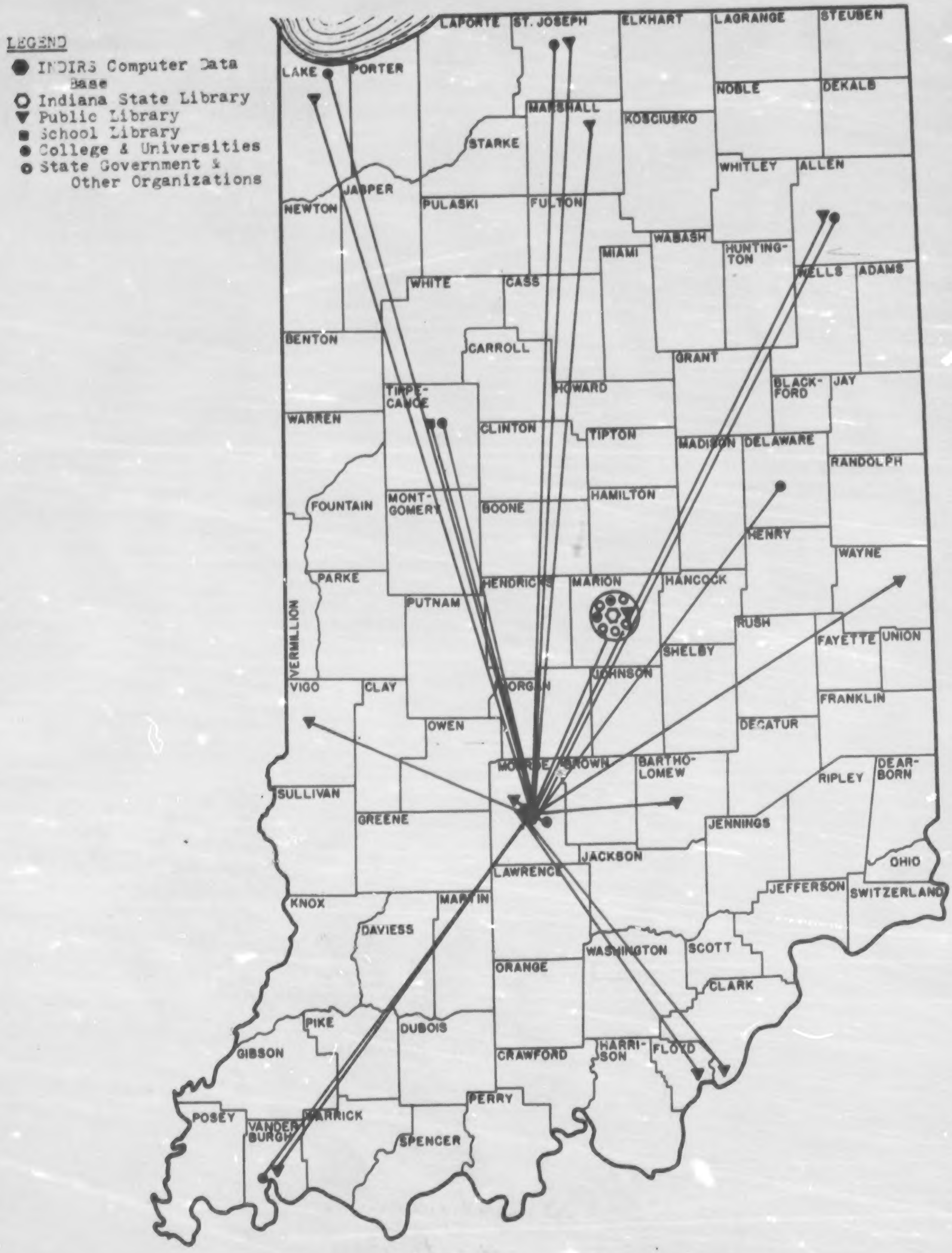
*Indiana University has terminals in the School of Business at Bloomington and Indianapolis, at six regional campuses in the School of Journalism and in the Graduate Library School.

In 1978 the Evansville Public Library and Vanderburgh County Public Library installed an INDIRS terminal.

The 11 public libraries having INDIRS terminals service a population of 1,213,516 which is 23% of the total Indiana population.

Map 5

INDIANA INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEM (INDIRS)



Utilization

INDIRS records are maintained only on transactions. There is no record kept of users, or the success or failure of the search. A transaction is defined as a user-initiated activity which may result in the successful retrieval of a table, the performances of a calculation, or the display of a register.

Table 31 shows for the 1975-76 and 1976-77 years by terminal location group the number of transactions, the percent of the total use for each year, and the percent of increase in use between the years.

Table 31

INDIRS USE

	1975-76		1976-77		Percent Increase
Locations	Trans-action	% of Total	Trans-action	% of Total	
Public & School Libraries	41,892	44.8	46,763	36.5	11.6
Indiana University	37,356	40	64,144	50	71.7
Other Users	14,255	15.2	17,386	13.5	22
Totals	93,503	100	128,293	100	37.2

Dased on data from the INDIRS Annual Report to the State Library, 1975-1976, and the INDIRS Annual Report to the State Library, 1976-1977.

Table 32 shows for the 1975-76 and 1976-77 years the number of transactions, the percent of the total use for each year and the percent of changes between the years for each public or school library terminal location.

Table 32

INDIRS USE IN PUBLIC AND SCHOOL LIBRARIES

Locations	1975-76 Transactions	% of Total	1976-77 Transactions	% of Total	Percent Change
Indiana State Library	23,732	56.7	24,383	52.1	+ 2.7
Partholomew County Public Library	1,122	2.7	1,271	2.7	+13.3
Bremen Public Library	1,352	3.2	746	1.6	-44.8
Fort Wayne and Allen County Public Library	1,672	4.0	1,755	3.8	+ 5.0
Jeffersonville Township Public Library	1,234	2.9	1,612	3.5	+30.6
Lafayette Jefferson High School	419	1.0	671	1.4	+60.1
Lake County Public Library	1,892	4.5	3,370	7.2	+78.1
Marion Public Library	2,469	5.9	1,958	4.2	-20.7
Monroe County Public Library	1,054	2.5	2,138	4.6	+102.8
Morrison-Reeves Library (Richmond)	3,261	7.8	2,685	5.7	-17.7
South Bend Public Library	628	1.5	2,027	4.3	+222.8
Vigo County Public Library	3,008	7.2	4,147	8.9	+37.9
*Vincennes Public Library	49	.1	-	-	-
Totals	41,892	100	46,763	100	+11.6

*The Vincennes Public Library withdrew from the system.

Based on data from the INDIRS Annual Report to the State Library, 1975-1976, and the INDIRS Annual Report to the State Library, 1976-1977.

Financing

Funding for the INDIRS system comes from a number of services. Because it is still in the developmental stages, no cost per transaction has been established. LSCA Title I and Title III funds have been used to support INDIRS terminals in public and school libraries with the following exceptions:

1. during the 1975-76 year LSCA funds did not support the INDIRS terminals in the Lake County Public Library and the Monroe County Public Library;
2. during the 1976-77 year LSCS funds did not support the INDIRS terminal in the Monroe County Public Library.

Factors Affecting Utilization

The development of the Area Library Services Authorities has resulted in increased useage of the INDIRS system, especially in those ALSA reference and referal centers having INDIRS terminals. The 1977 changes in the system have also increased the usefulness of it. The system is user oriented, has simplicity of operation, and has the potential for statewide access. A number of limitations exist, however, in meeting the goal for statewide access and use. They include:

1. the small number of locations (only 23% of the Indiana population has direct access to the INDIRS system through their local public library);
2. only one secondary school in Indiana has an INDIRS terminal;
3. limited availability in academic libraries;
4. lack of experience in using the system by library staff members;
5. lack of knowledge by the public of the information available in the data base;
6. continued reliances on LSCA for funding.

Service to the Blind and Physically Handicapped

The Indiana State Library, the Indiana Regional Library for the Library of Congress Division for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, provides library service to the blind and physically handicapped. Through them braille, recorded and large print materials are provided to eligible Indiana citizens. Anyone who is unable to read or use standard printed materials as a result of visual or physical limitations may receive the service free of charge.

Subregional Network

Service is provided through a network consisting of the Regional Library (located in the Division for the Blind and Physically Handicapped at the Indiana State Library) and five subregional libraries located in the public libraries of: Bartholomew County; Elkhart, Fort Wayne-Allen County; Lake County; and Evansville-Vanderburgh County.

Map 6 shows the areas served by Regional Library and each of the subregional libraries as of October 1, 1977.

Table 33 shows for the Indiana Regional and subregional libraries the estimated total population and the estimated number of persons unable to read regular print because of a visual or a physical handicap in 1976.

The Regional Library and the subregional libraries provide deposit collections of books for circulation to the residents or users of nursing homes, hospitals, public and private schools, etc.

Map 6

REGIONAL AND SUBREGIONAL LIBRARIES FOR THE BLIND AND PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

LEGEND

● Regional Library
Indiana State Library

● Subregional Library
Lake County
Elkhart
Fort Wayne
Evansville
Columbus

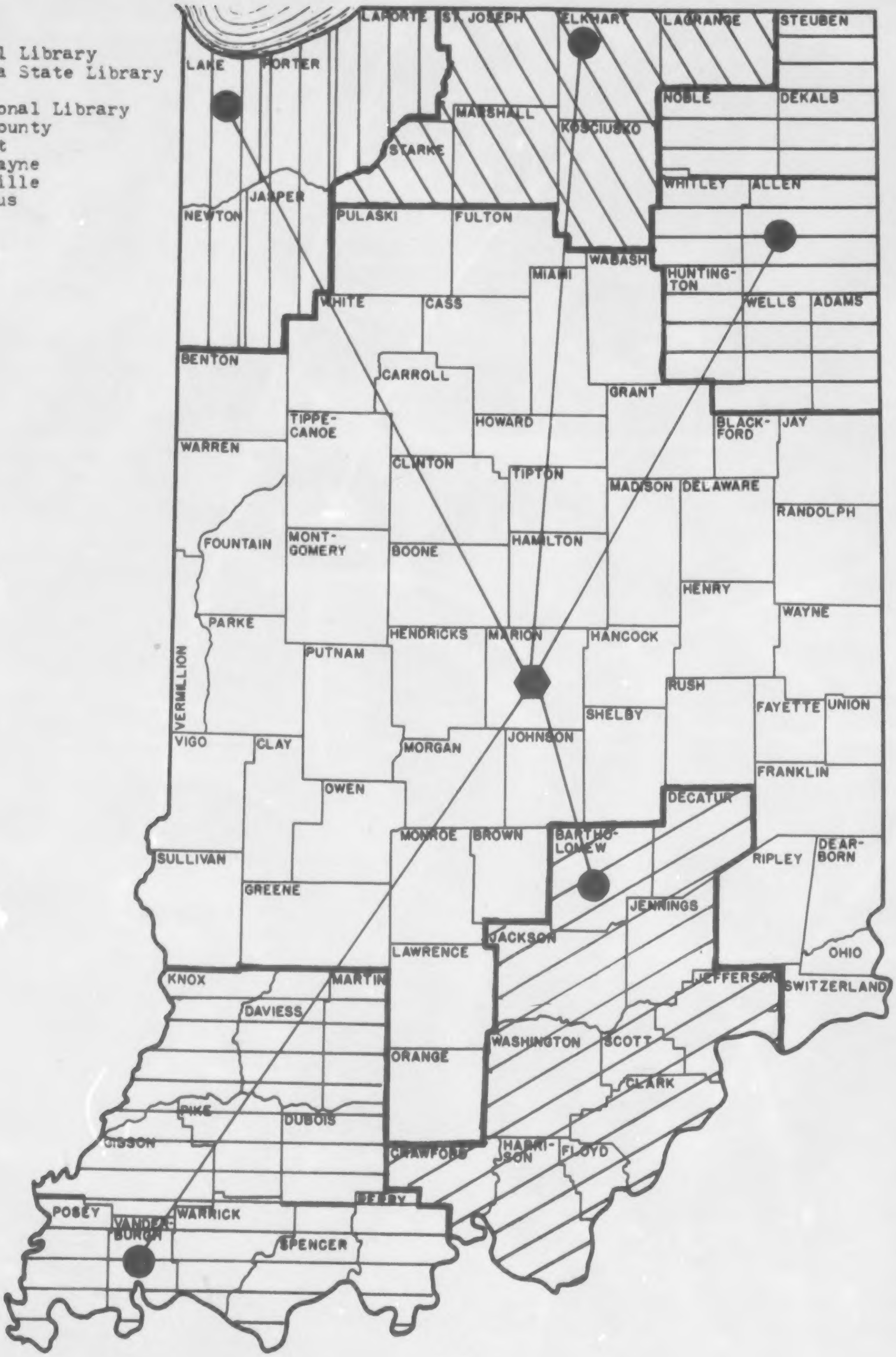


Table 33

POPULATIONS SERVED BY REGIONAL/SUBREGIONAL LIBRARIES FOR THE BLIND AND PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

Regional/Subregional	Estimated Population	Estimated Persons Unable to Read Regular Print
Lake County Public Library	785,800	11,786
Elkhart Public Library	502,200	7,531
Fort Wayne Public Library	485,500	7,280
Evansville-Vanderburgh Public Library	407,700	6,113
Bartholomew County Public LIbrary	377,900	5,666
Indiana State Library	2,742,900	41,126
Totals	5,302,000	79,502

Data from Indiana Counties and the Regional/Subregionals that serve them published by the Indiana State Library.

Utilization

Utilization of the services available to the blind and physically handicapped can be measured by number of users and circulation of materials. Table 34 shows for the Regional and Subregional libraries. The number of users and the percent of the total number of users for fiscal years 1976 and 1977 and the percent of change between the two years. Table 35 shows for the regional and subregional libraries the circulation and the percent of the total circulation for fiscal years 1976 and 1977 and the percent of change between the two years.

Table 34

TOTAL READERS SERVED BY THE REGIONAL AND SUBREGIONAL LIBRARIES FOR THE BLIND AND PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

Regional/	1975-76		1976-77		1977-78	
Subregional	Users	% of Total	Users	% of Total	Users	% of Total
Columbus	466	5.1	495	4.9	652	5.7
New Albany	518	5.7	613	6.0	*	
Vincennes	811	8.9	962	9.4	*	
Peru	570	6.2	702	6.9	*	
Ft. Wayne	1,361	14.9	972	9.5	1,017	8.9
Elkhart	1,078	11.8	1,254	12.3	1,112	9.7
Lake County	728	7.9	667	6.5	1,188	10.4
Evansville	*	*	*	*	790	6.9
DBPH	3,617	39.5	4,541	44.5	6,707	58.5
Totals	9,149	100.0	10,206	100.00	11,466	100.0

*In fiscal year 1978 the number of subregionals was reduced from seven to five, with subregionals service being eliminated at New Albany, Peru and Vincennes and added at Evansville.

Based on data provided by the Division for Blind and Physically Handicapped of the Indiana State Library.

The users totals represent individual readers served by the Regional and Subregional libraries and an estimated 10 readers for each deposit collection within each regional or subregional library.

Table 35

CIRCULATION OF THE REGIONAL AND SUBREGIONAL LIBRARIES FOR THE BLIND AND PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

Regional/	1975-76		1976-77		1977-78	
Subregional	Circulation	% of Total	Circulation	% of Total	Circulation	% of Total
Columbus	11,531	5.5	12,442	5.0	11,675	5.0
New Albany	14,291	6.9	12,913	5.1	*	
Vincennes	19,775	9.5	30,229	12.1	*	
Peru	21,713	10.4	21,748	8.7	*	
Ft. Wayne	21,753	10.5	22,135	8.8	24,715	10.6
Elkhart	28,927	13.9	28,017	11.2	23,267	10.0
Lake County	11,068	5.3	11,863	4.7	13,311	5.7
Evansville	*	*	*	*	8,817	3.8
DBPH	79,079	38.0	111,295	44.4	151,139	64.9
Totals	208,137	100.0	250,642	100.0	232,924	100.0

*In fiscal year 1978 the number of subregionals was reduced from seven to five, with subregionals service being eliminiated at New Albany, Peru and Vincennes and added at Evansville.

Based on data provided by the Division for the Blind and Physically Handicapped of the Indiana State Library. The figures do not include the direct mail magazines.

Factors Affecting Utilization

Although the Division for the Blind and Physically Handicapped actively attempts to provide libraries to all potential users, there are a number of factors which limit this service and should be noted. They include:

1. the problem of identifying potential users;
2. continued reliance on LSCA for funding; and
3. the location of materials and equipment in separate agencies.

AREA LIBRARY SERVICE AUTHORITIES (ALSAs)

The Area Library Service Authorities (ALSAs) are cooperative organizations composed of all types and sizes of libraries within one or more of the geographic areas corresponding to Indiana's 14 planning and development regions. They are an essential component in a full-service statewide library and information services network. Participation in an ALSA is entirely voluntary and in no way affects the antonomy of the individual library.

Background, Responsibilities and Organization

The first two ALSAs were organized in August of 1974 under provisions of the Library Services Authority Act of 1967 as a part of a comprehensive statewide plan developed by the Indiana State Library to improve library service in the state. Today there are 11 operating ALSAs covering 80 counties in which 88% of Indiana's population resides.

The philosophy of ALSAs development is one of coordination and better utilization of existing resources in all types of libraries and the extension of services in existing libraries. All ALSAs offer a minimum of three basic services:

1. reference referral;
2. interlibrary loan; and
3. continuing education.

Among the additional services offered by some, but not all, ALSAs are:

cooperative purchasing
film services
special collection
consultant services for children
newsletters, directories and other publications.

Each ALSA is governed by a board of directors composed of one representative from each member library. The board holds at least one meeting per year. Among the specific responsibilities of the board are:

1. election of officers and the executive committee;
2. approval of the annual budget;
3. hiring of the coordinator.

The executive committee consists of the president, vice-president/president-elect, secretary, treasurer and three directors at large. The day to day operations are the responsibility of the coordinator.

Map 7 shows for each ALSA the geographical area, operational status, headquarters and reference and referral center.

Member Libraries

Any library (academic, public, school or special) is eligible for membership in the ALSA in the area in which they are located. At present there are two areas in which ALSAs have not been organized. ALSAs areas are:

Area 1	Northwest Indiana Area Library Service Authority (NIALSA)
Area 2	Area 2 Area Library Service Authority (Area 2 ALSA)
Area 3	Tri Area Library Service Authority (TriALSA)
Area 4	Wabash Valley Area Library Service Authority (Wabash Valley ALSA)
Area 5	not organized
Area 6	Area 6 Area Library Service Authority (Area 6 ALSA)
Area 7	not organized
Area 8	Central Indiana Area Library Service Authority (CIALSA)
Area 9	Whitewater Valley Area Library Service Authority (Whitewater Valley ALSA)
Area 10	Stone Hills Area Library Service Authority (SHALSA)
Area 11 & 12	Southeastern Indiana Area Library Service Authority (SIALSA)
Area 13	Four Rivers Area Library Service Authority (Four Rivers ALSA)
Area 14	Heritage Hills Area Library Service Authority (Heritage Hills ALSA)

Table 36 shows for each ALSA the number of member libraries by type of library.

Map 7

AREA LIBRARY SERVICE AUTHORITIES (ALSAs)

LEGEND

● ALSA REFERENCE & REFERRAL CENTERS

1. Lake County Public Library
2. Mishawauka Public Library
3. Ft. Wayne Public Library
4. Crawfordsville Public Library
6. Muncie Public Library
8. Indianapolis-Marion County Public Library
9. Morrisson-Reeves Public Library
10. Monroe County Public Library

11-12. Bartholemew County Public Library

13. Evansville-Vanderburgh County Public Library
14. New Albany Public Library

▨ Merged ALSAs

▦ Inactive ALSAs

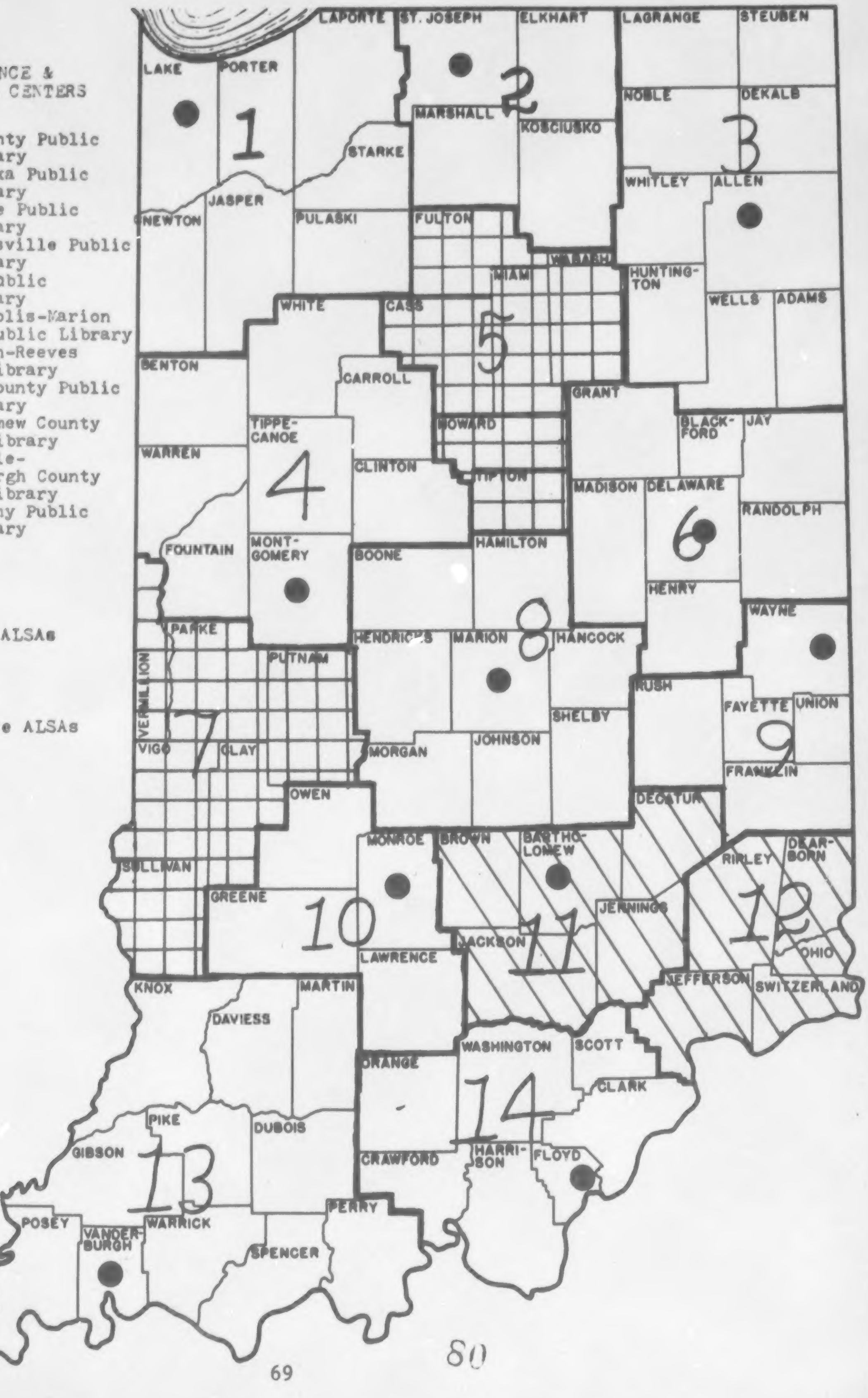


Table 36

ALSA MEMBERSHIP BY TYPE OF LIBRARY

ALSA Area	Academic Pot.	Academic Act.	Public Pot.	Public Act.	School Pot.	School Act.	Special Pot.	Special Act.	Totals Pot.	Totals Act.
Area 1	10	7	27	22	45	14	14	6	96	49
Area 2	9	8	19	16	32	11	9	6	69	41
Area 3	9	6	24	14	32	8	9	4	74	32
Area 4	2	1	28	21	27	10	4	0	61	32
Area 5	2		14		25		4		45	
Area 6	6	3	27	19	28	17	9	2	70	41
Area 7	4		9		16		8		37	
Area 8	9	9	25	19	121	19	65	28	220	75
Area 9	3	2	10	7	11	5	2	2	26	16
Area 10	2	1	8	8	17	13	7	1	34	23
Area 11-12	2	2	14	13	30	16	5	2	51	33
Area 13	8	8	24	20	29	11	20	4	81	43
Area 14	3	3	10	10	32	15	8	8	53	36
Totals	69	50	239	169	445	139	164	63	917	421

Based on data supplied by the Indiana State Library.

Table 37 shows by types of library the number of potential member libraries, the number of participating libraries and the percent of participating libraries.

Table 37

POPULATIONS SERVED BY ALSAs MEMBER LIBRARIES

Type of Library	Number of Potential Libraries	Number of Participating Libraries	Percent of Total Libraries Participating
Academic	69	50	72.5
Public	239	169	70.7
School	445	139	31.2
Special	164	63	38.4
Totals	917	421	45.9

Based on data supplied by the Indiana State Library.

Profiles for each of the ALSAs appear in Appendix G. The profiles include the following types of data: population, demographic, socio-economic, and library resources by type of library.

Utilization

ALSAs assist member libraries by providing materials or answering reference questions that cannot be provided or answered in the individual library. Each ALSA contracts for a reference and referral center to fill title and subject requests and answer reference questions. Requests which cannot be filled by the reference and referral center may be filled by another ALSA member referred to the Indiana State Library.

Table 38 summarizes for each ALSA the total number of titles requested from the reference and referral center since the inception of the program in the ALSA through September of 1977 the number of requests filled by the reference and referral center, the percent of the requests filled by the reference and referral center, the number of requests filled by other ALSA members, the percent of the requests filled by other ALSA members, the number of requests referred to the Indiana State Library and the percent of the requests referred to the Indiana State Library.

Table 38

TITLE REQUESTS BY ALSA MEMBERS

ALSA	Total Titles Requests	Filled by Center		Filled by ALSA Members		Referred to Indiana State Library	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Area 1	19,783	5,710	29.0	4,068	21.0	7,021	35.0
Area 2	4,734	887	19.0	1,838	39.0	1,437	30.0
Area 3	No data available						
Area 4	1,878	375	20.0	72	4.0	1,365	73.0
Area 5	Not organized						
Area 6	No data available						
Area 7	Not organized						
Area 8	8,342	4,675	56.0	528	6.0	1,095	13.0
Area 9	2,800	490	18.0	192	7.0	1,652	59.0
Area 10	3,451	1,266	37.0	371	11.0	1,507	44.0
Area 11-12	8,338	2,249	27.0	128	2.0	5,167	62.0
Area 13	3,740	1,590	43.0	13	.3	1,709	46.0
Area 14	244	48	20.0	25	10.0	102	42.0
Totals	53,310	17,290	32.4	7,235	13.6	21,055	39.5

Data supplied by the Extension Division of the Indiana State Library.

Table 39 summarizes for each ALSA the total number of subject requests from the references and referral center since the inception of the program in the ALSA through September of 1977, the number of the requests filled by the reference and referral center, the percent of requests filled by the reference and referral center, the number of requests filled by other ALSA members, the percent of the requests filled by other ALSA members, the number of requests referred to the Indiana State Library and the percent of the requests referred to the Indiana State Library.

Table 39

SUBJECT REQUESTS BY ALSA MEMBERS

ALSA	Total Subject Requests	Filled by Center		Filled by ALSA Members		Referred to ISL	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Area 1	2,856	2,050	72.0	245	9.0	455	16.0
Area 2	672	314	47.0	205	30.0	98	15.0
Area 3	No date available						
Area 4	229	103	45.0	5	2.0	129	56.0
Area 5	Not organized						
Area 6	No data available						
Area 7	Not organized						
Area 8	918	845	92.0	8	.8	17	2.0
Area 9	244	115	47.0	17	7.0	86	35.0
Area 10	1,062	762	72.0	115	11.0	209	20.0
Area 11-12	1,295	1,030	80.0	0	0	185	14.0
Area 13	415	362	87.0	0	0	43	10.0
Area 14	92	57	63.0	40	44.0	3	3.0
Totals	7,783	5,638	72.4	635	8.2	1,225	15.7

Data supplied by the Extension Division of the Indiana State Library.

Table 40 summarizes for each ALSA the total number of reference questions asked from the reference and referral center since the inception of the program in the ALSA through September of 1977, the number of the questions answered by the reference and referral center, the percent of questions answered by the reference and referral center, the number of questions answered by other ALSA members, the percent of questions answered by other ALSA members, the number of questions referred to the Indiana State Library and the percent of the questions referred to the Indiana State Library.

Table 40

REFERENCE QUESTION REQUESTS BY ALSA MEMBERS

ALSA	Total Reference Question Requests	Filled by Center		Filled by ALSA Member		Referred to ISL	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Area 1	559	460	82.0	10	2.0	33	6.0
Area 2	347	136	39.0	70	20.0	69	20.0
Area 3	No data available						
Area 4	225	100	44.0	3	1.0	135	60.0
Area 5	Not organized						
Area 6	No data available						
Area 7	Not organized						
Area 8	1,336	1,165	87.0	3	.2	39	3.0
Area 9	329	206	63.0	42	13.0	48	15.0
Area 10	355	204	57.0	15	4.0	126	35.0
Area 11-12	1,142	620	54.0	8	1.0	472	41.0
Area 13	536	439	82.0	3	.5	96	18.0
Area 14	171	110	64.0	31	18.0	3	2.0
Totals	5,000	3,440	68.9	185	3.7	1,021	20.4

Data supplied by the Extension Division of the Indiana State Library.

Financing

The planning development and operation of the ALSAs since the inception of the program has been almost entirely funded with LSCA money. Table 41 shows the total budgets for each ALSA from its beginning through September 30, 1977, its total administrative costs, and the percent of the total budget spent on administration.

Table 41

TOTAL BUDGETS AND ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS BY ALSA

ALSA	Total Budget	Total Administrative Costs	% of Total Budget
Area 1	$ 230,022.34	$119,176.09	52
Area 2	140,447.97	70,249.94	50
Area 3	Not Operational		
Area 4	53,288.22	Not Able to Obtain	
Area 5	Not Organized		
Area 6	68,965.00	35,790.00	52
Area 7	Not Organized		
Area 8	245,264.83	122,929.38	50
Area 9	257,194.96	111,125.73	43
Area 10	130,080.02	64,851.47	50
Area 11-12	272,572.86	136,429.90	50
Area 13	136,916.36	97,518.06	71
Area 14	66,000.00	39,945.23	61
Total	$1,600,752.56	$798,015.80	50

Data supplied by the Extension Division of the Indiana State Library.

Table 42 shows for each ALSA the total number of interlibrary loan and reference referrals, the budget for interlibrary loan and reference referral, the cost per transaction, the months in operation, the average number of transactions per month and the average number of transactions per hour.

Table 42

ILL/RR TRANSACTIONS/COST BY ALSA

ALSA	Total Trans-actions	Budget	Per Trans-actions Cost	Months in Oper-ation	Average No. Trans-action per Month	Average Number Trans./Hr.
Area 1	23,198	$68,453.74	$2.95	33	703	3.4
Area 2	5,989	52,945.31	8.84	20	299	1.0
Area 3	Not Operational					
Area 4	2,332	2,153.30	.92	16	145	.70
Area 5	Not Organized					
Area 6	ILL/RR Not Operational till September 1977					
Area 7	Not Organized					
Area 8	10,596	69,583.28+	6.57	33	321	1.5
Area 9	3,373	30,182.91	8.95	35	96	.47
Area 10	4,868	30,327.43	6.23	22.5	216	1.0
Area 11-12	10,775	73,224.76	6.80	31	348	1.7
Area 13	4,691	28,992.75	6.18	32	147	.71
Area 14	507	4,464.82	8.81	3	169	.70

+Includes 2 months in 4th year.

Data supplied by the Extension Division of the Indiana State Library.

Factors Affecting Utilization

The ALSAs have resulted in a significant increase in the number of interlibrary loan requests and reference referral questions asked. From their beginning they have included all types of libraries. To reach their potential the ALSAs need to:

1. be organized in every geographic area in the State;
2. increase the number of member libraries in existing ALSAs;
3. have a mechanism for better communication between ALSAs;
4. receive State funding.

INDIANA COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SERVICES AUTHORITY (INCOLSA)

The Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA) is a statewide cooperative composed of all types and sizes of libraries. It is an essential component in a full-service statewide library and information services network. Participation in INCOLSA is entirely voluntary and in no way affects the automony of the individual library.

Background, Responsibilities and Organization

INCOLSA was organized in June of 1974 under provision of the Library Services Authority Act of 1967 to improve library services in the state. It resulted from a feasability study of the need for a cooperative bibliographic center for Indiana libraries.

INCOLSA provides the frame work for technical cooperation between libraries in Indiana so that the benefits of new technology can be made available at reasonable costs. These new technologies include data processing, telecommunications, and computer output microforms. This cooperation will result in improved services to users, reduction of per-unit costs, more effective use of personnel, and integration into national library networks.

The objectives of INCOLSA include:

1. Providing a state-wide shared computer-based cataloging system to reduce costs. This system is contracted from OCLC, Inc.
2. Sharing of library resources through development of a statewide data base coupled with a high-speed telecommunications system so that a user in one library can rapidly identify materials held at another library.
3. Promoting support centers to allow small libraries to take advantage of new technology.

4. Providing a mechanism to reduce costs for information retrieval services so that Indiana's business, technological, research, academic, and government communities keep competitive in their fields through improved access to information.

Because of limited local resources INCOLSA has contracted with OCLC for computerized on-line bibliographic data base services. This system allows access to a data base of over 4,000,000 titles for which over 12,000,000 locations are shown. The system allows automated cataloging and production of catalog cards and new book lists as a central service and supports automated production of book labels locally. Other planned services include: automated book ordering, automated interlibrary loan, automated control of serials, and a potential access to information retrieval data bases such as legal or medical abstracting and indexing services.

On July 1, 1976 the Crawfordsville Processing Center was taken over by INCOLSA at the request of the Crawfordsville Public Library. The name was changed to the Indiana Cooperative Processing Center and later moved to INCOLSA headquarters in Indianapolis. The Center allows small libraries to participate in cooperative cataloging and to benefit from new technology. The Center provides services to small libraries throughout the state.

Major activities of INCOLSA include:

1. OCLC on-line services
    a. cataloging-operational
    b. serial control-available
    c. automated interlibrary loan-available in 1979
    d. acquisitions-in progress

2. Support cataloging services for small libraries
    a. Indiana Cooperative Processing Center at Indianapolis-operational
    b. shared use of INCOLSA terminals by special libraries-operational
    c. health science cataloging services for hospital libraries by the Indiana University School of Medicine-underway

3. Union list of serials-underway

4. Information retrieval services-exploratory
5. New communications technology-exploratory
6. Research and developing-continuing
7. Regional/national network assessment-continuing
8. National data standards-continuing

INCOLSA is governed by a board of directors composed of one representative from each member library. The board meets twice a year. Among the specific responsibilities of the board are:

1. election of the officers and executive committee;
2. approval of the annual budget;
3. hiring of the executive director.

The executive committee consists of the president, vice-president/president-elect, secretary, treasurer and three directors at large. The day to day operation are the responsibility of the executive director.

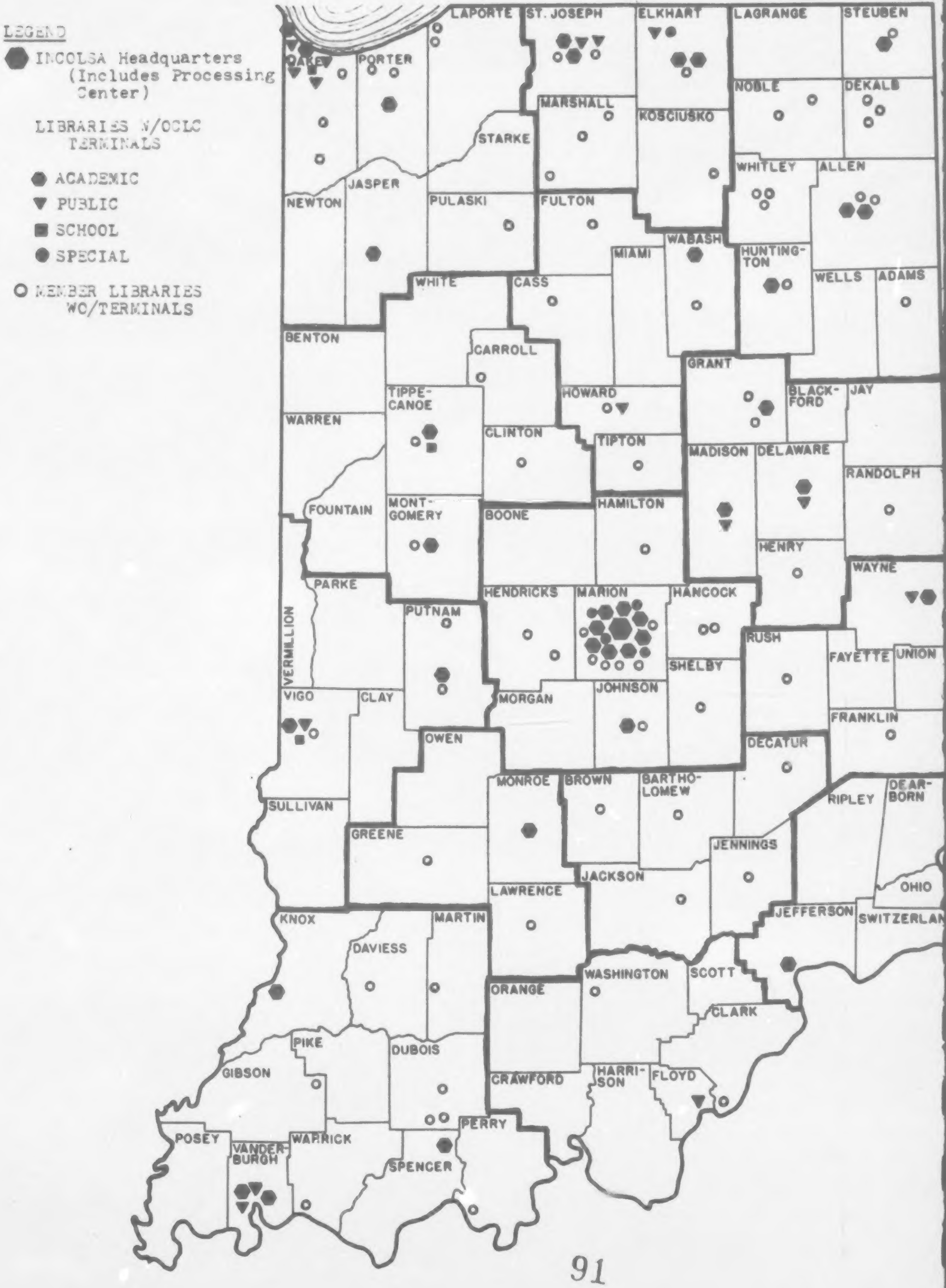
Member Libraries

Any library (academic, public, school or special) is eligible for membership in INCOLSA. Map 8 shows the location of INCOLSA member libraries and indicates which member libraries have terminals. Map 9 shows libraries using the Indiana Cooperative Processing Center.

Table 43 categorizes libraries by type and indicates for each type the number of INCOLSA members, the number of member libraries having terminals, the number of libraries served by the Indiana Central Processing Center, the population of libraries having terminals or being served by the Indiana Central Processing Center and the percent of the total state population being served by libraries having terminals or by the Indiana Central Processing Center.

Map 8

INDIANA COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SERVICES AUTHORITY (INCOLSA)



Map 9

INDIANA COOPERATIVE PROCESSING CENTER (ICP)

Located at INCOLSA Headquarters - Indianapolis

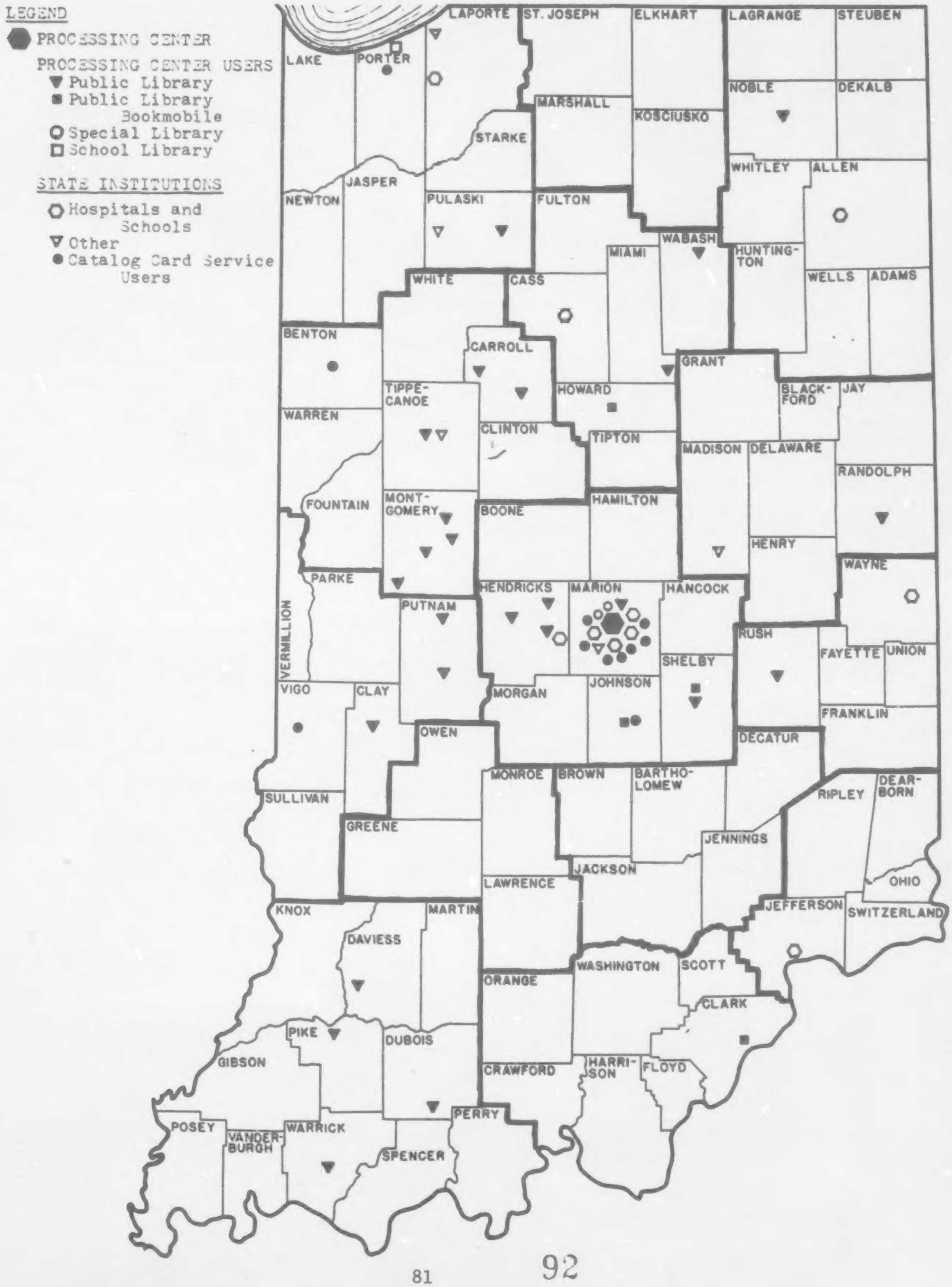


Table 43

LIBRARIES AND POPULATION SERVED BY INCOLSA

Type of Library	Number of Members	Number with Terminals	Libraries Served by ICP	Population Served by Members with Terminals & ICP	% of Total Population Served by INCOLSA Network
*Academic	36	31	1	141,234	75.1
Public	65	15	31	2,688,833	57
School	18	3	3	155,529	12.7
Special	14	3**	23	***	***
Total	133	52	58		

*INCOLSA membership for academic libraries is by system e.g. Indiana University has one membership for the Bloomington and branch campuses.
**There are an additional 4 special libraries that use a terminal at another location and are not included in this number.
***Population served data is unavailable for special libraries.

Utilization

The increased utilization of the OCLC data base by Indiana libraries is shown in Table 44 which gives for the last three fiscal years the total number of seconds added to the Indiana data base, the number of records requiring original cataloging by Indiana libraries, the percent of the total number of records added requiring original cataloging, and the total number of catalog cards produced for Indiana libraries.

Table 44

CONTRIBUTIONS TO AND USE OF OCLC DATA BASE
BY INCOLSA MEMBERS

	1975/76	1976/77	1977-78
Records Added	54,732	255,311	362,071
Original Cataloging	816	1,700*	17,786
% of Original Cataloging	1.5	.7	4.9
Catalog Cards Produced	349,380	1,933,665	2,825,243

*Estimate figures for one month were not available.
Based on data supplied by INCOLSA.

Table 45 shows the use of the INCOLSA Cooperative Processing Center for the last three fiscal years.

Table 45

ACTIVITIES OF THE INCOLSA COOPERATIVE PROCESSING CENTER

	July-Dec 1976	1977	Jan.-Nov. 1978	Totals
Full book processing	16,135	36,315	15,969	68,419
Catalog cards only			2,875	2,875
Totals	16,135	36,315	18,844	71,294

Data supplied by INCOLSA.

Financing

INCOLSA was initially funded with a Library Services and Construction Act Title I grant of $716,000. These funds were used over a period of four and one half years. The LSCA grant provided funds for: organization and administration, full support (equipment, telecommunications and maintenance changes) for terminals used to develop the Indiana data base, training and continuing education of personnel throughout Indiana, the Indiana Union List of Serials, On-Line Project and the Indiana Cooperative Processing Center. INCOLSA member libraries paid for: additional terminals (including telecommunication charges and terminal maintenance costs), first time are charges of records, and catalog cards produced by OCLC.

Sixteen private academic libraries received grants from the Kellogg Foundation for terminals and operating costs for one year.

INCOLSA has also received an additional LSCA grant for the calendar year 1979. Among the activities to be carried out are: purchase of additional terminals, additional support for small libraries through the Indiana Cooperative Processing Center and completion of the Indiana Union List of Serials On-Line project.

Several small USOE grants have also been received by INCOLSA.

Beginning on July 1, 1978 state funding was provided to support the following INCOLSA functions: administration, telecommunication and terminal maintenance charges, the Indiana Cooperative Processing Center and training of member library personnel. For fiscal year 1979 INCOLSA received $350,000 in state funds.

Factors Affecting Utilization

In its brief history INCOLSA has provided for member libraries the many benefits derived from a shared computer-based cataloging system. To reach its potential INCOLSA needs to:

1. increase the number of libraries using the technology available through it;
2. provide additional services to small libraries;
3. implement the Indiana On-Line Union Catalog; and
4. coordinate its activities with other statewide network components, such as the ALSAs.

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

The Indiana Department of Public Instruction (DPI) has an important role in the development of a statewide coordinated library and information services network. The DPI shared the responsibility for school library media program development from 1945 until 1966 with the Indiana State Library. In 1966 the position of direction of school libraries and teaching materials became the sole responsibility of the DPI. In 1968 the Division of Instructional Media was created within the DPI to offer a unified program of instructional media services.

General Responsibilities

The Indiana Department of Public Instruction through the Division of Instructional Media provides leadership in the development of unified media service programs at the local and state levels. Among the DPI's responsibilities are:

1. the development and implementation of standards, regulations and policies for library media programs in schools;
2. the development of criteria for and certification of school library media personnel;
3. the administration of federal funds, i.e. ESEA Title IVb, for school library media programs;
4. the provision of inservice education opportunities for school library media personnel;
5. the support of appropriate research; and
6. the coordination of school library media programs with other types of libraries.

Role in Statewide Library Network Development

The DPI through the Division of Instruction Media encourages statewide library network development by:

1. promoting adequate levels of service in all school library media centers;
2. promoting the application of technology to improve school library media programs;

3. providing leadership in resource sharing between types of libraries;
4. participating in the development of statewide networks, such as INCOLSA, and
5. planning and promoting the participation by school library media centers in statewide library network activities.

MIDWEST HEALTH SCIENCE LIBRARY NETWORK

The Midwest Health Science Library Network (MHSLN) is part of a nationwide information network sponsored by the National Library of Medicine. The goal of MHSLN is to help bring to health personnel information needed for patient care, medical research and education. Over 1,500 health service libraries in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota and Wisconsin participate in the network.

Any health science library in a hospital, clinic, college, food or drug manufacturing company or health planning agency may participate in MHSLN. In Indiana local health science libraries in seven areas have formed consortia. The Indiana University School of Medicine Library serves as the resource library for Indiana. Requests for information not available locally or within a consortium are referred to the School of Medicine Library. If the request cannot be filled by a MHSLN library it may be forwarded to the National Library of Medicine.

Current programs of MHSLN include:

1. interlibrary loan;
2. consortia development;
3. MEDLINE management; and
4. continuing education.

In 1977 Virginia Humnicky, then Coordinator for Health Science Libraries in Indiana, reported that the Indiana University School of Medicine Library was mailing out nearly 20,000 photocopied articles per year.

Effective utilization of health science materials in Indiana has been limited by lack of knowledge of existing resources. The MHSLN attempts to improve the situation through the continued development of health science consortia and network development.

FILM SERVICES

In Indiana films are available to libraries, educators, community groups and/or individuals from a number of sources including private companies, government agencies, universities, cooperative educational centers, and library film cooperatives. The library film cooperatives, the Indiana Library Film Service Authority, Library Flicks and Festival Film are administered by one headquarters staff.

Indiana Library Film Service Authority

The Indiana Library Film Service Authority is a cooperative organization of 35 Indiana public libraries which was formed in 1955 to make available to its members 16mm. films.

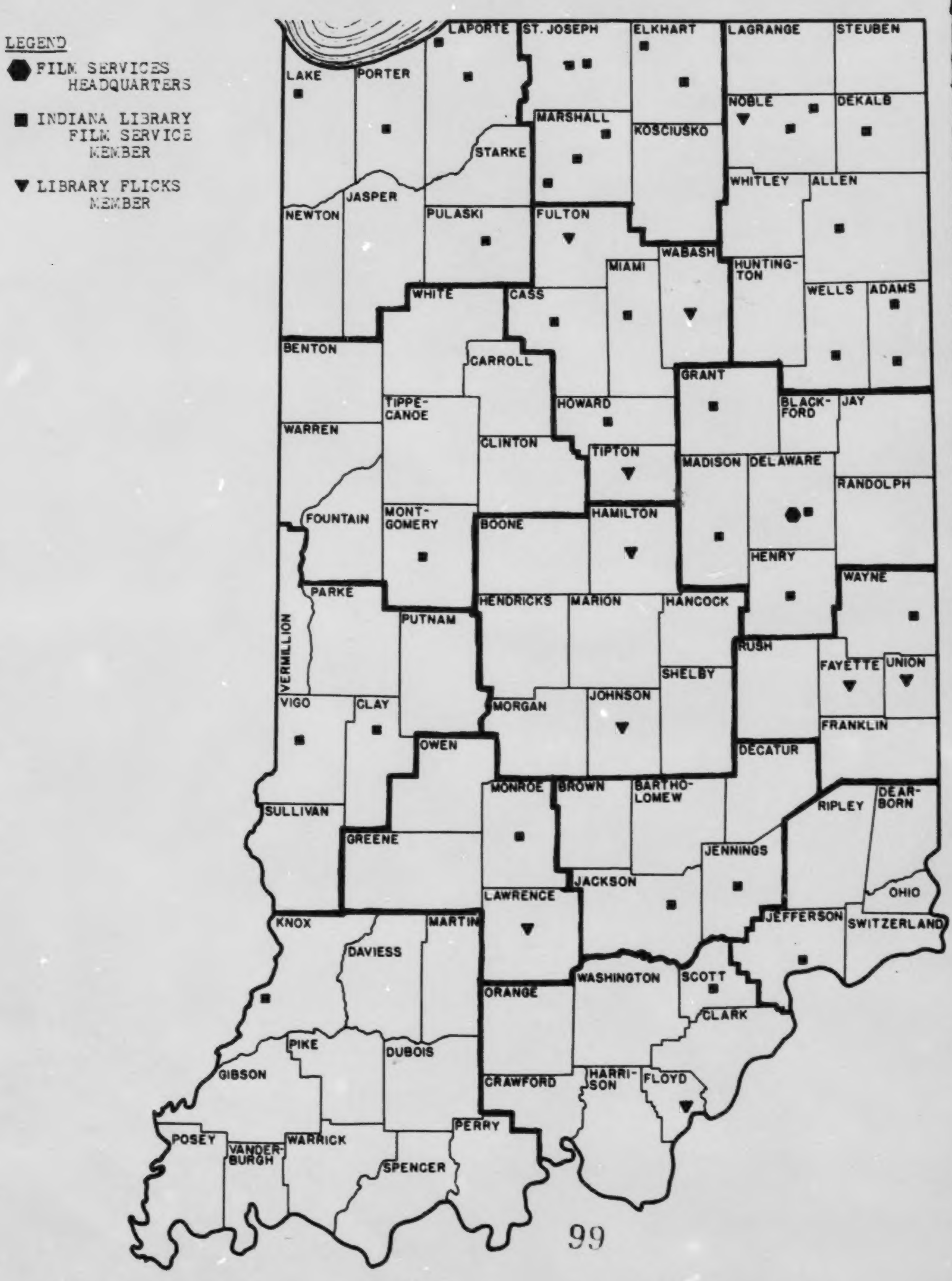
Films for the collection are selected annually by the membership. They cover many subject areas and are selected for their appeal to a wide general audience.

The present collection contains 805 films. Each member library receives 23 films on a monthly rotating schedule. During the 1976-77 year the films were shown approximately 50,000 times and viewed by almost 2,000,000 persons.

Membership is open to any public library. The location of the members of the Indiana Library Film Services Authority appears on map 10.

Map 10

INDIANA LIBRARY FILM SERVICES



The initial fee for membership is $6,000. The annual fee is on a sliding scale based on each library's tax supporting population and ranges from $700 to $1,300 per year. The Indiana Library Film Service Authority is self-supporting.

Library Flicks

Library Flicks is a cooperative organization of 10 Indiana public libraries which was formed to make available to smaller public libraries 16mm. films. Its collection of approximately 150 films are rotated monthly between member libraries.

Membership is open to any public library. The location of the members of Library Flicks appears on map 10. The initial fee is $2,000 which may be paid over a two year period. The annual fee is $1,000. Library Flicks is a self-supporting cooperative.

Festival Film

In 1971 the Festival Film project was instituted to augment the collection of the Indiana Library Film Services Authority (ILFSA) and provide films to Indiana libraries unable to join the ILFSA.

Any public or institutional library may borrow films free of charge from Festival Films. The project is supported by LSCA funds. As of June 30, 1978, 732 films were available for loan. Table 46 shows the number of libraries and institutions using the service, the number of showings and attendance, the cost for each showing, and the cost per viewed for 1976,1977 and the first half of 1978.

Table 46

FESTIVAL FILM STATISTICS

	1976	1977	First Half 1978
Public Libraries	148	151	155
Institutional Libraries	8	9	9
Showings	15,542	13,777	8,634
Attendance	602,371	497,192	230,721
Cost per Showing	2.80	2.70	2.78
Cost per Viewer	.07	.07	.10

Data supplied by the Indiana Library Film Services Authority.

Festival Film useage for the first half of 1978 showed:

53% by library and institution in house;

18% by nursing homes and senior citizen groups;

8% by schools; and

21% by community organizations.

The Consortium of University Film Centers

Indiana State University, Indiana University and Purdue University are members of the Consortium of University Film Centers. Their collections are available for use by the students and faculty members at their respective institutions at no charge. In addition the films may be rented by any agency or person in Indiana.

Their collections include:

Indiana University	16,000 titles (38,000 prints);
Indiana State University	2,000 titles (2,000 prints); and
Purdue University	3,500 titles.

COMMERCIAL DATA BASE SERVICES

A survey of INCOLSA members in 1976 found that nineteen INCOLSA members had data bases available in their libraries. In addition to INDIRS, a number of in house and commercial data bases were identified. Of those libraries having data bases nine indicated that they would provide data base services to the public. Some were willing to provide the service free, others at cost and still others for a fee. The five commercial data bases with the greatest potential for statewide cooperative network library information retrieval appear to be: Orbit from System Development Corporation; Dialog from Lockheed Missiles and Space Company; The New York Times Information Bank; MEDLINE from the National Library of Medicine; and BRS from Bibliographic Retrieval Services. There is an overlapping of data bases available from the different services.

To date only one of these has been provided for free statewide. The Indiana State Library provided The New York Times Information Bank service to the citizens of Indiana from 1975 through June of 1978. Statistics on the use and cost of the New York Times Information Bank in Indiana during this period appear in Table 47 on page 92.

With the exception of MEDLINE, information in the commercial data bases is not readily accessible at present to the citizens of Indiana.

Table 47

NEW YORK TIME INFORMATION BANK STATISTICS

	July-December 1975	January-June 1976	July-December 1976	January-June 1977	July-December 1977	GRAND TOTAL
Cost*	$ 7,622.50	$ 8,583.52	$10,533.14	$14,239.46	$18,194.84	$59,173.46+
No. of Requests	356	549	695	971	1,187	3,758
Cost/Requests	21.41	15.63	15.16	14.66	15.33	15.75
No. Filled	264	409	506	723	957	2,859
Cost/Filled Request	28.87	20.99	20.82	19.70	19.01	20.70
TOTAL REQUESTS BY SOURCE						
Public Libraries	43 (12%)	68 (12%)	64 (9%)	87 (9%)	130 (11%)	392 (10%)
Colleges and Universities	138 (39%)	249 (45%)	301 (43%)	483 (50%)	561 (47%)	1,732 (46%)
Special Libraries	26 (7%)	36 (7%)	41 (6%)	27 (3%)	38 (3%)	168 (4%)
State Government	86 (24%)	101 (18%)	53 (8%)	130 (13%)	185 (16%)	555 (15%)
Local Businesses	6 (2%)	3 (1%)	116 (17%)	92 (9%)	5 (0.4%)	222 (6%)
Walk-in Patrons	54 (15%)	81 (15%)	112 (16%)	125 (13%)	227 (19%)	599 (16%)
Other**	3 (1%)	11 (2%)	8 (1%)	27 (3%)	41 (3%)	90 (2%)

*Cost includes equipment charges, usage fee and microfiche.
+Terminal rental included through 11-77, at which time the terminal was purchased for $3,169.50.
**Includes use for demonstrations and requests from schools.

Table from Roblee, Martha. "NY Times Information Bank Provides Quick, Easy Reference," Library Occurrent, May 1978, p. 61.

ASSOCIATIONS, LIBRARY SCIENCE SCHOOLS, AND STATE AGENCIES WITH LIBRARY RESPONSIBILITIES

In addition to the existing network components discussed previously there are a number of organizations which have an interest in the development of an Indiana cooperative statewide library and information services network. They include professional organizations, library education programs and state agencies with library programs.

Indiana Library Associations

There are four statewide Indiana library associations. Although they have different objectives, they all have an interest in the improvement of library and information services to the citizens of Indiana. They frequently work together in promoting library legislation, holding joint conferences and promoting librarianship in Indiana.

The Indiana Library Association (ILA), founded in 1892, includes librarians employed in all types of libraries. From its conception to the present time, ILA has been involved in legislation concerning libraries, the expansion of library service to every person in the State, and the education and training of librarians.

The Indiana Library Trustees Association (ILTA),organized in 1910, is made up of trustees of Indiana public libraries. Its purpose is to promote library services and to educate library trustees. ILTA works closely with the Indiana Library Association and jointly employs with them a full time executive director.

The Indiana Chapter of the Special Library Association was organized in 1946. Membership includes librarians working in industry, business, government, research institutions and other organizations requiring or providing specialized information. The Indiana Chapter of the Special Library Association "encourages and promotes the utilization of knowledge through the collection, organization and dissemination of information."

The Association for Indiana Media Educators (AIME) resulted from the merger of the Indiana School Librarians Association and the Indiana Association for Educational Communications and Technology in 1978. Its membership includes school library media personnel. The purposes of AIME are "to encourage the professional growth of its members and to undertake, sponsor and promote programs for the improvement of Education in Indiana through the effective and efficient use of educational media."

The Indiana library associations have been successful recently in promoting the following legislation for the improvement of library service in Indiana:

> necessary minor revisions in the Library Services Authority Act of 1967;
>
> State funding for public libraries ($1,664,000 for the current biennium); and
>
> State funding for the Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority.

Library Science Schools

There are State supported library education programs at Ball State University, Indiana State University, Indiana University and Purdue University. They provide not only the initial training for most of the academic, public, school and special libraries in Indiana, but offer a wide variety of continuing education opportunities to practicing libraries.

Although there exists a wealth of expertise on the facilities of the various library education programs, to date the library education faculty members have not played a significant role in the development of networks in Indiana. The consenus of the faculty members of the four State schools was that they should be involved at an early stage in the development of a coordinated full service statewide library and information services network.

State Agencies with Library Responsibilities

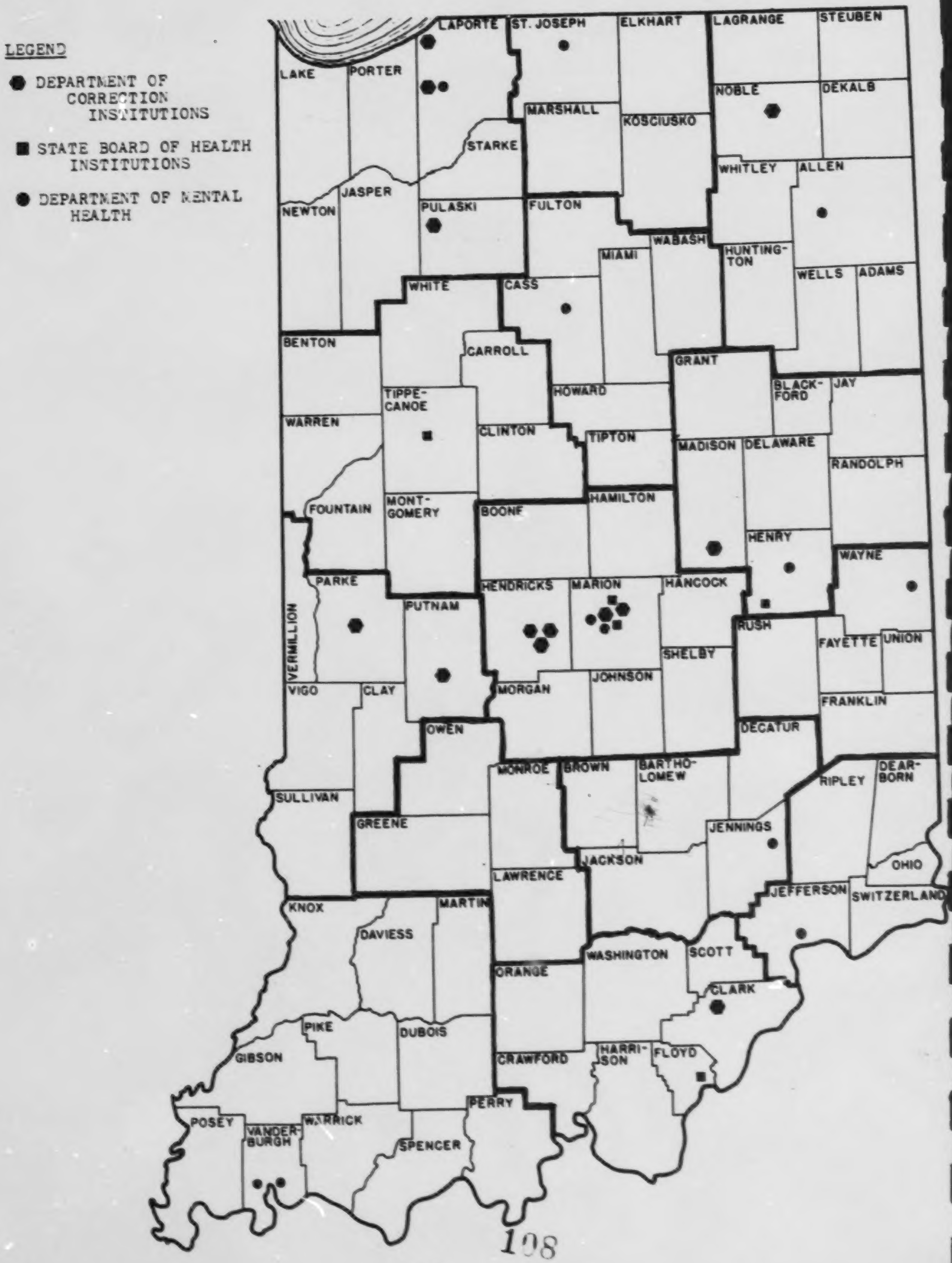
Although there are a number of State agencies, such as Commission on Aging and Aged, which have an interest in the provision of library and information services to their special constituencies, there are three State agencies which operate a number of libraries. They are: the Department of Correction, the State Board of Health and the Department of Mental Health. The resources available in these libraries and the special needs of their library users need to be considered in planning a coordinated full service statewide library and information service network.

The Indiana State Library has taken a leadership role in the developing of the libraries operated by the State agencies. Using Library Services and Construction Act funds the State Library has provided consultant services and materials.

The Indiana Department of Correction provides libraries or library services for the residents at thirteen institutions operated by them. The Indiana State Board of Health provides libraries or library services for the residents at five schools or homes operated by them. The Indiana Department of Mental Health provides patient and/or medical libraries at twelve State hospitals. Map 11 shows the locations of the libraries operated by each of these agencies.

Map 11

INDIANA STATE INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARIES



Utilization of these libraries is limited by:

insufficient agency support for library programs;
inadequate physical facilities (with few exceptions);
lack of qualified libraries (with some exceptions);
limited houses of service; and
accessibility to facilities or collections for some residents at some institutions.

These library programs could benefit significantly from participation in existing library cooperatives, such as the ALSAs, INCOLSA, etc.

OTHER RELATED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The Indiana Higher Education Telecommunication System (IHETS) and the Fact Agriculture Communications Terminal System (FACTS) have implications in the development of a coordinated full service statewide library and information services network. IHETS provides a communications capability in the form of a toll free telephone network and a closed circuit television system. FACTS will be an on-line information retrieval system providing primarily agribusiness.

Use of the IHETS systems would offer libraries the opportunity to conduct statewide meeting and conferences, continuing education programs and immediate access to a statewide network for a nominal cost.

SUMMARY

Chapter II has described the resources available in Indiana libraries, agencies responsible for statewide library network development and/or services and organizations with an interest in developing better library programs. Chapter III contains recommendations for the development of a plan for a coordinated statewide library and information service network.

CHAPTER III

ANALYSIS, RECOMMENDATIONS, STRATEGIES, AND CONCLUSIONS

Changes in society have an impact on library services. Libraries are affected by:

- new educational patterns;
- development of computer technology and automation;
- inflation and increased costs;
- competition for public funds;
- changing attitudes by citizens toward government agencies; and
- the large quantity of materials available.

An examination of Chapter II and statistics in the ALSA profiles in Appendix G gives one an appreciation for the wealth of library and information resources presently available in Indiana. The combined programs and services offered by the existing network components make up the Indiana Library and Information Services Network referred to in this chapter as The Indiana Library Network. (ILN) Although, individually, the network components and information services described are working reasonably well there is no coordinating structure presently existing which allows them to function as a coordinated, full-service statewide library and information services network. The lack of such a coordinating structure limits the accessibility to the substantial resources.

The local library is the basic unit of The Indiana Library Network. The ILN must utilize to the fullest extent practicable existing personnel, facilities, and material resources. The statewide coordinating structure for the ILN should include the necessary mechanisms to permit integration of Indiana libraries into the rapidly developing national program.

This Chapter provides an analysis of the existing library resources and network components; makes recommendations for the development of a statewide coordinating council and the strengthening of the State Library, local libraries, INCOLSA, ALSAs, and other statewide services; and suggests strategies for implementation of the recommendations.

ANALYSIS OF EXISTING INDIANA LIBRARY RESOURCES AND NETWORK COMPONENTS

Indiana's 5,000,000 residents require the information and materials available from libraries for their studies, jobs, daily life decisions and recreation. Among the types of library users are:

- children and students who need well stocked, readily accessible libraries in nearby locations with convenient hours of service;
- adults who need access to a wide variety of information most of which should be readily available in a local library unit with convenient hours of service;
- specialists who need access to technical and specialized information located in data bases and specialized collections throughout the State and nation; and
- special users, such as the blind, physically handicapped, and aged who need special materials or services, such as talking books, large print books and/or home delivery, not readily available in local library units.

Access to this information and materials should be available through their local library. The need for a variety of library services is equally great among Indiana rural and urban residents.

Present Resources

Existing Indiana library and information resources include:

Public Libraries

- service available to 4,715,953 persons or 90.8% of Indiana's total population
- 239 public libraries (with an additional 159 branches, 53 bookmobiles and 501 other outlets)
- 1,773,241 registered borrowers
- over 13,000,000 book volumes or 2.8 volumes per person served by public library service
- an estimated 236,000 nonprint materials
- an estimated 500 librarians

School Library Media Centers

- 999 public school buildings serving 67% of the public school students
- 64 private school buildings serving 37% of the private school student population with school library media center programs
- in public schools approximately 13,000,000 library books or 11 books per student
- in private schools approximately 1,400,000 library books or 16 books per student
- in public schools approximately 4,000,000 nonprint materials
- in private schools approximately 400,000 nonprint materials
- in public schools approximately 1,150 FTE licensed librarians and audiovisual persons

- in private schools approximately 74 FTE licensed librarians and audiovisual persons

Academic Libraries

- 63 academic institutions (23 public and 40 private) serving approximately 190,000 students
- approximately 13,000,000 volumes or 60 volumes per student
- approximately 490 professional librarians

Special Libraries

- 177 special libraries (in private organizations and publicly supported government agencies)
- over 800,000 volumes (in 94 reporting special libraries)
- 137 professional librarians (in 90 reporting special libraries)

Indiana State Library

- develops and supports statewide programs of library service, such as TWX, INDIRS, service to the blind and physically handicapped
- supported the development of INCOLSA and the ALSAs
- over 650,000 volumes, 40 serials and 90,000 microforms

Area Library Services Authority (ALSAs)

- 11 multi-county regional library cooperatives in 80 corporations serving 88% of Indiana's population

- membership includes 50 academic libraries, 169 public libraries, 139 school corporations and 63 special libraries
- basic services include reference referral, interlibrary loan and continuing education

Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA)

- 133 member libraries including 36 academic libraries, 65 public libraries, 18 school corporations and 14 special libraries
- 79 terminals on-line to the OCLC bibliographical data base
- over 670,000 records in the Indiana data base growing at a rate of over 400,000 records per year
- over 5,000,000 catalog cards produced since 1976
- a book processing center service for small libraries

Indiana Telecommunications Network (TWX)

- teletype terminals in 24 locations (Indiana State Library, 5 academic libraries, 13 public libraries and 5 special libraries)
- 207 participating libraries
- 32,702 or 55% of the requests for materials or information filled during 1977-78

Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS)

- 13 Indiana State Library supported (LSCA funded) locations
- includes census and business data for Indiana by county, multi-county, city and State

- over 128,000 transactions during 1976-77

Service to the Blind and Physically Handicapped

- the regional and 5 subregional libraries serve approximately 11,500 users
- over 230,000 items circulated during 1977-78

Indiana Library Film Services

- Indiana Library Film Service Authority (35 public library members, over 800 films, approximately 50,000 showings to almost 2,000,000 viewers during 1976-77)
- Library Flicks (10 public library members, 150 films)
- Festival Films (for public or institutional libraries, over 730 films, approximately 13,800 showings to almost 500,000 viewers during 1977)

Achievements

Historically, Indiana libraries have cooperated to make effective and efficient use of existing resources. The Indiana State Library has been responsible for or supported the initiation, development and financing of these statewide cooperate efforts. The major cooperative programs have always involved all types of libraries. Although the lack of a central coordinating structure has hindered the development of a coordinated statewide network, significant achievements in improving service through cooperation are evident. Fear of cooperative programs has lessened and the benefits of cooperation have become more visible. There is no evidence that cooperative programs have in any way threatened or destroyed the autonomy of local library units. New services are available as a result of cooperative programs. e.g. OCLC on-line cataloging.

Cooperative programs have resulted in a change in library funding patterns. Although originally supported with federal LSCA funds (over $2,000,000 to date), requests for State funding for proven cooperative programs has been partially successful. For example, INCOLSA is presently receiving State funds. In addition grants for the development and support of cooperative programs have been received from the United States Office of Education, the National Endowment for the Humanities and from private foundations.

Among the achievements of the ALSAs have been:

- greater cooperation between different types of libraries within a multi-county area;
- increased continuing education opportunities;
- improved service to users of all libraries, particularly small libraries;
- identification and sharing of resources within a multi-county area;
- improved interlibrary loan and reference referral requests services;
- expedited delivery of materials between libraries;
- provisions of professional assistance to the individual library;
- savings through cooperative purchases; and
- development of standardized operational procedures.

Among the achievements of INCOLSA have been:

- provision of on-line cataloging, resulting in reduced time for processing of materials;
- cataloging and processing for small libraries through the Indiana Processing Center;

- development of an Indiana bibliographic data base;
- improved interlibrary loan service;
- standardization of the bibliographic data record;
- development of an on-line Indiana union list of serials;
- an extensive program of education and training in the use of on-line terminals and machine readable formats for library materials; and
- leadership in development of cooperative library networks.

Among the achievements of INDIRS have been:

- the provision of current census and business data on-line; and
- the development of a capacity to manipulate the data in a variety of ways.

For Indiana librarians cooperative programs have provided the opportunity to:

- become involved in library planning and development beyond the local library through participation of task forces, committees, boards of directors and executive committees;
- participate in continuing education programs;
- share their special expertise with others throughout the State;
- participate in research and development; and
- use technology and resources available only through participation in a cooperative program.

Users have also benefited from the cooperative programs. Among the benefits to users have been:

- greater access to a wider variety of materials;
- faster delivery of materials; and
- improved local library services.

These achievements have been the result of the support and cooperation of a large number of individuals and organizations. The Indiana State Library has served as a catalyst for developing cooperative service programs for the citizens of Indiana. The Indiana library associations have played a large role in the passage of legislation making possible the formation of cooperative authorities.

Collectively, the existing Indiana library network components provide the development of a coordinated cooperative statewide full-service network program which will be capable of integrating with the national network at the appropriate levels.

Barriers to Cooperation and Resource Sharing

Although a good climate for cooperation and resource sharing exists in Indiana and interest in a coordinated, full-service library and information services network program is very high, there are a number of barriers to cooperative action which will have to be dealt with before such a program can be fully realized. These barriers include:

- funding is insufficient at the local level and uncertain at the State level. Frozen tax rates, coupled with rising costs and inflation have made it difficult for libraries to build and maintain adequate collections;

- uneven distribution of library resources in the State results in some areas having a wealth of resources while others lack even access to a library;
- librarians often have a negative attitude toward new technologies or lack an understanding of the future role of libraries in society;
- the expertise needed to plan, develop, and operate cooperative networks is not yet available in the library community or the extension division of the Indiana State Library;
- roles, relationships, and responsibilities of the library information and services components in a network have not been adequately defined;
- lack of knowledge of the existence and location of resources prevents cooperative sharing;
- jurisdictional disputes or conflict between types of libraries as to what types of services and materials each should provide, e.g., university and public libraries;
- lack of efficient delivery systems once material is located;
- lack of uniform standards for cataloging due to local tradition and practice;
- the absence of cooperation between the Indiana library schools in the area of continuing education;
- fear that cooperative resource sharing on reciprocal borrowing privileges (Infopass) will have an adverse effect on a library's abilities to provide

services to its primary users;

- lack of reimbursement for their services to libraries which are "net lenders";
- the dependence of the Indiana State Library on LSCA funds for supporting on-going cooperative programs;
- lack of State funding for the administration and basic services provided by the ALSAs;
- provision of services within the ALSAs which should be provided through a statewide cooperative program;
- need for a library to have membership in two or more cooperatives (e.g. ALSAs and INCOLSA) to receive the full range of cooperative services available in the State;
- promulgation of the idea that all cooperative services should be free;
- lack of a channel for input and opportunity to review priorities and projects for LSCA funding by the Indiana library community;
- perceived uncertainty of the future continued existence of cooperative agencies;
- difficulty in providing needed services to geographically remote areas;
- the substantial initial cost outlay for programs requiring computer technology;
- lack of comprehension by parts of the library community as to what a network is or does and what benefits can be realized from it;

- access to resources of special libraries conflicts with local service demands and constraints.

RECOMMENDATION

Development of a coordinated, full-service Indiana Library and Information Services Network program should be evolutionary rather than revolutionary. This report has documented the wealth of resources, material and personnel already available and upon which such a program may be built. The existing network components, however, have developed without an effective structure to coordinate their programs and services and develop long-range plans for a full-service statewide Indiana Library and Information Services Network.

Given the present level of development of these network components and recognizing their immediate problems, it seems clear that the highest priority should be given to the creation of a structure to coordinate and plan for systematic development of programs and services to meet the needs of all Indiana residents. To the extent possible this coordinating structure should be developed within existing library legislation.

Goals and Objectives

A statewide library and information network program requires: adequate local library service; a statewide coordinating structure; and a variety of statewide services. A full-service network program must include all types of libraries. Such a program results in: improved services to all users; shared access to collections and bibliographic data; coordinated collection development; and effective integration with the national program for libraries and information services.

Goal A - Improve Local Library Services

The local library should meet the needs of the user with its own resources or through access to the statewide network programs.

Objective 1.

Provide collections and services which meet, at the local level, the everyday needs of users with varying backgrounds and interests.

Objective 2.

Extend library service to all unserved areas and special user groups.

Objective 3.

Participate in regional and statewide cooperative programs.

Objective 4.

Develop larger units of service by merging smaller libraries and continued development of county or multi-county library systems.

Objective 5.

To the extent practicable meet applicable state and national standards for library personnel, collections, and facilities.

Objective 6.

Secure increased local State and federal funds for library facilities, staff, and materials.

Goal B - Organize the Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council

Create an Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council to plan for the systematic development of programs and services to meet the needs of all Indiana residents.

Objective 7.

Create a state level library coordinating council.

Objective 8.

Review and coordinate programs and services of existing network components.

Objective 9.

Recommend and coordinate development of new statewide programs and services.

Objective 10.

Provide a means for the integration of the Indiana Library Network with the national program.

Objective 11.

Provide a statewide public awareness program to make libraries more visible.

Objective 12.

Seek and coordinate funding from the State and federal governments for statewide and national services and programs.

Objective 13.

Cooperate with other appropriate organizations to promote the improvement of library and information services to Indiana residents.

Goal C - Strengthen Existing Component Services

Services and programs of existing network components should be strengthened and made accessible to all Indiana libraries.

Objective 14.

Provide a statewide in-service and continuing education program for librarians and staff.

Objective 15.

Provide State funding for regional and statewide services and programs.

Objective 16.

Provide on-line access to an Indiana bibliographical data base including the Indiana Union List of serials through INCOLSA.

Objective 17.

Provide an effective interlibrary loan system utilizing the OCLC/ILL subsystem.

Objective 18.

Provide centralized book processing and cataloging services for small libraries.

Objective 19.

Provide a comprehensive delivery system through the ALSAs.

Objective 20.

Expand the Indiana Information Retrieval System (INDIRS) to make it more accessible to users throughout the State.

Objective 21.

Expand access to film collections through the ALSAs.

Goal D - Develop New Statewide Services

Access to the full range of services and materials that should be available to users requires the development of new programs.

Objective 22.

Development of a statewide communications system to provide each library with at least telephone access to the network.

Objective 23.

Provide access to information retrieval services of commercial data bases.

Objective 24.

Provide access to library and information resources by means of a universal library card.

The following recommendations are grouped into three categories. First are recommendations regarding the Indiana Library Network. Second are recommendations regarding the four existing basic network components. (local libraries, ALSAs, INCOLSA and the Indiana State Library) Third are recommendations for specific statewide cooperative services.

The Indiana Library Network

The following recommendations provide the framework for the Indiana Library Network (ILN). Participation in the programs of the ILN is voluntary. Local libraries will retain their autonomy and authority for their own collection development and use.

RECOMMENDATION ONE

All Indiana academic, public, school, special libraries and library education programs be eligible to participate in any or all of the programs of the Indiana Library Network components.

In order to make the most effective use of existing resources, avoid duplication of effort and plan new programs, there is a need for an umbrella structure. This structure would be responsible for coordinating the programs of existing components and developing an integrated library and information services network program.

The ILN needs a formal coordinating structure to review, recommend, and coordinate statewide cooperative programs and services. This structure needs to be representative of the Indiana library community and existing network components.

RECOMMENDATION TWO

An Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council be established.

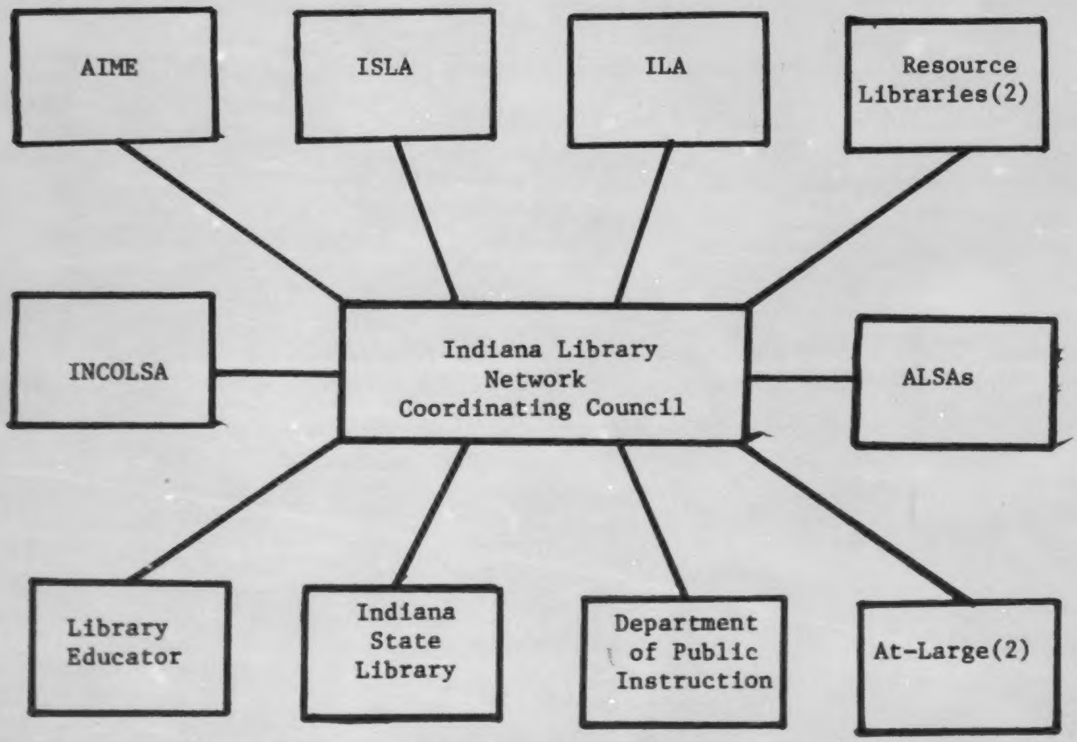
The ILN Coordinating Council would replace the ALSA Advisory Committee and the Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee.

The representation of the Indiana library community would be selected by appropriate statewide professional organizations. The representatives of the existing network components would include representatives of major resource centers.

The Coordinating Council would consist of:

- the Director of the Indiana State Library or his/her representative;
- one representative from the Division of Instructional Media of the Indiana Department of Public Instruction;
- one representative from INCOLSA;
- one representative of the ALSAs;
- one representative from each of the following professional organizations:
    - the Association for Indiana Media Educators;
    - the Indiana Chapter of the Special Library Association;and
    - the Indiana Library Association;
- one representative from library education;
- one representative from a public library serving a population of 100,00 or more;
- one representative from an academic library with a collection of 500,000 or more volumes; and
- two representatives at large elected by the other members.

THE INDIANA LIBRARY NETWORK
COORDINATING COUNCIL



Members of the Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council will be selected in the following manner:

- the director of the Indiana State Library will designate the representative for the Indiana State Library;
- the director of the Division of Instructional Media of the Department of Public Instruction will designate the representative for the Division of Instructional Media;
- the president of INCOLSA will designate the INCOLSA representative;
- the presidents of the ALSAs will designate the ALSA representative;
- the presidents of the professional organizations will designate the representatives for their respective organizations;
- the heads of the library education programs at the four State universities will designate the representative from library education;
- the directors of public libraries serving a population of 100,000 or more will designate a representative;
- the heads of the academic libraries with collections of 500,000 or more volumes will designate a representative; and
- the at large representatives will be elected by the other Coordinating Council members.

It is proposed that the members of the ILN Coordinating Council be selected for staggered terms of three years.

This structure provides for inputs at all levels and the central coordination necessary for planning, coordinating and reviewing statewide programs of service. Additional participation is accomplished through committees and task forces which would be appointed by the Coordinating Council to address specific issues, problems, and needs.

Existing Network Components

The major components of the Indiana Library Network (ILN) are: 1. the local libraries (academic, public, school, special), 2.

Area Library Service Authorities (ALSAs), 3. Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA) and 4. the Indiana State Library.

Local Libraries

All libraries are facing similar difficulties in terms of static budgets and inflation. It is universally recognized that no library can be self-sufficient and meet all the needs of its users. Resource sharing through participation in a cooperative statewide library network affords the best opportunity to increase and improve service to library users. However, participation in a cooperative library network does not relieve the individual library from its responsibility of maintaining and improving its local library service to meet the basic needs of its users.

RECOMMENDATION THREE

All local libraries participate in appropriate cooperative network programs to provide optimum service to their users.

RECOMMENDATION FOUR

Existing small libraries join together into larger units, such as county and multi-county systems, to provide a wider range and greater depth of service to users.

Area Library Service Authorities (ALSAs)

The ALSAs have experienced continuous growth both in numbers of ALSAs established and member libraries. The ALSAs have increased cooperation between types of libraries and have been responsible for improved local library service. The ALSAs are an essential component of the Indiana Library Network and need to be identified as a statewide cooperative system.

Certain problems have resulted from the original decision to establish 14 ALSAs. The requirement that each ALSA establish and maintain an administrative office and staff has resulted in a large percent of the available funds being spent for administration. In addition, some ALSAs do not have either an adequate population base or the library resources needed to provide a minimum level of service.

RECOMMENDATION FIVE

The number of ALSAs be reduced through merger to seven which coincide with the Indiana Library Association Districts.

Table 48 shows the proposed seven ALSAs and given for each the original ALSA areas, population, square miles and potential member libraries.

To date the ALSAs have been supported with Library Service and Construction Act (LSCA) funds. Funding is the most critical issue facing the survival of the ALSAs. The ALSA member libraries are unable to assume the costs of the ALSA operation.

RECOMMENDATION SIX

State funding be provided for the ALSA administrative costs, interlibrary loan and reference referral and other cooperative statewide programs.

Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA)

INCOLSA provides the technical and data base services necessary for improved and new user services. Many of the services and products required

TABLE 48

STATISTICS FOR ALSAs MERGED INTO ILA DISTRICTS

	Indiana Library Associations Districts							
Description	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	Totals
ALSA Areas	1 & 2	4 & 5	3 & 6	8	7 & 10	9, 11 & 12	13 & 14	
Population	1,257,245	482,895	965,386	1,109,882	378,619	378,829	620,813	5,193,669
% of Total Population	24.2	9.3	18.6	21.3	7.3	7.3	12.0	100.0
Square Miles	5,183	5,571	6,238	3,084	4,218	5,006	6,819	36,119
% of Total Square Miles	14.3	15.4	17.3	8.5	11.7	13.9	18.9	100.0
Potential Members	165	106	144	220	71	77	134	917
% of Total Potential Members	18.4	11.5	15.6	23.9	7.7	8.4	14.5	100.0
Actual Members	90	32*	73	75	23*	49	79	421
% of Total Actual Members	21.4	7.6	17.3	17.8	5.5	11.6	18.8	100.0
Rank								
Population	1	5	3	2	7	6	4	
Square Miles	4	3	2	7	6	5	1	
Potential Members	2	5	3	1	7	6	4	

*Actual membership not available for ALSAs 5 and 7 because they are not yet organized.

for better service to library users will depend on access to an on-line bibliographic data base of Indiana library holdings.

RECOMMENDATION SEVEN

INCOLSA establish an on-line bibliographic data base of Indiana holdings.

This on-line bibliographic data base is essential to the development of a full-service cooperative Indiana Library Network.

INCOLSA now receives State funds to support an administrative headquarters and staff, telecommunications and communications cost and some administrative costs for the Indiana Cooperative Processing Center. State funds are presently only used for proven on-going programs and services.

RECOMMENDATION EIGHT

State funding continue to be provided to INCOLSA to support the headquarters operation, on-going programs and services and to establish and maintain the on-line bibliographic data base of Indiana holdings.

Indiana State Library

The Indiana State Library has served as a catalyst in the development of cooperative library programs, such as INCOLSA and the ALSAs. Because of its administering of LSCA funds and the expertise of its staff, the Indiana State Library is an important component of the Indiana Library Network.

RECOMMENDATION NINE

State funding be provided to the Indiana State Library at a level adequate for it to discharge its legislatively mandated responsibilities for the development of cooperative statewide library services.

RECOMMENDATION TEN

Research, development and demonstration of new statewide cooperative programs and projects be supported with LSCA funds.

The Indiana State Library is mandated by law to provide to special user groups library services which cannot be met by local libraries. Coordination of the programs and services offered by the Indiana Library Network offers an opportunity for the Indiana State Library to expand these services.

RECOMMENDATION ELEVEN

The Indiana State Library continue to develop programs, seek funds, and work with responsible state agencies to expand services through the Indiana Library Network to the blind and physically handicapped, the institutionalized, the aged and aging, the unserved and other special user groups.

Statewide Cooperative Services

For the residents of Indiana to have adequate library and information services a number of statewide cooperative programs and services need to be available to local libraries. It is the responsibility of the Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council to see that these cooperative programs and services are available. Some will be provided by INCOLSA, others by the ALSAs and still others by other organizations.

Telecommunications

Critical to any cooperative service or program is a communication link between the local library and other information sources. The basic telecommunication link is the telephone which makes all components of the ILN available to the local library.

RECOMMENDATION TWELVE

A statewide telephone communication system linking all Indiana libraries be developed.

Other telecommunication systems will be useful to the ILN. For example, closed circuit television may be used for continuing education programs, for teleconferencing of ILN task forces and committees, and other programs of interest to the library community.

RECOMMENDATION THIRTEEN

The ILN Coordinating Council investigate the possibility of using the Indiana Higher Education Television System facilities for library purposes.

Interlibrary Loan

With the implementation of the OCLC Interlibrary loan system early in 1979 the present TWX interlibrary loan system will be outdated. OCLC terminals at over eighty locations in the state will be able to provide a more efficient and comprehensive interlibrary loan service.

RECOMMENDATION FOURTEEN

A statewide interlibrary loan system be developed using the OCLC interlibrary loan subsystem in place of the present TWX interlibrary loan network.

The present TWX interlibrary loan system should be phased out in a systematic manner. Consideration should be given to using federal funds, presently used to support the TWX interlibrary loan system, to implement the OCLC interlibrary loan subsystem. All ALSA reference and referral centers will need to be brought into the OCLC interlibrary loan subsystem. Special attention should be given to reimbursement for net lenders.

RECOMMENDATION FIFTEEN

The Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council develop policies, procedures, and protocol for a statewide interlibrary loan network using INCOLSA/OCLC terminals.

Reference and Referral

Statistics from the ALSA reports indicate that the larger percent of subject reference questions are answered with the local ALSA reference and referral center or among its members. The statewide telephone communications system would be used for reference and referral in place of the TWX.

Delivery Service

An effective statewide cooperative program for resource sharing requires materials be delivered in a timely and inexpensive manner. With the many delivery services presently available it may not be practical nor necessary to develop a statewide delivery service dedicated solely to the delivery of library materials. Materials may be transported by: United States mail, parcel post, UPS, bus, plane, telefacsimile. Undoubtedly, in certain geographical areas delivery by van service would be most appropriate.

RECOMMENDATION SIXTEEN

The Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council initiate a study of the most appropriate means of delivery for materials using the present transportation modes available.

Universal Library Card

A cooperative, full-service Indiana Library Network should allow the user access to the programs and services provided by the network from any library in the State. There already exists a large number of reciprocal borrowing agreements between libraries in Indiana. Some permit borrowing between institutions of the same type and others allow the use of all types of libraries within a geographic area. An Indiana Universal Library card would be a practical extension of the interlibrary loan system.

RECOMMENDATION SEVENTEEN

An Indiana Universal Library card allowing users access to materials in any library in the Indiana Library Network should be established.

Cataloging Service

Larger libraries already have the opportunity for on-line cataloging through INCOLSA terminals. Some smaller libraries are able to take advantage of the OCLC cataloging service through the Indiana Cooperative Processing Center.

RECOMMENDATION EIGHTEEN

INCOLSA be given the responsibility to make available to all Indiana libraries the cataloging service available through OCLC.

Continuing Education

At present there is no coordinated statewide continuing education program in Indiana. All libraries and library staff need the opportunity to update and expand their skills through a variety of continuing education programs.

RECOMMENDATION NINETEEN

The Indiana State Library and the Indiana Department of Public Instruction in cooperation with the faculties of the Indiana library education schools develop a statewide program for continuing and in-service educating for professional and supportive staff.

Film Services

A number of different statewide and regional film services are presently available in Indiana. The Indiana Film Service and Indiana Flicks are self-supportive cooperatives with limited membership. Festival Films, an LSCA funded project, furnishes films statewide to public libraries and institutions. Large collections of films are also found in Indiana academic institutions. Other collections are available from commercial organizations and other agencies.

RECOMMENTATION TWENTY

A study be undertaken by the ILN Coordinating Council to determine the most effective means of making films from all sources available to users in Indiana.

Commercial Data Bases

Indiana libraries of all types are individually contracting for the information and retrieval services provided by commercial films. These commercial services have become a vital and necessary tool for locating information in libraries. Contracting for these services by individual libraries is expensive. A cooperative approach to the purchase of these services would result in savings to the individual libraries.

RECOMMENDATION TWENTY-ONE

INCOLSA be the agent for the cooperative purchase of commercial information and retrieval services for Indiana libraries.

Indiana Library Associations

The Indiana library associations have played an important role in the improvement of library services in Indiana. They have been most effective in the development of and gaining legislative support for library legislation.

RECOMMENDATION TWENTY-TWO

The Indiana library associations be the vehicles for the development and presentation of library legislation programs to the Indiana General Assembly.

Library Statistics

At present the same statistical data is being gathered by several different agencies. For example, statistics on academic libraries are gathered by the Indiana State Library and the National Center for Education Statistics. Data is not always gathered in a uniform form at and for similar periods of time. This makes difficult the aggregation and analysis of library data for management and planning purposes.

RECOMMENDATION TWENTY-THREE

The Indiana State Library in Cooperation with the Indiana Department of Public Instruction be responsible for the timely gathering and reporting of statistical data on Indiana libraries.

Implementation of these recommendations would improve library and information services to all residents of the State. Further, implementation of these recommendations would provide the mechanism to effectively integrate Indiana libraries into the national program at appropriate levels.

STRATEGIES FOR IMPLEMENTATION

The Indiana Library Network (ILN) builds on the strengths of the existing network components. To effectively utilize the existing components and to expand the library and information services and programs available to Indiana residents and provide a means of integration with the national program for libraries and information services a coordinating mechanism is needed. Although some modification will be necessary for some of the existing components, the ILN cannot exist without the services and programs they provide.

Implementation of the recommendations requires consideration of organizational structure, funding, development of a time frame and alternatives.

Organizational Structure

Priority should be given to the development of the Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council. To accomplish this the Director of the Indiana State Library should convene the ILN Coordinating Council.

The Coordinating Council would: review the recommendations in the INNS report; review existing Indiana library legislation to determine if any new legislation is required; and establish a budget and sources of funding for ILN Coordinating Council.

The ILN Coordinating Council would be responsible for the development of a plan to implement the recommendation in the INNS report. Among the areas to be covered in this plan are: the development of policies, procedures and protocols for a statewide interlibrary loan and reference and referral system; establishment of a statewide telephone communication system; and establishment of a universal Indiana Library Card. Task forces will be appointed as needed by the ILN Coordinating Council to study the need for new programs and services.

For the network to be effective the local library unit needs to be of a size sufficient to provide access to the full range of network resources and services. For example, the local units need to be able to provide the bibliographic resources necessary to locate materials for users.

ALSA services and programs need to be available in all areas of the State. However, the number of ALSA administrative units needs to be reduced. Through merger the number of ALSAs should be reduced to seven. This would reduce the administrative costs to an acceptable level, permit better coordination of statewide programs, and improve resources and services available in some areas of the State.

No changes are recommended in the organizational structure of INCOLSA or the Indiana State Library.

Funding

The development of a statewide, cooperative library and information service network requires adequate funding. Some services and programs should be supported with local funds, others with State funds, and still others with federal funds.

Funds for local libraries to support the needs of their specific users should continue to be provided at the local level.

State funds for proven cooperative statewide library programs and services is essential if Indiana is to develop a library network to serve the needs of its citizens. INCOLSA is presently receiving State funding for its administrative headquarters, support of telecommunication costs and terminal maintenance. State funding to the Indiana State Library needs to be increased in order for it to provide the cooperative programs and services mandated by law. State funding is needed for the ALSAs. These funds should provide the ALSAs with monies for administrative costs and support of cooperative services and programs.

Library Services and Construction Act funds should be sought to initiate and demonstrate new cooperative statewide programs and services. Federal funds should be provided to integrate the Indiana Library Network with other state, regional and national networks.

A significant sum of money has been invested in the development of cooperative statewide library programs and services in Indiana. As a result the level of library and information services available to Indiana users has improved. Until such time as the Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council has set forth its plan a realistic estimate of costs for a full service network cannot be made.

Development of a Time Frame

Actions required for implementation of the recommendations will require the development of a PERT chart. While some actions will be sequential, others will develop concurrently. All that can be presented at this time is a broad time frame implementation schedule. This tentative implementation schedule appears on Table 49.

Table 49

INDIANA LIBRARY NETWORK IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

ACTIVITY	1ST YEAR				2ND YEAR				3RD YEAR				4TH YEAR				5TH YEAR			
Establish ILN Coordinating Council																				
Organize Council	x																			
Review INNS Report	x																			
Establish budgets	x																			
ILN Coordinating Council																				
Develop 5-year program		x	x																	
Develop ILL/RR policies, procedures and protocols		x																		
Initiate a statewide telephone communications system				x	x	x	x	x												
Investigate use of IHETS for library program							x	x	x	x										
Initiate an Indiana Universal Library Card									x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Study film service needs							x	x												
Study of delivery services							x	x												
ALSAs																				
Reduce number of ALSAs	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x							
INCOLSA																				
Implement statewide ILL/RR system			x	x																
Establish on-line data base Indiana bibliographic	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
Expand cataloging service availability	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Organize cooperative purchase of commercial data base services					x	x	x	x												
Library Associations																				
Develop library legislative programs	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Indiana State Library & Indiana Department of Public Instruction																				
Develop statewide continuing education program			x	x	x	x														
Gather library statistics							x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Alternatives

There are any number of alternatives to the development of the Indiana Library Network. Among them are:

1. Take no action at this time.

   This is a shortsighted approach leading to increased competition between existing components and ineffective utilization of resources and services. Taking this approach it would not be possible to integrate effectively with the national program.

2. A statewide library network directed by the Indiana State Library.

   The Indiana State Library does not have the resources or the staff expertise to operate such a network. A cooperative network requires the participation of member libraries in the administration. This is difficult in a network directed by a state library agency.

3. Reorganize existing components into one statewide organization.

   This does not appear to be practical at this time. It would require substantial changes in the present library law and delay development of the network.

CONCLUSIONS

There is a wealth of library and information resources presently available in Indiana. Indiana historically has led in the development of cooperative library programs and services involving all types of libraries. INCOLSA and ALSAs being two examples. Much of this progress has resulted from the leadership of the Indiana library community.

The next logical step in the development of cooperative statewide services and programs is the creation of the Indiana Library Network Coordinating Council. While there is a need for some modification to existing components, none would be eliminated.

While the national program for libraries and information services is still evolving and its final direction not yet clear, there is evidence that integration with state or regional networks will be largely technological. The Indiana Library Network provides the means for integration of Indiana with the national program.

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APPENDIX A

Excerpts from the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science *Annual Report to the President and Congress: 1975-1976* Appendix V. "Toward A National Program For Library and Information Services: Goals for Action--A Summary," pages 40-51.

Introduction

The National Commission on Libraries and Information Science proposes a National Program for Library and Information Services based on five assumptions:

> First, that the total library and information resource in the United States is a national resource which should be strengthened, organized and made available to the maximum degree possible in the public interest. This national resource is the cumulated and growing record of much of our nation's and, indeed, the world's total cultural experience--intellectual, social, technological, and spiritual.
>
> Second, that all people of the United States have the right, according to their individual needs, to realistic and convenient access to this national resource for their personal enrichment and achievement, and thereby for the progress of society.
>
> Third, that with the help of new technology and with national resolve, the disparate and discrete collections of recorded information in the United States can become, in due course, an integrated nationwide network.
>
> Fourth, that the rights and interests of authors, publishers, and other providers of information be recognized in the national program in ways that maintain their economic and competitive viability.
>
> Fifth, that legislation devised for the coherent development of library and information services will not undermine constitutionally-protected rights of personal privacy and intellectual freedom, and will preserve local, state, and regional autonomy.

In consonance with these assumptions the Commission has developed two major program objectives: (1) to strengthen or create, where needed, the human and material resources that are supportive of high quality library and information services; and (2) to join together the library and information facilities in the country, through a common pattern of organization, uniform standards, and shared communications, to form a nationwide network . . .

THE RECOMMENDED NATIONAL PROGRAM

The recommended national program is an overall structure within which current deficiencies can be corrected and future requirements addressed. It would coordinate and reinforce all Federal and state efforts to support local and specialized information services.

Program Objectives

(1) Ensure that basic library and information services are adequate to meet the needs of all local communities.

(2) Provide adequate special services to special constituencies, including the unserved.

(3) Strengthen existing statewide resources and systems.

(4) Ensure basic and continuing education for personnel essential to the implementation of the national program.

(5) Coordinate existing Federal programs of library and information service.

(6) Encourage the private sector to become an active partner in the development of the national program.

(7) Establish a locus of Federal responsibility charged with implementing the national network and coordinating the national program under the policy guidance of the National Commission. This agency should have authority to make grants and contracts and to promote standards, but must be supportive and coordinative rather than authoritarian and regulatory.

(8) Plan, develop and implement a nationwide network of library and information service.

Meeting the above eight priority objectives constitutes the sum of the Commission's proposed program. In some instances, existing programs would be strengthened or reoriented. In other cases, the Commission would initiate new programs, such as the nationwide network. Only by the melding of present and future cooperative systems into a national structure can the rich resources of this nation be full exploited . . .

THE NATIONWIDE NETWORK CONCEPT

Organizational Relationships and Supporting Responsibilities

In addition to the Executive Branch of the Federal Government, key components of the national program are the fifty states, the Library of Congress, and the private sector. Each of the levels in the nationwide program should bear its share of the total financial burden.

Responsibilities of State Governments

The Federal Government would fund those aspects of the network which support national objectives and stimulate statewide and multi-state library development. The state governments would accept the major share of the cost of coordinating and supporting the intra-state components of the network, as well as part of the cost of participating in multi-state planning. The states could participate most helfully by enacting or updating library legislation and by establishing or strengthening state library agencies to administer state programs in the context of the national program.

Some of the advantages that would accrue to a state from its participation in a nationwide network are: (1) more information for its residents than it could possibly afford to amass through its own capital investment; (2) reduced inter-state telecommunication costs; (3) access to computer software, data bases and technical equipment; (4) compatibility with national programs; (5) matching funding for bringing state and local resources up to acceptable standards; (6) matching funding to initiate network operations; and (7) the ability to invest mainly in immediate state and local needs while relying upon the national network for specialized material and services . . .

Proposed Legislation

Future legislation will have as its objective the nationwide network and will: (1) outline the role of the Federal Government, the national libraries, and the states; (2) specify the functions that should be performed centrally; (3) establish the basis for appropriate Federal-state and state-local matching funding; (4) establish a locus of Federal responsibility for implementing the policies and programs of the National Commission; (5) provide a framework for private sector participation; and (6) safeguard privacy, confidentiality, and freedom of expression.

Funding

Since 1956, with the passage of the Library Services Act, the Federal Government has provided funds for new services, library training and research, new building construction, aid to special groups, and interlibrary cooperation. In 1973 the Administration recommended the substitution of revenue sharing for categorical Federal grant programs. The preponderance of testimony to the Commission says that revenue sharing is not working for libraries. Recent actions by Congress have restored appropriations for many categorical aid programs, but, despite the proposed Library Partnership Act, the threat of discontinuance of those programs persists. Meanwhile, the Commission believes that the American public has not only accepted the principle of Federal funding for libraries, but has also equated it with Federal responsibility for education . . .

CONCLUSION

The Commission believes that the country's library and information services are not yet organized to meet the needs of the Nation as a whole.

The Nation must change direction by treating recorded knowledge as a national resource for the benefit of all people and the national welfare. The necessary changes in manpower development, in the application of technology, in Federal and state investment policy, in cooperative, interjurisdictional arrangements and in forms and styles of services will come about gradually; but the Commission is satisfied that the library and information communities are now prepared to work together in creating the strongest possible information services for the country. It urges the American people, through Federal, state, and local governments, and public and private institutions, to support a nationwide program of library and information service as a high-priority national goal.

APPENDIX B

Persons Consulted, Meetings and Conferences Attended

1976

September 23	Administrators of Large Public Libraries in Indiana - (ADOLPLI), Lake Monroe, Indiana
September 24	Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee (ICLP), State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana
September 29 - October 1	Pittsburgh Conference, "Resource-sharing in Libraries," Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
October 7-8	Cunningham Memorial Library, Indiana State University Conference, "No-Growth Budget: Implications for Academic Libraries," Terre Haute, Indiana
October 14-15	Panel member for "Automation for Libraries," a conference sponsored by the Alabama Library Association, Alabama Public Library Service, and Montgomery City-County Public Library, Montgomery, Alabama
October 19	Jeffersonville Public Library Board of Trustees, Jeffersonville, Indiana
October 22	Panel member on U.S.O.E. funded project titled "A Study of Library Cooperative Networks, and Demonstration Projects financed by LSCA Title III and HEA IIB" directed by Applied Management Sciences, Silver Springs, Maryland.
November 18	Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee, State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana
November 30	Mr. John Rave, Project Manager, Indiana Census Users Service Project (ICUSP), Indianapolis, Indiana
November 30	INNS Project Advisory Committee, State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana
December 13	Miss Marcelle Foote, Miss Abbee Heitger, and Miss Jean Jose, State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana
December 30	Miss Marcelle Foote, Miss Abbee Heitger, and Miss Jean Jose, Indiana State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana

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January 11		Miss Marcelle Foote, Miss Abbee Heitger, and Miss Jean Jose, State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana
January 24		Mrs. Barbara Markuson, Executive Director, Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA), Indianapolis, Indiana
January 26		Indiana State Library - Miss Marcelle Foote and Heads of State Library Divisions
February 1		Miss Polly Coe, Coordinator, ALSA 10, Bedford, Indiana
February 2		Mr. John Medcraft, Coordinator, ALSA 13, Oakland City, Indiana
February 3		Mrs. Christa Gimbel, Coordinator, ALSA 14, Mr. Roger Whaley, President ALSA 14, Mrs. Sheryl Yoder, Director of Jeffersonville Public Library, New Albany, Indiana
February 4		Mr. Donald Johnson, President, ALSA 11-12, Madison Indiana
February 7		Mrs. Virginia Humnicky, Coordinator of Indiana Health Science Network, Indianapolis, Indiana
February 8	a.m.	Mrs. Sue Cady, Executive Secretary of Indiana Library Association/Indiana Library Trustees Association and Mrs. Faye Hagner, Coordinator of ALSAs, Indianapolis, Indiana
February 8	p.m.	Mr. Phil Hamilton, Director of Kokomo Public Library and Chairman of ALSA 8; Mr. Bill D'Mahoney, Board of Trustees, Marge Peterson, Assistant Director, and Mr. Leonard Felkey, Head of Adult Reader's Services, Kokomo Public Library; Miss Linda Robertson, Director of Wabash Public Library; Mr. Charles Wagner, Director of Peru Public Library. Meeting held in Kohomo, Indiana
February 9		Mrs. Suzzane Kieffer, Director of Indiana Library Film Service, Muncie, Indiana.
February 10	a.m.	Mrs. Linda Schultz, Director of Avion Public Library and 4-County group of librarians (22), Avilla, Indiana.
February 10	p.m.	Mrs. Jacqueline Morris, Chairman and Mr. Ted Hunsberger, Vice-Chairman of ALSA 3 Planning Commission, Fort Wayne, Indiana

February 11	a.m.Mr. Dave Bucore, Director of Anderson Public Library and Chairman of ALSA 6, Anderson, Indiana
February 11	p.m.INCOLSA Union List of Serials Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
February 15	Miss Judy Greeson, Coordinator of ALSA 4, Mrs. Mary Bishop, Director of Crawfordsville Public Library, and Mr. Don Thompson, Director of Wabash College Library and President of ALSA 4, Crawfordsville, Indiana
February 16	Mr. Ed Howard, Director of Vigo County Public Library, Mrs. Betty Martin, Chairperson of ALSA 7, and Mr. Larry Reck, ISU Professor, Terre Haute, Indiana
February 17	Indiana Higher Education Television System (IHETS) Library Planning Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
February 18	a.m.Mrs. Faye Hagner, Coordinator of ALSA 8, Indianapolis, Indiana
February 18	p.m.Mr. Walter Gronning, President of ALSA 9, Connersville, Indiana
February 21	Mrs. Gail Birdsell, Coordinator for ALSA 1, Mr. Joel Robinson, Director of Westchester Public Library and President of ALSA 1, Mr. Daniels, Director of Michigan Public LIbrary, Chesterton, Indiana
February 23-25	ISAD/Networks III Institute, "The National Bibliographical Network," Chicago, Illinois
March 9	Quarterly INNS Advisory Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
March 15	Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
March 16	Department of Public Instruction, Miss Phylis Land, Indianapolis, Indiana
March 17	Indiana University Graduate Library Science Faculty, Bloomington, Indiana
March 24	IHETS Library Advisory Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
March 27-30	National Commission on Libraries and Information Science Institute, Phase II, "Multi-type Networks: Toward a National Program of Library Services," Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

April 21	Mr. Maurice E. Enidwright, Executive Director, Commission on Aging and Aged, Indianapolis, Indiana
April 22	State Board of Health, Mr. Phil Blair, Bureau of Management of Services, Indianapolis, Indiana
April 25	IHETS Library Advisory Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
April 27	Crawfordsville Book Processing Center, Crawfordsville, Indiana
May 2	Purdue Agriculture Network, West Lafayette, Indiana
May 10	Indiana Cooperative Library and Planning Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
May 12	Mr. Phil Silvers, Director, Division for the Blind and Physically Handicapped
June 1	INNS Advisory Committee, Clay City, Indiana
June 8	Indiana State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana
June 15	Mrs. Irene Hillard, Librarian, Department of Mental Health, Indianapolis, Indiana
June 17	American Library Association 96th Annual Conference, Detroit, Michigan Held individual meetings with Mr. Allen Seviginy, Region V Program Officer of U.S.O.E.; Mr. Allen Kent, Kistinguished Professor, Graduate School of Library Science, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
June 27	Indiana Census User Project meeting, Indianapolis, Indiana
July 14	Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
July 15	Indiana Vocational Technical School, Terre Haute, Indiana
July 27	Sub-committee for State Funding of INCOLSA and ALSAs, Indianapolis, Indiana
August 4	ILA/ILTA Legislative Committee, Indiana State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana
August 22	Indiana State Library, Miss Marcelle Foote, Miss Abbee Heitger, and Miss Jean Jose, Indianapolis, Indiana Mr. Barney McEwen, Head of Division for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, Indiana State Library, Indianapolis, Indiana

September 19	Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
September 26	Library Science Faculty of Indiana State University, Terre Haute, Indiana
September 28	Library Science Faculty of Ball State University, Muncie, Indiana
September 30	Library Science Faculty of Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana
November 14	Indiana Cooperative Library Planning and Development Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana
December 2	Dr. Keating, Assistant Commissioner, Department of Mental Health, Indianapolis, Indiana
December 7-9	Three day workshop which focused on the design of a Statewide Library and Information Services Network, Indianapolis, Indiana
1978	
April 12	INNS Advisory Committee, Indianapolis, Indiana

APPENDIX C

Excerpts of Indicators of Need by Public Libraries, 1975 from the National Inventory of Library Needs-1975, page 40.

1. Staff	
a. Professional	One full time equivalent (FTE) per 6,000 persons in the population of the area served.
b. Support*	Two per professional, or per professional expected by 1a, whichever is greater.
2. Collection	
a. Print materials: Books, journal periodicals, and microform equivalents	10,000 volumes, or three per capita, whichever is greater, up to 500,000 population; above 500,000 population, 1.5 million volumes plus two per capita in excess of 500,000.
b. Audiovisual and other materials	Up to 25,000 population, 1,000 titles or one per ten persons, whichever is greater (based on audio recordings); 25,000 to 50,000, 2,500 titles plus one per nine persons in excess of 25,000 (based on audio recordings plus at least 8mm films); 50,000 to 150,000, 5,300 titles plus one per 17 persons in excess of 50,000 (based on audio recordings, 8mm and 16mm films, framed prints, slides. . .) 150,000 and up, 17,500 titles plus 21 per thousand persons above 150,000 (based on full range of materials, dominated by 16mm films and audio recordings).
3. Acquisitions during the year	
a. Print materials	One per six persons up to 500,000 population, plus one per eight persons above 500,000 population
b. Audiovisual materials	10% of collection expected by 2b, for population up to one million; 7% of collection expected by 2b, for population exceeding one million.

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*Technical, clerical, secretarial . . .; does not include Plant operation and maintenance staff.

APPENDIX D

Excerpts from the Administrative Handbook published by the Indiana Department of Public Instruction, 1978.

RULE C-1 REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFIED, COMMISSIONED SCHOOLS

Section 1 General Requirements

B. Minimum Standards

1. All schools shall have a media program which is planned as an integral part of the total educational program. The school corporation shall provide supervision of the media program by a licensed media specialist. To maintain the "minimum" media program, a school (or attendance center) shall spend at least $5.50 per student per year from the 22200 account.

RULE C-2 REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTINUOUS, COMMISSIONED SCHOOLS

Section 1 General Requirements

B. At least $6.00 per pupil enrolled shall be spent in the 22200 account each year, while no school shall spend less than $1200 total each year in that account. An initial "continuous" certified school shall spend from the 22200 account at least $9.00 per pupil enrolled, or a total of $2000, whichever is greater.

RULE C-3 REQUIREMENTS FOR FIRST CLASS, COMMISSIONED SCHOOLS

Section 1 General Requirements

B. Schools having enrollments greater than 600 pupils shall employ at least one (1) full time media specialist. When more than one specialist is employed, one shall complement the other as to training for the library or audio-visual areas.

C. At least $8.00 per pupil enrolled shall be spend in the 22200 account each year, while no school shall spend less than $2000 total each year. An initial "first class" school shall spend from the 22200 account at least $10.00 per pupil enrolled, or a total of $3000, whichever is greater.

RULE C-4 REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIAL FIRST CLASS, COMMISSIONED SCHOOLS

Section 1 General Requirements

B. Schools having enrollments greater than 500 pupils shall employ at least one (1) full time media specialist. When more than one specialist is employed, one shall complement the other as to training for the library or the audio-visual area.

C. At least $10.00 per pupil enrolled shall be spent in the 22200 account each year, while no school shall spend less than $2300 total each year. An initial "special first class" school shall spend from the 22200 account at least $12.00 per student enrolled, or a total of $3300, whichever is greater.

APPENDIX E

Excerpts of Indicators of Need by School Library/Media Centers, 1975 from the National Inventory of Library Needs-1975, page 41.

1. Staff	
a. Professional*	One full time equivalent per 250 pupils or major fraction thereof, up to 500; plus one per 500 additional pupils or major fraction thereof.
b. Support*	Two per 250 pupils or major fraction thereof up to 500; plus one per 250 additional pupils or major fraction thereof.
2. Collection	
a. Print Materials: Books, bound journals, and microform equivalents.	8,000 titles, representing 10,000 volumes, or 20 per pupil, whichever is greater.
b. Audiovisual and other materials	10,000 item titles, or 20 per pupil, whichever is greater.
3. Acquisitions during the year**	
a. Print Materials	10% of collection in print materials, or of Indicator 2a, which is greater.
b. Audiovisual and other	10% of collection of audiovisual and other materials, or of Indicator 2b, whichever is greater.

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*Indicators are for needs by level of work responsibility, without reference to specific credentials. The Survey of Library/Media Centers collected data in terms of certificated and non-certificated staff. These will, in the absence of more precise data by duties performed, be used for comparison: certificated staff to the need for professionals, and non-certificated staff to need for support personnel. Support includes technical, clerical, secretarial,. . .; does not include plant operation and maintenance. The two Indicators for staff are independent; adequacy of staffing requires meeting each separately. Additional staff in either category do not compensate for deficits in the other in order to meet the indicated needs.

**Acquisitions should amount to 10% of collections, in addition to duplicates/replacements and to textbook acquisitions. This also excludes acquisitions for initial collections of new Library/Media Centers.

APPENDIX F

Excerpts of Indicators of Needs by Academic Libraries, 1975 from the National Inventory of Library Needs-1975, page 42.

1. Staff	
a. Professional	One professional per 500 FTE students up to 10,000; plus one per 1,000 FTE above 10,000; plus one per 100,000 volumes in collection; plus one per 5,000 additions during the year.
b. Support*	Two per professional, or per professional expected by 1a, whichever is greater.
2. Collection	
a. Print materials: Books, bound journals, and microform equivalents	85, volumes plus 100 per FTE faculty plus 15 per FTE student, plus allowance for fields taught**
b. Audiovisual and other materials	
3. Acquisitions during the year	5% of collection, or of Indicator from 2, whichever is greater.

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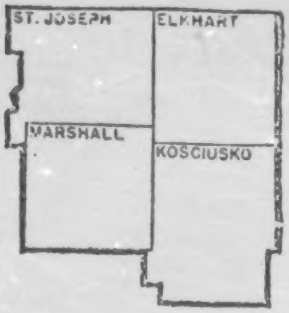
*Technical, clerical, secretarial . . .; does not include Plant operation and maintenance.

**Allowance of 350 vols. per undergraduate major or minor field; 6,000 vols. per Masters Field, if no higher degree offered in field; 3,000 vols. per Masters degree if a higher degree is offered; 6,000 vols. per 6th year specialist degree field; and 25,000 vols. per Doctoral field.

APPENDIX G

Each ALSA area profile contains the following information:

- Region Map, Counties, Total Population, % of State Population, Area Square Miles, No. Persons per Square Mile
- Population by Race and Sex
- Population by Sex and Age
- Population Projections by Sex 1980-2000
- Number and % of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level
- Urban/Rural Population
- Income Status in 1969 by Indiana SMSA
- Poverty Status in 1969 of Family Heads by Indiana SMSA's
- Survey of Academic, Special, and Institutional Materials and Expenditures
- Survey of Private and Public Schools
- Public Library Statistics
- Survey of Non-print Material, Public Libraries
- Survey of Equipment in Public Libraries



SOUTH BEND REGION

ALSA Area 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

Counties: Elkhart, Kosciusko, Marshall,
Saint Joseph

Total Population	454,687
% of State Population	8.8
Area in Square Miles	1,917
No. Persons Per Square Mile	237

Poulation by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Other	Male	Female
Elkhart	126,529	121,725	4,395	409	61,374	65,155
Kosciusko	48,127	47,917	123	87	23,516	24,611
Marshall	34,986	34,811	65	110	17,009	17,977
St. Joseph	245,045	225,382	18,587	1,076	120,156	124,889
Totals	454,687	429,835	23,170	1,682	222,055	232,632
% of Totals		94.5	5.1	.4	48.8	51.2

SOUTH BEND REGION - ALSA Area 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)

AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	80,789	26,769	51,315	25,164	19,539	18,479
FEMALE	77,288	27,148	53,828	27,107	21,466	25,795
TOTALS	158,077	53,917	105,143	52,271	41,005	44,274
% OF AREA POP.	34.8	11.9	23.1	11.5	9.0	9.7

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000
(Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976

COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Elkhart	72,300	76,500	85,300	89,900	98,600	102,900
Kosciusko	28,000	30,000	33,200	36,400	39,000	43,100
Marshall	20,300	21,700	23,600	25,400	26,800	28,900
St.Joseph	117,200	124,000	115,100	124,000	112,500	122,200
TOTAL	237,800	252,200	257,200	275,700	276,900	297,100
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	6.6	7.7	13.6	15.6	19.8	21.7
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	7.3		14.7		20.8	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 24,887. % of Population: 5.5

SOUTH BEND REGION - ALSA AREA 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Elkhart	126,529	79,223	62.6	47,306	37.4
Kosciusko	48,127	10,365	21.5	37,762	78.5
Marshall	34,986	11,148	31.9	23,838	68.1
St. Joseph	245,045	207,207	84.6	37,838	15.4
TOTALS	454,687	307,943	67.7	146,744	32.3

SOUTH BEND REGION - ALSA Area 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	101,664	8,340
WHITE	97,237	7,300
BLACK	3,895	890
SPANISH SPEAKING	532	980

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S
(1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	70,912	4,200
NEGRO	3,895	751
SPANISH SPEAKING	532	80

SOUTH BEND REGION - ALSA Area 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND-ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Elkhart 2 Academic	1,500	157,432	6,210	5,817	447	$138,046	$ 46,226	$ 793
1 Special		55,023	4,528	1,527	1,632	$712,593	$ 78,457	--
Kosciusko 1 Academic	1,100	66,717	6,967	26,000	745	$120,295	$ 46,066	--
Marshall 1 Academic	Not reporting --		--	--	--	--	--	--
St. Joseph								
3 Academic	--	176,549	5,769	2,405	1,154	$221,839	$ 72,073	.$ 678
1 Institutional	--	387	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 special	2,600	3,000	100	--	220	$ 160	$ 160	--

SOUTH BEND REGION - ALSA Area 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS						
COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 2 Totals	105,200	1,282,139	157,822	50,727	148,042	24,734
Elkhart	30,171	382,581	43,830	14,054	38,172	8,692
Public	29,667	362,948	42,566	13,864	37,247	7,712
Private	504	19,633	1,264	190	925	980
	13,496	168,223	20,178	7,618	26,243	3,682
	13,268	159,945	19,922	7,404	25,988	3,605
	228	8,278	256	214	255	77
	9,126	191,187	25,379	10,537	23,240	2,094
	7,978	111,793	21,463	5,314	18,573	1,863
	1,148	79,394	3,916	5,226	4,667	231
	52,407	540,148	68,435	18,518	60,387	10,266
	46,633	449,415	56,529	13,604	47,820	10,263
	5,774	90,733	11,906	4,914	12,567	3

SOUTH BEND REGION - ALSA Area 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS (Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)						
COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Elkhart	126,529	94,653	31,876	727,084	305.5	260,915
Kosciusko	48,127	34,063	14,064	207,216	110.6	150,955
Marshall	34,986	29,575	5,411	240,914	96.1	111,686
St. Joseph	245,045	237,169	7,876	1,928,828	499.4	438,955
Area 2 TOTAL	454,687	395,460	59,227	3,104,042	1,011.6	962,511

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

SOUTH BEND REGION - ALSA Area 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

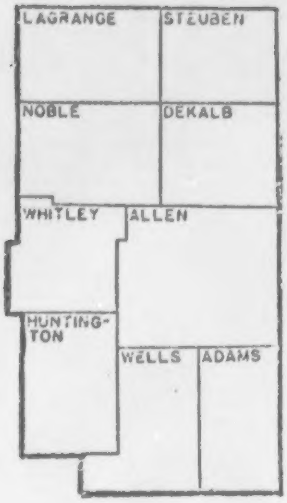
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 2	8,735	75,597	6,952	1,107	0	27,590	2,984	449	165,302	1,226,579
Elkhart	303	15,812	46	421	0	11,770	1,114	0	67,576	348,423
Kosciusko	514	3,270	523	12	0	2,931	174	124	6,136	1,017
Marshall	321	7,007	1,350	53	0	3,332	474	197	9,532	129,764
St. Joseph	7,597	49,508	5,033	621	0	9,557	1,222	128	82,058	747,375
Total Circ.		23,829	1,442	2,258	0	104,844	30,898	2,061		

SOUTH BEND REGION - ALSA Area 2 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 2	23	200	23	19	16	8	29	1	14	12	1	-	23	-	1	-	4	4	244
Elkhart	7	54	7	4	4	-	13	-	3	1	-	-	6	-	-	-	1	-	59
Kosciusko	4	-	3	-	1	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	1	-	-
Marshall	4	60	5	15	6	6	4	1	4	7	-	-	4	-	-	-	2	4	93
St. Joseph	8	86	8	-	5	2	8	-	3	4	1	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	92



FORT WAYNE REGION

ALSA Area 3 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

Counties: Adams, Allen, DeKalb, Huntington,
Lagrange, Noble, Steuben, Wells,
Whitley

Total Population	492,780
% of State Population	9.5
Area in Square Miles	3,558
No. Persons Per Square Mile	138

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Other	Male	Female
Adams	26,871	26,830	7	34	13,152	13,719
Allen	280,455	260,088	19,298	1,069	135,924	144,531
DeKalb	30,837	30,756	31	50	15,095	15,742
Huntington	34,970	34,864	24	82	16,727	18,243
Lagrange	20,890	20,856	11	23	10,228	10,662
Noble	31,382	31,318	11	53	15,366	16,016
Steuben	20,159	19,986	37	136	10,510	9,649
Wells	23,821	23,720	42	59	11,640	12,181
Whitley	23,395	23,354	5	36	11,384	12,011
Totals	492,780	471,772	19,466	1,542	240,026	252,754
% of Totals		95.7	4.0	.3		

FORT WAYNE REGION - ALSA Area 3 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	92,204	26,579	56,684	25,706	19,646	19,207
FEMALE	88,607	28,966	58,110	27,451	21,716	27,904
TOTALS	180,811	55,545	114,794	53,157	41,362	47,111
% OF AREA POP.	36.7	11.3	23.3	10.8	8.4	9.5

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000 (Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976						
COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Adams	14,000	14,400	15,300	15,400	16,500	16,300
Allen	148,300	158,100	168,200	178,900	187,100	197,800
DeKalb	16,300	17,200	17,900	19,400	20,000	21,700
Huntington	17,800	19,500	19,100	20,000	20,200	21,900
Lagrange	12,600	13,300	15,900	16,900	19,800	21,300
Noble	17,100	18,200	19,300	21,000	22,000	24,100
Steuben	13,700	11,600	15,800	13,500	17,700	15,100
Wells	13,000	13,700	14,900	15,600	16,800	17,500
Whitley	13,300	13,900	15,700	16,500	18,700	19,500
TOTAL	266,100	279,900	302,000	317,200	338,800	355,200
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	9.8	9.8	20.5	20.6	29.2	28.9
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	9.8		20.6		29.0	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 28,523. % of Population: 5.8

FORT WAYNE REGION - ALSA Area 3 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)					
COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Adams	26,871	11,433	42.5	15,438	57.5
Allen	280,455	225,184	80.3	55,271	19.7
DeKalb	30,837	12,052	39.1	18,785	60.9
Huntington	34,970	16,217	46.4	18,753	53.6
Lagrange	20,890	--	.0	20,890	100.00
Noble	31,382	9,872	31.5	21,510	68.5
Steuben	20,159	5,117	25.4	15,042	74.6
Wells	23,821	8,297	34.8	15,524	65.2
Whitley	23,395	4,911	21.0	18,484	79.0
TOTALS	492,780	293,083	59.5	199,697	40.5

FORT WAYNE REGION - ALSA Area - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	96,587	6,609
WHITE	91,796	5,631
BLACK	4,092	886
SPANISH SPEAKING	699	92

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	69,613	3,583
NEGRO	4,092	751
SPANISH SPEAKING	699	84

FORT WAYNE REGION - ALSA Area 3 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

SURVEY OF ACAMEDIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/ TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND- ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Adams None								
Allen .. 7 Academic	2,624	330,516	18,194	119,670	3,405	$381,033	$236,179	$ 2,058
2 Institutional	4,800	4,309	359	--	57	11,090	1,250	--
1 Special	--	4,757	68	--	178	$ 23,540	$ 4,713	$1,675
DeKalb None								
Huntington 1 Academic	--	46,908	1,621	1,261	620	$ 65,066	$ 15,427	$ 213
Lagrange None								
Noble 1 Institutional	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Steuben 1 Academic	--	60,396	2,185	1,230	920	$ 85,625	$ 36,389	--
Wells 1 Special	--	8,892	130	--	314	$ 17,236	$ 8,533	$ 360
Whitley None								

FORT WAYNE REGION - ALSA Area 3 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 3 TOTALS	121,633	1,419,241	160,495	47,017	116,601	28,593
Adams	6,685	113,685	11,962	3,373	10,987	1,339
Public	5,736	94,116	9,977	2,685	10,055	1,080
Private	949	19,569	1,985	688	932	259
Allen	69,054	819,172	83,522	24,242	61,667	15,014
Public	57,649	616,261	64,349	16,571	51,160	12,301
Private	11,405	202,911	19,173	7,671	10,507	2,713
DeKalb	7,923	82,091	13,860	2,981	10,542	2,018
Public	7,923	82,091	13,860	2,981	10,542	2,018
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Huntington	8,442	102,483	14,890	3,178	8,549	2,082
Public	7,754	90,748	13,319	2,421	6,636	1,897
Private	668	11,735	1,571	757	1,913	185
Lagrange	6,222	73,028	9,296	2,660	3,825	2,531
Public	6,016	58,895	9,296	2,660	3,816	1,058
Private	206	14,133	0	0	9	1,473
Noble	7,627	80,315	7,146	2,698	8,096	1,357
Public	7,540	78,490	6,995	2,363	7,900	1,324
Private	87	1,825	151	335	196	33
Steuben	4,239	60,450	8,069	3,460	6,859	1,201
Public	4,239	60,450	8,069	3,460	6,859	1,201
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wells	6,094	60,887	7,757	3,249	4,959	1,218
Public	6,030	60,887	7,719	3,219	4,836	1,189
Private	64	0	38	30	123	29
Whitley	5,347	27,130	3,993	1,176	2,117	1,833
Public	5,347	27,130	3,993	1,176	2,117	1,833
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0

FORT WAYNE REGION - ALSA Area 3 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS
(Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)

COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Adams	26,871	26,871	0	101,420	74.1	85,859
Allen	280,455	280,455	0	4,433,666	791.4	1,329,003
DeKalb	30,837	22,299	8,538	161,381	49.5	81,822
Huntington	34,970	22,233	12,737	139,242	45.6	80,941
Lagrange	20,890	20,890	0	89,544	71.5	46,352
Noble	31,382	31,382	0	242,450	78.2	107,560
Steuben	20,159	10,430	9,729	53,515	34.9	33,148
Wells	23,821	23,821	0	191,212	73.3	66,891
Whitley	23,395	18,062	5,333	110,640	47.6	83,193
Area 3 TOTAL	492,780	456,443	36,337	5,523,070	1,266.1	1,914,779

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

FORT WAYNE REGION - ALSA Area 3 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

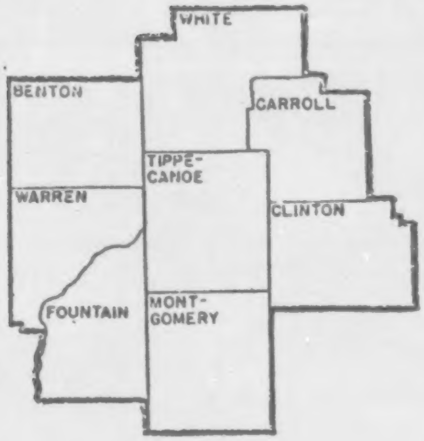
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 3	63,192	516,728	22,117	324	160	32,192	3,572	3,958	149,595	307,083
Adams	61	13,471	378	77	0	2,533	605	0	9,509	90,000
Allen	62,289	477,775	21,347	3	160	19,239	1,701	3,570	107,989	7,250
DeKalb	64	2,743	0	122	0	2,229	470	52	6,597	68,545
Huntington	42	1,198	0	44	0	515	78	0	838	0
Lagrange	66	1,680	0	0	0	332	65	66	867	0
Noble	211	2,953	34	65	0	3,086	408	84	11,161	141,149
Steuben	3	360	280	0	0	1,811	4	0	4,313	0
Wells	430	9,213	78	0	0	843	240	0	4,990	0
Whitley	26	7,335	0	13	0	1,604	1	186	3,331	139
Total Circ.		61,298	11,280	256	57	49,696	22,448	1,119		

FORT WAYNE REGION - ALSA Area 3 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 3	31	323	20	196	12	34	32	4	26	26	20	-	65	-	2	-	54	27	610
Adams	5	52	3	5	1	-	7	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	57
Allen	4	-	5	-	2	-	4	-	11	-	20	-	42	-	-	-	39	-	-
DeKalb	3	27	4	25	1	-	4	--	2	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	6	-	53
Huntington	1	3	1	-	2	1	3	-	4	9	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	13
Lagrange	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noble	5	203	4	139	4	33	4	4	4	17	-	-	1	-	1	-	5	27	422
Steuben	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wells	1	-	1	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	2
Whitley	1	38	1	25	2	-	4	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	63



LAFAYETTE REGION

ALSA Area 4 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

Counties: Benton, Carroll, Clinton, Fountain, Montgomery, Tippecanoe, Warren, White

Total Population	250,808
% of State Population	4.8
Area in Square Miles	3,459
No. Persons Per Square Mile	73

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Other	Male	Female
Benton	11,262	11,249	9	4	5,483	5,779
Carroll	17,734	17,716	1	17	8,627	9,107
Clinton	30,547	30,480	24	43	14,631	15,916
Fountain	18,257	18,216	3	38	8,892	9,365
Montgomery	33,930	33,681	181	68	16,709	17,221
Tippecanoe	109,378	107,279	1,035	1,064	55,755	53,623
Warren	8,705	8,700	--	5	4,294	4,411
White	20,995	20,958	4	33	10,155	10,840
Totals	250,808	248,279	1,257	1,272	124,546	126,262
% of Totals		99.0	.5	.5	49.7	50.3

LAFAYETTE REGION - ALSA Area 4 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	41,491	21,330	28,430	12,569	10,195	10,531
FEMALE	39,838	18,455	28,427	13,452	10,770	15,320
TOTALS	81,329	39,785	56,857	26,021	20,965	25,851
% OF AREA POP.	32.4	15.8	22.7	10.4	8.4	10.3

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000 (Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976						
COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Benton	5,200	5,600	4,900	5,600	4,700	5,500
Carroll	9,400	9,700	10,500	10,500	11,700	11,500
Clinton	14,800	16,300	14,700	16,600	14,600	16,600
Fountain	9,100	9,900	9,200	10,200	9,300	10,300
Montgomery	17,100	18,100	17,600	19,100	17,900	19,800
Tippecanoe	58,900	58,700	62,400	64,500	65,600	68,500
Warren	4,200	4,300	4,300	4,400	4,400	4,400
White	11,000	12,200	11,700	13,600	12,600	14,800
TOTAL	129,700	134,800	135,300	144,500	140,800	151,400
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	3.9	6.4	7.9	12.7	11.5	16.6
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	5.2		10.4		14.2	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level 14,592 % of Area Population: 5.8

LAFAYETTE REGION - ALSA Area 4 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Benton	11,262	2,643	23.5	8,619	76.5
Carroll	17,734	2,582	14.6	15,152	85.4
Clinton	30,547	14,956	49.0	15,591	51.0
Fountain	18,257	6,903	37.8	11,354	62.2
Montgomery	33,930	13,842	40.8	20,088	59.2
Tippecanoe	109,378	79,117	72.3	30,261	27.7
Warren	8,705	0		8,705	100.0
White	20,995	4,869	23.2	16,126	76.8
TOTALS	250,808	124,912	49.8	125,896	50.2

LAFAYETTE REGION - ALSA Area 4 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	47,493	2,928
WHITE	47,082	2,882
BLACK	194	28
SPANISH SPEAKING	217	18

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S
(1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILYHEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	25,759	1,575
NEGRO	194	23
SPANISH SPEAKING	217	17

LAFAYETTE REGION - ALSA Area 4 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND-ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Benton None								
Carroll None								
Clinton None								
Fountain None								
Montgomery 1 Academic	1,500	220,391	4,958	11,500	750	$ 191,950	$ 72,551	--
Tippecanoe 1 Academic	35,000	1,231,673	36,989	673,495	18,528	$2,800,672	$1,059,456	--
1 Institutional	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Warren None								
White None								

LAFAYETTE REGION - ALSA Area 4 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 4 Totals	55,673	735,085	91,148	29,953	70,761	15,707
Benton	3,055	38,354	9,848	1,892	7,001	794
Public	2,891	35,708	9,474	1,725	6,398	736
Private	164	2,646	374	167	603	59
Carroll	3,779	37,004	2,432	783	3,466	734
Public	3,779	37,004	2,432	783	3,466	734
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clinton	7,304	114,001	14,233	5,178	14,255	1,674
Public	7,304	114,001	14,233	5,178	14,255	1,674
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fountain	4,482	48,776	4,869	1,234	3,546	632
Public	4,482	48,776	4,869	1,234	3,546	632
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Montgomery	7,978	109,225	11,963	5,100	7,423	2,015
Public	7,978	109,225	11,963	5,100	7,423	2,015
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tippecanoe	21,064	278,772	37,661	12,532	29,806	7,956
Public	19,700	259,179	34,909	10,889	27,105	7,525
Private	1,364	19,593	2,752	1,643	2,701	431
Warren	1,919	30,907	2,492	846	1,695	451
Public	1,919	30,907	2,492	846	1,695	451
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
White	6,092	78,046	7,650	2,388	3,569	1,451
Public	6,092	78,046	7,650	2,388	3,569	1,451
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0

LAFAYETTE REGION - ALSA Area 4, LIBRARY DISTRICT II

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS
(Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)

COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Benton	11,262	11,262	0	98,845	48.0	102,821
Carroll	17,734	10,545	7,189	66,686	31.9	50,401
Clinton	30,547	19,542	11,005	100,041	43.5	76,229
Fountain	18,257	12,668	5,589	39,965	25.6	42,672
Montgomery	33,930	29,819	4,111	163,588	91.9	106,659
Tippecanoe	109,378	109,378	0	256,740	227.1	165,234
Warren	8,705	3,341	5,364	23,500	5.1	32,167
White	20,995	14,475	6,520	99,030	52.9	88,510
Area 4 TOTAL	250,808	211,030	39,778	848,395	526.0	664,693

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

LAFAYETTE REGION - ALSA Area 4 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

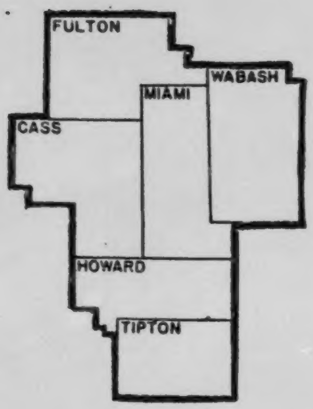
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 4	1,961	29,252	17,013	550	0	11,643	516	477	62,111	53,365
Benton	0	4.172	69	60	0	1,254	1	12	2,669	0
Carroll	39	243	0	0	0	1,035	64	0	2,196	258
Clinton	295	7,952	14,340	26	0	1,081	8	0	8,122	0
Fountain	44	1,300	0	0	0	898	0	0	670	0
Montgomery	460	6,728	204	34	0	3,423	317	415	10,901	21,969
Tippecanoe	1,035		2,490	348	0	2,133	117	0	34,819	31,133
Warren	0	650	0	24	0	538	0	0	428	0
White	88	8,207	0	58	0	1,281	9	50	2,306	0
Total Circ.		5,984	11,224	357	0	41,263	2,696	587		

LAFAYETTE REGION - ALSA Area 4 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ.	
AREA 4	10	431	9	127	11	39	21	36	7	20	-	-	9	-	-	-	27	189	842
Benton	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	4
Carroll	2	36	2	36	2	-	3	-	-	-	--	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	72
Clinton	3	100	3	32	2	14	2	4	2	10	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	160
Fountain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montgomery	3	295	1	59	1	25	5	31	2	7	-	-	3	-	-	-	20	189	606
Tippecanoe	2	-	2	-	3	-	5	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warren	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
White	-	-	1	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-



KOKOMO REGION

ALSA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

Counties: Cass, Fulton, Howard, Miami,
Tipton, Wabash

Total Population	232,087
% of State Population	4.5
Area in Square Miles	2,112
No. Persons Per Square Mile	110

Population By Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Other	Male	Female
Cass	40,456	40,092	284	80	19,442	21,014
Fulton	16,984	16,856	106	22	8,226	8,758
Howard	83,198	79,365	3,577	256	40,463	42,735
Miami	39,246	37,924	991	331	19,629	19,617
Tipton	16,650	16,625	8	17	8,142	8,508
Wabash	35,553	35,303	119	131	17,119	18,434
Totals	232,087	226,165	5,085	837	113,021	119,066
% of Totals		97.4	2.2	.4	48.8	51.2

KOKOMO REGION - AISA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)

AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	42,361	11,581	27,896	12,544	9,314	9,325
FEMALE	40,293	12,989	28,268	13,328	10,306	13,882
TOTALS	82,654	24,570	56,164	25,872	19,620	23,207
% OF AREA POP.	35.6	10.6	24.2	11.1	8.5	10.0

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000
(Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976

COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Cass	19,900	21,400	20,100	21,900	20,400	22,100
Fulton	9,100	9,700	9,900	10,600	10,700	11,300
Howard	46,200	50,000	52,600	58,400	58,400	65,800
Miami	20,500	21,200	21,000	22,500	20,500	23,000
Tipton	7,400	7,900	7,100	7,600	7,000	7,500
Wabash	16,900	18,700	17,000	19,300	17,000	19,600
TOTAL	120,000	128,900	127,700	140,300	134,000	149,300
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	5.9	7.7	11.6	15.2	15.7	20.3
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	6.8		13.4		18.1	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 14,539. % of Area Population: 6.3.

KOKOMO REGION - ALSA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Cass	40,456	19,255	47.6	21,201	52.4
Fulton	16,984	4,631	27.3	12,353	72.7
Howard	83,198	44,042	52.9	39,156	47.1
Miami	39,246	19,102	48.7	20,144	51.3
Tipton	16,650	5,176	31.1	11,474	68.9
Wabash	35,553	19,170	53.9	16,383	46.1
TOTALS	232,087	111,376	48.0	120,711	52.0

KOKOMO REGION - ALSA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	No Statistics	
WHITE	Available	
BLACK		
SPANISH SPEAKING		

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	No Statistics	
NEGRO	Available	
SPANISH SPEAKING		

KOKOMO REGION - ALSA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/ TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND- ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Cass 2 Institutional	--	9,900	390	--	109	$ 22,001	$ 3,420	--
Fulton None								
Howard 1 Academic	---	63,875	7,687	3,889	846	$150,731	$69,235	--
1 Special	700	2,500	300	300	291	$ 11,500	$11,500	--
Miami None								
Tipton None								
Wabash 1 Academic	--	--	---	--	--	--	--	-

KOKOMO REGION - ALSA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS						
COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 5 Totals	57,436	900,157	99,985	29,761	83,941	13,393
Cass	9,338	205,716	12,263	3,478	13,216	1,981
Public	9,094	201,900	12,033	3,368	12,697	1,898
Private	244	3,816	230	110	519	83
Fulton	3,401	42,660	3,509	1,221	4,647	814
Public	3,401	42,660	3,509	1,221	4,647	814
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Howard	21,229	236,741	32,371	10,031	27,890	4,942
Public	21,069	232,710	31,789	9,570	26,642	4,840
Private	160	4,031	582	461	1,248	102
Miami	11,082	134,780	23,710	7,584	21,119	2,561
Public	10,742	129,969	23,000	7,183	19,883	2,463
Private	340	4,812	710	401	1,236	98
Tipton	4,123	60,748	7,830	2,280	5,934	955
Public	4,012	58,905	7,678	2,280	5,824	929
Private	111	1,843	152	0	110	26
Wabash	8,263	119,512	20,302	5,167	11,135	2,130
Public	8,139	114,573	19,851	4,817	10,409	2,057
Private	124	4,939	451	350	726	73

KOKOMO REGION - ALSA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS (Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)						
COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Cass	40,456	40,456	0	345,760	109.5	187,061
Fulton	16,984	16,984	0	112,626	51.8	82,078
Howard	83,198	59,732	23,466	521,216	199.8	169,645
Miami	39,246	18,916	20,330	104,263	26.7	57,135
Tipton	16,650	16,650	0	72,009	51.9	40,716
Wabash	35,553	23,010	12,543	155,892	25.2	68,577
Area 5 TOTAL	232,037	175,748	56,339	1,311,766	464.9	605,212

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

KOKOMO REGION - ALSA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

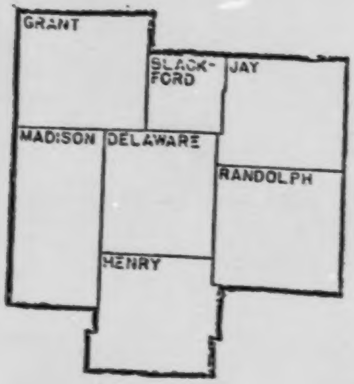
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 5	6,957	33,210	401	634	0	18,267	1,436	756	68,438	370,913
Cass	3,955	9,780	0	0	0	3,838	327	0	10,471	63,733
Fulton	236	7,874	0	69	0	2,463	362	435	6,538	41,964
Howard	1,266	270	0	282	0	7,670	394	322	33,008	204,727
Miami	1,376	5,925	401	24	0	891	329	0	8,156	58,654
Tipton	11		0	33	0	1,198	17	0	2,771	1,835
Wabash	113	9,361	0	226	0	2,207	7		7,494	0
Total Circ.		6,876	198	362	0	49,892	10,824	286		

KOKOMO REGION - ALSA Area 5 - LIBRARY DISTRICT II

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
Area 5	19	56	16	17	20	7	23	-	8	-	-	-	15	-	1	-	15	24	104
Cass	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	6
Fulton	2	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	10	6	6
Howard	10	-	3	-	11	-	11	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	2	-	-
Miami	1	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	18	18
Tipton	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wabash	2	53	3	14	2	7	4	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	74



MUNCIE REGION

ALSA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

Counties: Blackford, Delaware, Grant, Henry, Jay, Madison, Randolph

Total Population	472,606
% of State Population	9.1
Area In Square Miles	2,608
No. Persons Per Square Mile	181

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Blackford	15,888	15,866	---	22	7,717	8,171
Delaware	129,219	121,894	6,959	366	62,611	66,608
Grant	83,955	79,152	4,512	291	41,026	42,929
Henry	52,603	52,067	468	68	25,685	26,918
Jay	23,575	23,479	63	33	11,353	12,222
Madison	138,451	130,175	8,026	250	67,940	70,511
Randolph	28,915	28,775	81	59	14,159	14,756
Totals	472,606	451,408	20,109	1,089	230,491	242,115
% of Totals		95.5	4.3	.2	48.8	51.2

MUNCIE REGION - ALSA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	83,659	28,311	55,479	25,185	19,814	18,045
FEMALE	79,713	31,992	56,371	26,804	21,382	25,851
TOTALS	163,372	60,303	111,850	51,989	41,196	43,896
% OF AREA POP.	34.6	12.8	23.7	11.0	8.7	9.2

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000 (Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976						
COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Blackford	7,900	8,600	8,200	9,100	8,500	9,600
Delaware	64,800	70,400	68,400	73,200	69,800	74,300
Grant	41,900	44,600	43,600	46,900	44,200	47,800
Henry	26,400	27,900	27,200	29,300	28,100	30,200
Jay	11,900	13,000	12,500	13,900	13,200	14,700
Madison	68,600	73,300	70,900	77,300	72,000	80,100
Randolph	14,900	15,600	15,700	16,600	16,800	17,700
TOTAL	236,400	253,400	246,400	266,300	252,600	274,400
%	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
OF INCREASE	2.5	4.5	6.5	9.1	8.7	11.8
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	3.5		7.8		10.3	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under

Poverty Level: 31,006. % of Area Population: 6.6

MUNCIE REGION - ALSA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Blackford	15,888	8,409	59.9	7,479	47.1
Delaware	129,219	90,427	70.0	38,792	30.0
Grant	83,955	51,978	61.9	31,977	38.1
Henry	52,603	21,215	40.3	31,388	59.7
Jay	23,575	10,378	44.0	13,197	56.0
Madison	138,451	96,997	70.0	41,454	30.0
Randolph	28,915	9,488	32.8	19,427	67.2
TOTALS	472,606	288,892	61.1	183,714	38.9

MUNCIE REGION - ALSA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	98,893	8,124
WHITE	95,602	7,396
BLACK	2,998	690
SPANISH SPEAKING	293	38

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	68,696	4,604
NEGRO	2,998	640
SPANISH SPEAKING	293	23

MUNCIE REGION - AISA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND-ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Blackford None								
Delaware 1 Academic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Grant 3 Academic	2,650	191,291	9,940	5,201	1,112	$209,707	$60,836	$2,619
Henry 2 Institutional	600	985	30	--	40	$ 1,075	$ 800	$ 275
Jay None								
Madison 3 Academic	2,093	130,144	5,569	14,544	692	$179,762	$55,752	--
1 Institutional	--	17,125	4,300	--	--	$ 28,082	$ 751	--
Randolph None								

MUNCIE REGION - ALSA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS						
COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 6 Totals	108,258	1,189,334	155,222	48,797	111,754	22,648
Blackford	3,886	36,296	4,103	159	1,461	888
Public	3,886	36,296	4,103	159	1,461	888
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Delaware	27,271	281,147	50,394	14,274	37,439	6,311
Public	27,271	279,813	49,860	13,785	36,560	6,225
Private	0	1,334	534	489	879	86
Grant	19,494	211,279	15,198	7,766	13,350	4,030
Public	19,317	202,687	14,814	7,312	12,731	3,957
Private	177	8,592	384	454	619	73
Henry	13,124	175,389	23,421	10,581	21,943	3,103
Public	12,753	159,906	21,718	9,215	18,163	2,971
Private	371	15,483	1,703	1,366	3,780	132
Jay	5,746	71,575	11,309	3,839	6,680	1,247
Public	5,746	71,575	11,309	3,839	6,680	1,247
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Madison	31,317	296,636	36,345	8,699	21,645	5,435
Public	30,983	289,643	36,037	8,322	20,932	5,301
Private	334	6,993	308	377	713	134
Randolph	7,420	116,522	14,452	3,479	9,237	1,634
Public	7,420	116,522	14,452	3,479	9,237	1,634
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0

MUNCIE REGION - ALSA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS (Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)						
COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Blackford	15,888	13,330	2,588	47,620	25.2	39,430
Delaware	129,219	87,469	41,750	1,108,010	155.6	274,261
Grant	83,955	63,777	20,178	216,532	141.5	149,137
Henry	52,603	52,603	0	283,713	114.8	163,869
Jay	23,575	23,575	0	128,065	58.3	96,164
Madison	133,522	103,055	30,467	652,664	233.9	314,490
Randolph	28,915	22,425	6,490	92,427	50.2	83,285
Area 6 TOTAL	472,677	371,234	101,473	2,529,031	779.5	1,120,636

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

MUNCIE REGION - ALSA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

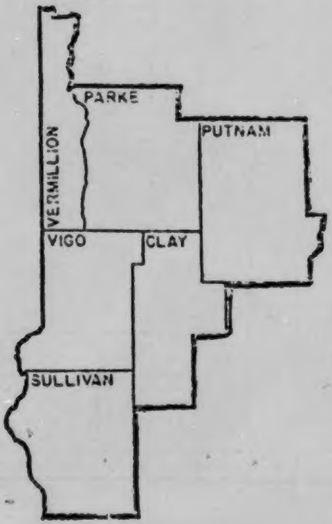
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 6	9,208	47,810	5,127	1,778	3	11,898	2,238	809	88,555	1,197,182
Blackford	136	345	0	75	0	2,697	86	250	4,062	
Delaware	4				0				29,938	399,517
Grant	1,738	30,424	130	149	0	3,484	492	312	25,294	3,362
Henry	775	1,380	96	15	3	2,178	769	0	16,346	0
Jay	0		0	1,251	0	256	6	0	318	0
Madison	6,339	10,086	4,901	255	0	2,265	810	172	10,425	794,014
Randolph	156	5,575	0	33	0	1,018	75	75	2,197	289
Total Circ.	9,148	7,653	694	577	0	42,372	31,476	5,808	88,580	

MUNCIE REGION - ALSA Area 6 - LIBRARY DISTRICT III

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 6	21	518	19	23	21	48	25	1	10	12	-	-	31	-	2	-	87	391	993
Blackford	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	51	-	-
Delaware	5	-	5	-	2	-	5	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grant	3	30	2	20	3	30	9	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	27	391	471
Henry	2	-	1	-	2	-	3	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Jay	1	8	1	3	4	18	1	1	3	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	41
Madison	9	480	8	-	8	-	4	-	3	-	-	-	22	-	1	-	8	-	480
Randolph	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-



TERRE HAUTE REGION

ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

Counties: Clay, Parke, Putnam, Sullivan
Vermillion, Vigo

Total Population	216,675
% of State Population	4.2
Area in Square Miles	2,434
No. Persons Per Square Mile	89

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Clay	23,933	23,784	129	20	11,291	12,642
Parke	14,600	14,564	28	8	7,128	7,472
Putnam	26,932	26,401	490	41	13,815	13,117
Sullivan	19,889	19,836	37	16	9,504	10,335
Vermillion	16,793	16,750	11	32	8,076	8,717
Vigo	114,528	108,722	5,378	428	55,289	59,239
Totals	216,675	210,057	6,073	545	105,103	111,572
% of Totals		96.9	2.8	.3	48.5	51.5

TERRE HAUTE REGION - ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65 & UP
MALE	33,750	15,335	22,573	11,565	10,001	11,879
FEMALE	31,927	15,360	22,596	12,826	11,732	17,131
TOTALS	65,677	30,695	45,169	24,391	21,733	29,010
% OF AREA POP.	30.3	14.2	20.8	11.3	10.0	13.4

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000
(Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976

COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Clay	11,700	13,500	12,100	14,400	12,700	15,200
Parke	8,000	8,700	8,900	9,900	9,800	11,200
Putnam	14,800	14,000	15,200	14,500	15,500	15,000
Sullivan	8,900	10,100	8,400	9,600	8,100	9,200
Vermillion	8,400	9,200	9,000	10,000	10,100	11,100
Vigo	54,600	57,800	54,000	55,200	51,800	52,100
TOTAL	106,400	113,300	107,600	113,600	108,000	113,800
%	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
OF INCREASE	1.2	1.6	2.3	1.8	2.7	2.0
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	1.4		2.1		2.3	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 18,375. % of Area Population: 8.5.

TERRE HAUTE REGION - ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Clay	23,933	8,163	34.1	15,770	65.9
Parke	14,600	2,820	19.3	11,780	80.7
Putnam	26,932	8,852	32.9	18,080	67.1
Sullivan	19,889	4,683	23.5	15,206	76.5
Vermillion	16,793	5,340	31.8	11,453	68.2
Vigo	114,528	80,908	70.6	33,620	29.4
TOTALS	216,675	110,766	51.1	105,909	48.9

TERRE HAUTE REGION - ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	68,407	8,006
WHITE	67,169	7,645
BLACK	1,124	328
SPANISH SPEAKING	114	33

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILYHEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	44,932	4,260
NEGRO	1,124	262
SPANISH SPEAKING	114	19

TERRE HAUTE REGION - ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/ TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND- ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Clay None								
Parke Institutional	--	3,368	124	--	9	$ 3,217	$ 3,217	--
Putnam 1 Academic	--	315,239	10,011	10,866	1,372	$257,095	$75,482	$488
1 Institutional	--	5,678	831	--	30	--	--	--
Sullivan None								
Vermillion None								
Vigo 3 Academic	12,525	825,602	44,494	254,198	4,949	$1,405,268	$459,581	--

TERRE HAUTE REGION - ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 7 Totals	43,052	591,023	69,403	20,741	93,140	9,296
Clay	5,135	68,198	9,032	3,095	6,804	1,080
Public	5,082	67,193	8,956	2,985	6,772	1,057
Private	53	1,005	76	110	32	23
Parke	3,496	35,657	3,520	1,352	5,578	530
Public	3,434	35,034	3,282	1,344	4,830	436
Private	62	623	238	8	748	94
Putnam	4,380	68,273	6,251	1,931	5,040	1,032
Public	4,380	68,273	6,251	1,931	5,040	1,032
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan	4,322	54,549	6,192	2,809	5,217	893
Public	4,322	54,549	6,192	2,809	5,217	893
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vermillion	3,809	30,087	7,168	1,859	5,164	670
Public	3,697	29,608	6,952	1,859	5,124	638
Private	112	479	216	0	40	32
Vigo	21,910	334,259	37,240	9,695	65,337	5,091
Public	21,074	321,044	36,296	9,262	61,123	4,864
Private	836	13,215	944	433	4,214	227

TERRE HAUTE REGION - ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS
(Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)

COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Clay	23,933	8,678	15,255	26,585	10.3	17,200
Parke	14,628	5,758	8,870	24,574	11.5	37,779
Putnam	26,932	26,932	0	54,692	64.5	87,242
Sullivan	19,889	19,889	0	93,796	54.2	81,154
Vermillion	16,793	16,793	0	58,559	67.2	69,112
Vigo	114,528	114,528	0	892,020	223.3	254,157
Area 7 TOTAL	216,703	192,578	24,125	1,150,226	431.0	546,644

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

TERRE HAUTE REGION - ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

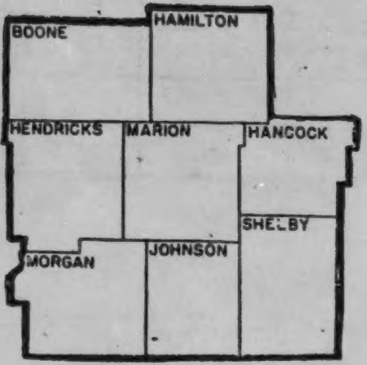
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 7	4,854	208,404	5,453	110	59	4,848	1,350	3,114	45,008	560,139
Clay	0	78	0	0	0	136	0	0	61	0
Parke	343	4,316	0	0	0	491	0	27	347	0
Putnam	0	1,620	0	0	0	398	0	0	798	0
Sullivan	0	0	0	38	0	871	0		301	0
Vermillion	92	2,057	0	10	0	228	0	0	215	0
Vigo	4,419	200,333	5,453	62	59	2,724	1,350	3,114	43,286	560,139
Total Circ.		8,317	7,447	650	14	15,605	10,523	2,452		

TERRE HAUTE REGION - ALSA Area 7 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 7	4	1,083	21	454	30	254	11	33	25	89	2	33	7	-	1	69	26	215	2,230
Clay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parke	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Putnam	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sullivan	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Vermillion	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vigo	3	1,083	20	454	30	254	7	33	23	89	2	33	6	-	1	69	24	215	2,230



INDIANAPOLIS REGION

ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT IV

Counties: Boone, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Marion, Morgan, Shelby

Total Population	1,109,882
% of State Population	21.3
Area in Square Miles	3,072
No. Persons Per Square Mile	361

Population by Race and Sex

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Boone	30,870	30,775	28	67	14,935	15,935
Hamilton	54,532	54,135	272	125	26,630	27,902
Hancock	35,096	35,014	42	40	17,157	17,939
Hendricks	53,974	53,550	348	76	26,966	27,008
Johnson	61,138	59,188	1,834	116	30,714	30,424
Marion	792,299	655,283	134,486	2,530	379,655	412,644
Morgan	44,176	44,089	7	80	21,830	22,346
Shelby	37,797	37,442	318	37	18,349	19,448
Totals	1,109,882	969,476	137,335	3,071	536,236	573,646
% of Totals		87.3	12.0	.03	48.3	51.7

INDIANAPOLIS REGION - ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT IV

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)

AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	206,111	55,872	133,101	60,214	43,497	37,447
FEMALE	198,310	64,873	139,756	64,254	48,180	57,773
TOTALS	404,421	120,745	272,857	124,468	92,171	95,220
% OF AREA POP.	36.4	10.9	25.0	11.2	8.3	8.6

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000
(Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976

COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Boone	16,300	17,400	18,000	19,500	20,100	21,900
Hamilton	39,600	41,700	57,100	61,300	81,700	88,300
Hancock	23,800	24,500	32,400	33,200	42,700	43,400
Hendricks	34,200	35,600	43,300	44,800	54,100	56,500
Johnson	39,900	38,900	53,000	50,400	68,400	63,800
Marion	384,300	420,100	403,000	440,700	414,400	451,400
Morgan	25,600	26,600	30,300	32,400	36,000	38,800
Shelby	20,100	21,200	22,100	23,500	24,100	25,600
TOTAL	583,800	625,000	659,200	705,800	740,500	789,700
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	8.2	8.3	18.7	18.6	27.6	27.4
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	8.2		18.7		27.5	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 70,619. % of Area Population: 6.1.

INDIANAPOLIS REGION - ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT IV

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)					
COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Boone	30,870	9,766	31.6	21,104	68.4
Hamilton	54,532	21,883	40.1	32,649	59.9
Hancock	35,096	10,465	29.8	24,631	70.2
Hendricks	53,974	17,464	32.4	36,510	67.6
Johnson	61,138	34,452	56.4	26,686	43.6
Marion	792,299	790,830	99.8	1,469	.2
Morgan	44,176	15,523	35.1	28,653	64.9
Shelby	37,797	15,094	39.9	22,703	60.1
TOTALS	1,109,882	915,477	82.5	194,405	17.5

INDIANAPOLIS REGION - ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT IV

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	401,444	34,013
WHITE	369,141	27,449
BLACK	30,501	6,360
SPANISH SPEAKING	1,802	

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	282,059	18,243
NEGRO	30,501	5,474
SPANISH SPEAKING	1,802	157

INDIANAPOLIS REGION - ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

SURVEY OF ACAMECIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/ TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND- ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Boone None								
Hamilton None								
Hancock None								
Hendricks 2 Institutional		8,275	200		27			
Johnson 1 - Academic	1,100	90,385	2,350	1,057	564	$116,235	$ 43,625	$ 495
Marion 10 - Academic	40,583	939,160	51,106	119,237	9,731	$2,015,069	$716,146	$8,351
8 Insti.	3,237	51,117	3,001	240	675	$ 125,315	$ 20,680	
10 Special	9,553	107,181	3,023	1,353	2,440	$ 177,687	$ 57,470	$5,270
State Library	5,195,610	442,398	7,675	85,921	40,306	$ 856,366	$123,853	

INDIANAPOLIS REGION - ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT IV

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS						
COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA Totals	2[illegible],987	2,773,983	365,300	107,052	310,422	56,836
Boone	7,773	98,457	8,728	3,027	5,715	1,705
Public	7,773	98,457	8,728	3,027	5,715	1,705
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hamilton	19,726	178,578	24,552	5,706	27,814	3,344
Public	18,955	166,330	23,541	5,210	26,090	3,179
Private	771	12,428	1,011	496	1,724	165
Hancock	10,833	103,716	14,468	3,377	9,814	2,006
Public	10,466	98,531	14,275	3,131	9,662	1,897
Private	367	5,185	193	246	152	109
Hendricks	16,245	152,028	25,305	6,644	20,897	2,903
Public	15,007	136,181	24,112	6,246	19,445	2,516
Private	1,238	15,847	1,193	398	1,452	387
Johnson	19,443	181,861	29,057	9,358	23,392	3,895
Public	19,117	177,168	27,330	7,295	22,029	3,690
Private	326	4,693	1,727	2,063	1,363	205
Marion	170,665	1,845,358	238,503	71,433	201,830	38,775
Public	158,276	1,598,883	212,465	58,174	179,467	35,014
Private	12,389	246,475	26,038	13,259	22,363	3,761
Morgan	11,914	112,434	14,272	4,176	12,296	2,226
Public	11,914	111,784	14,272	4,076	12,295	2,217
Private	0	650	0	100	1	9
Shelby	9,388	101,371	10,365	3,331	8,664	1,982
Public	9,388	96,867	10,365	3,331	8,592	1,925
Private	0	4,504	0	0	72	57

INDIANAPOLIS REGION - ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT IV

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS (Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)						
COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Boone	30,870	19,731	11,139	73,494	48.9	59,556
Hamilton	54,532	48,311	6,221	292,587	168.8	146,337
Hancock	35,096	18,593	16,503	134,263	45.2	51,966
Hendricks	53,974	46,539	7,435	209,830	104.0	130,045
Johnson	61,138	61,138	0	579,174	131.2	140,072
Marion	793,769	793,769	0	5,463,703	2,158.2	1,300,933
Morgan	44,176	44,176	0	149,838	83.6	82,266
Shelby	37,797	37,797	0	86,121	93.8	64,576
Area 8 TOTAL	1,111,352	1,070,054	41,298	6,989,010	2,833.7	1,975,751

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

INDIANAPOLIS REGION - ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT IV

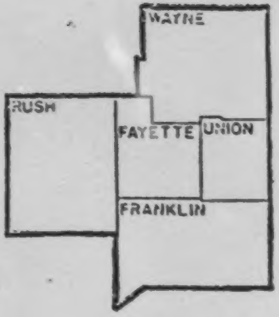
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 8	8,149	27,531	16	314	0	18,242	3,661	0	173,196	3,805,682
Boone	49	268	0	12	0	1,122	9	0	122	0
Hamilton	18	364	0		0	2,501	135	0	4,848	2,065
Hancock	209	2,899	0	28	0	810		0	590	219
Johnson	632	14,062	16	0	0	2,693	281	0	15,932	2,183
Marion	7,168	9,406	0	249	0	8,205	3,236	0	148,762	3,801,215
Morgan	57	55	0	25	0	1,761	0	0	118	0
Shelby	16	477	0	0	0	1,150	10	0	2,824	0
Total Circ.		31,973	0	58	0	82,980	58,185	0		

INDIANAPOLIS REGION - ALSA Area 8 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 8	37	60	37	14	16	3	32	2	14	6	-	-	28	-	3	4	3	-	89
Boone	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hamilton	2	18	2	14	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	32
Hancock	1	-	2	-	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hendricks	3	19	3	-	2	2	3	-	7	6	-	-	4	-	1	4	-	-	31
Johnson	2	18	2	-	1	1	4		2	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	19
Marion	28	5	26	-	10	-	13	-	3	-	-	-	15	-	2	-	3	-	5
Morgan	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shelby	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2



RICHMOND REGION

ALSA Area9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

Counties: Fayette, Franklin, Rush, Union
Wayne

Total Population	149,202
% of State Population	2.9
Area in Square Miles	1,591
No. of Persons Per Square Mile	94

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Fayette	26,216	25,604	490	32	12,833	13,383
Franklin	16,943	16,926	4	13	8,359	8,584
Rush	20,352	20,137	183	32	9,887	10,465
Union	6,582	6,545	30	7	3,229	3,353
Wayne	79,109	75,052	3,835	222	37,947	41,162
Totals	149,202	144,354	4,542	306	72,255	76,947
% of Totals		96.8	3.0	.2	48.4	51.6

RICHMOND REGION - ALSA Area 9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65 & UP
MALE	27,184	6,949	16,619	8,104	6,728	6,671
FEMALE	25,819	8,096	17,280	8,705	7,351	9,696
TOTALS	53,003	15,045	33,899	16,809	14,079	16,367
% OF AREA POP.	35.5	10.1	22.7	11.3	9.4	11.0

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000 (Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976						
COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Fayette	14,200	14,900	15,600	16,400	16,900	17,600
Franklin	8,900	9,500	9,400	10,400	10,100	11,300
Rush	10,700	11,100	11,500	11,800	12,400	12,500
Union	3,300	3,500	3,500	3,700	3,600	3,900
Wayne	38,200	41,900	39,000	43,100	39,200	43,200
TOTAL	75,300	80,900	79,000	85,400	82,200	88,500
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	4.1	4.7	8.6	9.7	12.2	12.9
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	4.4		9.2		12.5	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 12,235. % of Area Population: 8.3.

RICHMOND REGION - ALSA Area 9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Fayette	26,216	17,604	67.1	8,612	32.9
Franklin	16,943	3,194	18.9	13,749	81.1
Rush	20,352	6,686	32.9	13,666	67.1
Union	6,582	--		6,582	100.0
Wayne	79,109	43,999	55.6	35,110	44.4
TOTALS	149,202	71,483	47.9	77,719	52.1

RICHMOND REGION - ALSA Area 9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	No Statistics	
WHITE	Available	
BLACK		
SPANISH SPEAKING		

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	No Statistics	
NEGRO	Available	
SPANISH SPEAKING		

RICHMOND REGION - ALSA Area 9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Fayette None								
Franklin None								
Rush None								
Union None								
Wayne 1 Academic	1,400	213,979	10,478	23,448	1,300	$265,880	$115,299	--
2 Institutional	600	13,000	150	--	28	7,610	75	--

RICHMOND REGION - ALSA Area 9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS						
COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 9 Totals	34,942	395,556	55,750	13,260	13,260	6,882
Fayette	6,512	88,727	10,351	2,656	21,276	1,398
Public	6,294	86,097	10,236	2,311	20,420	1,334
Private	218	2,630	115	345	856	64
Franklin	3,707	40,768	6,379	1,320	2,816	607
Public	3,274	30,920	4,551	902	2,013	416
Private	557	9,848	1,828	418	803	191
Rush	4,189	47,941	7,123	1,570	4,477	650
Public	4,079	45,448	6,972	1,338	4,198	603
Private	110	2,493	151	232	279	47
Union	1,977	20,365	3,668	591	3,301	303
Public	1,977	20,365	3,668	591	3,301	303
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wayne	18,557	197,755	28,229	7,123	20,922	3,924
Public	18,309	188,645	27,099	6,805	19,174	3,811
Private	248	9,110	1,130	318	1,748	113

RICHMOND AREA - ALSA Area 9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI.

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS (Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)						
COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Fayette	26,216	26,216	0	159,137	67.6	61,452
Franklin	19,943	7,032	9,911	28,294	11.4	33,048
Rush	20,352	10,892	9,460	53,190	22.1	39,989
Union	6,582	6,582	0	58,263	15.5	19,319
Wayne	79,109	79,109	0	778,263	192.6	205,188
TOTAL	149,202	129,831	19,371	1,077,748	309.2	358,996

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

RICHMOND REGION - ALSA Area 9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

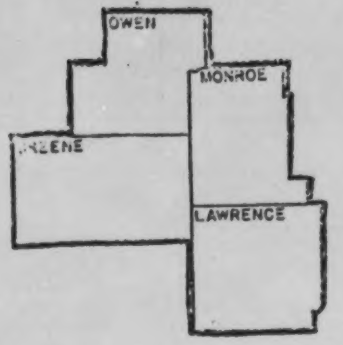
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 9	2,980	30,392	1,276	69	0	10,344	178	2,878	19,978	24,758
Fayette	72	0	0	0	0	3,177	134	0	1,435	0
Franklin	191		276	16	0	1,078	21	0	1,882	800
Rush	0	1,746	34	0	0	523	0	0	589	0
Union	1	1,461	0	13	0	612		0	1,596	11,819
Wayne	2,716	27,185	966	40	0	4,954	23	2,878	14,476	12,139
Total Circ.		2,667	1,947	61	0	15,250	137	0		

RICHMOND REGION - ALSA Area 9 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 9	7	184	9	115	7	15	17	2	8	36	-	-	9	-	-	-	7	-	352
Fayette	1	150	1	75	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	225
Franklin	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2		5
Rush	-	-	1	1	1	8	1	-	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		13
Union	1	32	1	37	1	6	3	2	4	32	-	-	1	-	-	-	-		109
Wayne	4	-	5	-	4	-	11	-	2	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	5		-



BLOOMINGTON REGION

ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

Counties: Greene, Lawrence, Monroe, Owen

Total Population	161,944
% of State Population	3.1
Area in Square Miles	1,784
No. of Persons Per Square Mile	91

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Greene	26,894	26,822	16	56	12,995	13,899
Lawrence	38,038	37,899	102	37	18,312	19,726
Monroe	84,849	82,497	1,437	915	42,003	42,846
Owen	12,163	12,128	21	14	5,965	6,198
Totals	161,944	159,346	1,576	1,022	79,275	82,669
% of Totals		98.4	1.0	.6	49.0	51.0

BLOOMINGTON REGION - ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	24,611	15,771	19,107	7,265	5,941	6,580
FEMALE	23,455	16,979	19,018	7,829	6,623	8,765
TOTALS	48,066	32,750	38,125	15,094	12,564	15,345
% OF AREA POP.	29.6	20.2	23.5	9.4	7.8	9.5

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000 (Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976						
COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Greene	14,300	15,400	15,600	16,900	17,000	18,500
Lawrence	21,100	23,100	23,400	26,000	25,400	28,300
Monroe	46,000	48,100	50,800	54,000	54,700	58,400
Owen	7,000	7,400	8,200	8,700	9,700	10,200
TOTAL	88,400	94,000	98,000	105,600	106,800	115,400
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	10.3	12.1	19.1	21.8	25.7	28.4
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	11.2		20.5		27.1	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 12,051. % of Area Population: 7.4.

BLOOMINGTON REGION - ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)					
COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Greene	26,894	8,015	29.8	18,879	70.2
Lawrence	38,038	17,179	45.2	20,859	54.8
Monroe	84,849	42,890	50.5	41,959	49.5
Owen	12,163	--	0	12,163	100.0
TOTALS	161,944	68,084	42.0	93,860	58.0

BLOOMINGTON REGION - ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	No Statistics	
WHITE	Available	
BLACK		
SPANISH SPEAKING		

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	No Statistics	
NEGRO	Available	
SPANISH SPEAKING		

BLOOMINGTON REGION - ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/ TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND- ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Greene None								
Lawrence None								
Monroe 2 Academic	40,000	2,910,545	137,457	665,128	19,950	$4,463,821	$1,431,150	--
Owen None								

BLOOMINGTON REGION - ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 10 Totals	33,541	362,507	36,835	10,652	27,256	5,728
Greene	6,591	86,082	14,777	3,127	6,380	949
Public	6,591	86,082	14,777	3,127	6,380	949
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lawrence	9,360	86,198	5,766	1,839	6,480	1,596
Public	9,231	85,374	5,746	1,708	6,287	1,540
Private	129	824	20	131	193	56
Monroe	14,878	163,347	14,154	4,535	11,042	2,823
Public	14,604	160,624	13,485	4,459	10,561	2,753
Private	183	2,723	669	76	481	70
Owen	2,813	26,880	2,138	1,151	3,354	360
Public	2,813	26,880	2,138	1,151	3,354	360
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0

BLOOMINGTON REGION - ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS
(Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)

COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Greene	26,894	18,169	8,725	43,082	27.2	60,932
Lawrence	38,038	38,038	0	105,359	73.6	46,675
Monroe	85,221	85,221	0	761,811	183.4	140,411
Owen	12,163	12,163	0	29,601	20.6	23,355
Area 10 TOTAL	162,316	153,591	8,725	939,853	304.8	271,373

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

BLOOMINGTON REGION - ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

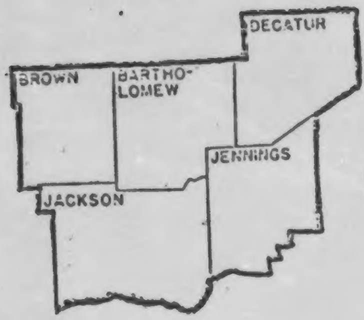
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA-10	701	13,664	200	91	483	8,822	971	0	46,846	13,818
Greene	0	80	0	0	0	321	0	0	213	0
Lawrence	65	1,361	0	25	33	316	36	0	2,386	1,807
Monroe	636	12,223	200	66	450	8,170	935	0	44,172	12,011
Owen	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	75	0
Total Circ.		5,455	0	328	99	31,690	8,874	0		

BLOOMINGTON REGION - ALSA Area 10 - LIBRARY DISTRICT V

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 10	12	690	6	30	4	110	6	52	17	35	13	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	917
Greene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawrence	1	-	2	30	1	-	3	52	2	20	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	102
Monroe B	11	690	3	-	2	110	2	-	11	-	13	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	800
Owen	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	4	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15



COLUMBUS REGION

ALSA Area 11 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

Counties: Bartholomew, Brown,
Decatur, Jackson, Jennings

Total Population	141,458
% of State Population	2.7
Area in Square Miles	1,988
No. Persons Per Square Mile	71

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Bartholomew	57,022	56,396	513	113	27,849	29,173
Brown	9,057	9,023	20	14	4,439	4,618
Decatur	22,738	22,706	4	28	10,995	11,743
Jackson	33,187	33,002	147	38	16,121	17,066
Jennings	19,454	19,188	230	36	9,763	9,691
Totals	141,458	140,315	914	229	69,167	72,291
% of Totals		99.2	.6	.2	48.9	51.1

COLUMBUS REGION - ALSA Area 11 - DISTRICT VI

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65 & UP
MALE	26,845	6,351	17,388	7,185	5,735	5,663
FEMALE	25,848	7,604	17,683	7,482	6,089	7,535
TOTALS	52,693	13,955	35,071	14,667	11,824	13,243
% OF AREA POP.	37.2	9.8	24.8	10.4	8.4	9.4

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000
(Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976

COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Bartholomew	30,400	32,300	33,400	36,300	36,300	39,900
Brown	5,300	5,300	6,500	6,400	8,100	7,700
Decatur	11,500	12,600	12,700	14,100	14,200	15,800
Jackson	17,000	18,800	18,100	20,600	19,100	22,100
Jennings	11,200	11,000	12,800	12,700	14,700	14,400
TOTAL	75,400	80,000	83,500	90,100	92,400	99,900
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	8.4	9.6	17.2	19.6	25.2	27.6
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	9.0		18.5		26.4	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 11,345. % of Area Population: 8.0.

COLUMBUS REGION - ALSA Area 11 - LIBRARY DISCTICT VI

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Bartholomew	57,022	27,591	48.4	29,431	51.6
Brown	9,057	0	0	9,057	100.0
Decatur	22,738	8,620	37.9	14,118	62.1
Jackson	33,187	13,352	40.2	19,835	59.8
Jennings	19,454	4,582	26.6	14,872	76.4
TOTALS	141,458	54,145	38.3	87,313	61.7

COLUMBUS REGION - ALSA Area 11 - LIBRARY DISTRICT

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	No Statistics	
WHITE	Available	
BLACK		
SPANISH SPEAKING		

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	No Statistics	
NEGRO	Available	
SPANISH SPEAKING		

COLUMBUS REGION - ALSA Area 11 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Bartholomew 1 Special	10,000	6,500	500	11,000	661	$200,000	$ 55,500	--
Brown None								
Decautr None								
Jackson None								
Jennings 1 Institutional	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

COLUMBUS REGION - ALSA Area 11 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 11 Total:	38,397	336,886	55,878	14,562	46,567	8,900
Bartholomew	15,318	161,599	33,413	7,380	26,218	4,274
Public	14,448	14,794	31,190	6,907	25,155	4,041
Private	870	13,685	2,223	473	1,063	233
Brown	2,595	16,545	1,606	492	2,139	225
Public	2,595	16,545	1,606	492	2,139	225
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Decatur	5,557	56,525	7,370	2,409	7,649	2,683
Public	5,302	51,291	6,058	2,228	5,583	854
Private	255	5,234	1,312	180	2,066	1,829
Jackson	7,656	74,999	7,167	3,207	5,733	1,231
Public	7,274	68,614	6,550	2,946	4,263	1,068
Private	382	6,385	617	261	1,470	163
Jennings	5,271	27,218	6,322	1,075	4,828	487
Public	5,052	23,710	5,780	905	4,499	432
Private	219	3,508	542	170	329	55

COLUMBUS REGION - ALSA Area 11 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS
(Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)

COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Bartholomew	57,022	57,022	0	477,396	184.5	122,440
Brown	9,057	9,057	0	14,043	19.6	22,723
Decatur	22,738	11,112	11,626	49,921	13.8	39,054
Jackson	33,187	33,187	0	207,116	71.9	90,293
Jennings	19,454	19,454	0	71,848	31.9	49,921
Area 11 TOTAL	141,458	129,832	11,626	820,324	321.7	324,431

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

COLUMBUS REGION - ALSA Area 11 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 11	599	4,156	311	635	0	5,651	869	462	32,729	186,796
Bartholomew	35	559	0	326	0	1,366	318	13	18,751	0
Brown	37	0	0	18	0	269	0	0	78	0
Decatur	0	3,252	13	57	0	836	25	0	529	42
Jackson	273	99	265	110	0	2,421	183	263	7,043	91,104
Jennings	254	246	33	124	0	759	343	186	6,328	95,650
Total Circ:		8,387	540	884	0	15,213	5,667	2,038		

COLUMBUS REGION - ALSA Area 11 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 11	7	229	8	241	8	88	12	15	6	1	1	-	6	-	2	-	2	-	574
Bartholomew	2	-	3	-	4	-	5	-	2	-	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-
Brown	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Decatur	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Jackson	2	217	2	229	1	83	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	529
Jennings	3	12	3	12	3	5	1	-	3	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	30

LAWRENCEBURG - MADISON REGION

ALSA Area 12 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

Counties: Dearborn, Jefferson, Ohio,
Ripley, Switzerland

Total Population	88,169
% of State Population	1.7
Area in Square Miles	1,422
No. of Persons Per Square Mile	62

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Dearborn	29,430	29,182	202	46	14,414	15,016
Jefferson	27,006	26,562	388	56	13,005	14,001
Ohio	4,289	4,223	58	8	2,065	2,224
Ripley	21,138	21,103	4	31	10,374	10,764
Switzerland	6,306	6,293	1	12	3,117	3,189
Totals	88,169	87,363	653	153	42,975	45,194
% of Totals		99.1	.7	.2	48.7	51.3

LAWRENCEBURG-MADISON REGION - ALSA Area 12 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	15,756	4,158	9,619	4,800	4,128	4,514
FEMALE	15,325	4,704	10,029	4,991	4,311	5,834
TOTALS	31,081	8,862	19,648	9,791	8,439	10,338
% OF AREA POP.	35.3	10.0	22.3	11.1	9.6	11.7

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000
(Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976

COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Dearborn	15,800	16,600	16,900	18,200	18,200	19,700
Jefferson	13,800	15,200	15,000	16,700	16,100	18,200
Ohio	2,400	2,800	2,700	3,400	3,100	4,100
Ripley	11,500	12,300	12,700	14,000	14,100	15,600
Switzerland	3,300	3,600	3,300	3,800	3,400	4,000
TOTAL	46,800	50,500	50,600	56,100	54,900	61,600
%	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
OF INCREASE	8.1	10.5	15.0	19.4	21.7	26.6
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	9.4		17.4		24.3	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 8,346, % of Area Population: 9.5

LAWRENCEBURG-MADISON REGION - ALSA Area 12 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Dearborn	29,430	12,712	43.2	16,718	56.8
Jefferson	27,006	16,099	59.6	10,907	40.4
Ohio	4,289	0		4,289	100.0
Ripley	21,138	3,469	16.4	17,669	83.4
Switzerland	6,306	0		6,306	100.0
TOTALS	88,169	32,280	36.6	55,889	63.4

LAWRENCEBURG-MADISON REGION - ALSA AREA 12 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	9,196	1,047
WHITE	9,150	1,035
BLACK	38	4
SPANISH SPEAKING	8	8

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S
(1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	7,555	666
NEGRO	38	4
SPANISH SPEAKING	8	8

LAWRENCE-MADISON REGION - ALSA Area - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/ TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND- ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Dearborn None								
Jefferson 1 Academic	1,411	136,937	6,750	14,180	1,593	$185,525	$76,522	$ 1,897
2 Institutional	800	6,431	426	--	100	$ 8,148	$ 1,334	$ 174
Ohio None								
Ripley None								
Switzerland None								

LAWRENCE-MADISON REGION - ALSA Area 12 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 12 Totals	23,513	251,209	34,396	13,600	23,706	4,020
Dearborn	8,569	82,479	11,452	5,005	5,389	1,418
Public	8,117	72,823	9,663	4,106	4,445	1,272
Private	452	9,656	1,789	899	944	146
Jefferson	6,352	80,547	8,626	3,312	8,713	1,200
Public	5,919	71,331	8,028	2,974	8,302	1,119
Private	433	9,216	598	338	411	81
Ohio	1,130	8,243	1,115	446	2,174	123
Public	1,130	8,243	1,115	446	2,174	123
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ripley	5,887	73,694	12,187	4,595	7,256	1,213
Public	5,309	60,362	10,294	4,036	5,668	1,007
Private	578	13,332	1,893	559	1,588	206
Switzerland	1,575	6,246	1,016	242	234	66
Public	1,575	6,246	1,016	242	234	66
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0

LAWRENCEBURG-MADISON REGION - ALSA Area 12 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS
(Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)

COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Dearborn	29,430	16,296	13,134	112,210	69.6	45,714
Jefferson	27,006	27,006	0	170,067	74.2	108,591
Ohio	4,289	4,289	0	17,924	6.5	20,453
Ripley	21,138	7,983	13,155	82,307	12.9	40,240
Switzerland	6,306	6,306	0	32,630	16.5	28,884
Area 12 TOTAL	88,169	61,880	26,289	415,138	179.7	243,882

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

LAWRENCEBURG-MADISON REGION - ALSA Area 12 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

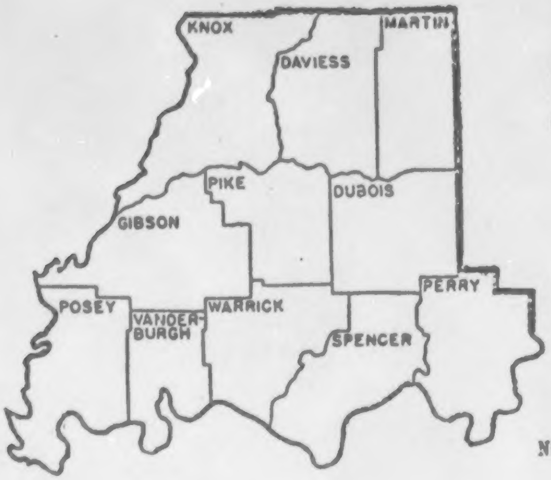
SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 12	686	6,247	814	427	0	5,061	479	852	10,567	68,697
Dearborn	343		784	161	0	2,383	116	50	3,723	0
Jefferson	294	4,820	30	136	0	1,629	356	800	4,913	68,193
Ohio	0	0	0	70	0	386	7	0	847	504
Ripley	0	676	0	60	0	407	0	0	532	0
Switzerland	49	751	0	0	0	256	0	2	552	0
Total Circ.		774	43	226	0	7,932	1,592			

LAWRENCEBURG-MADISON REGION - ALSA Area 12 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VI

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 12	2	-	5	-	5	6	10	4	5	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	1	-	10
Dearborn	1	-	2	-	3	6	3	4	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	10
Jefferson	1	-	2	-	2	-	5	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ripley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-



EVANSVILLE REGION

ALSA Area 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

Counties: Daviess, Dubois,
Gibson, Knox, Martin, Perry
Pike, Posey, Spencer
Vanderburg, Warrick

Total Population	407,469
% of State Population	7.8
Area in Square Miles	4,381
No. of Persons Per Square Mile	93

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Daviess	26,602	26,450	123	29	12,769	13,833
Dubois	30,934	30,879	12	43	15,113	15,821
Gibson	30,444	29,742	653	49	14,673	15,771
Knox	41,546	41,117	350	79	20,233	21,313
Martin	10,969	10,906	24	39	5,379	5,590
Perry	19,075	18,967	84	24	9,493	9,582
Pike	12,281	12,261	14	6	5,940	6,341
Posey	21,740	21,421	297	22	10,694	11,046
Spencer	17,134	16,938	168	28	8,750	8,384
Vanderburg	168,772	158,188	10,279	305	79,751	89,021
Warrick	27,972	27,754	186	32	13,754	14,218
Totals	407,469	394,623	12,190	656	196,549	210,920
% of Totals		96.8	3.0	.2	48.2	51.8

EVANSVILLE REGION - ALSA Area 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	71,486	20,009	43,801	22,103	18,966	20,184
FEMALE	68,167	22,158	46,546	24,385	21,450	28,214
TOTALS	139,653	42,167	90,347	46,488	40,416	48,398
% OF AREA POP.	34.3	10.3	22.2	11.4	9.9	11.9

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000 (Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976						
COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Daviess	13,000	14,100	13,200	14,300	13,300	14,300
Dubois	16,100	17,300	17,400	19,100	18,700	20,800
Gibson	15,700	17,100	16,400	18,300	17,200	19,200
Knox	19,900	20,300	19,300	19,200	18,800	17,900
Martin	5,300	5,700	5,200	5,800	5,000	5,800
Perry	9,600	9,600	9,800	9,900	10,100	10,100
Pike	5,700	6,400	5,600	6,400	5,500	6,400
Posey	12,100	12,400	13,800	14,300	16,100	16,400
Spencer	9,400	9,300	10,200	10,400	11,100	11,800
Vanderburg	75,100	84,900	71,900	81,500	68,000	76,400
Warrick	20,200	20,800	28,000	29,100	38,200	39,700
TOTAL	202,100	217,900	210,800	228,300	222,000	238,800
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	2.7	2.9	6.7	7.2	11.4	7.4
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	2.7		7.2		11.5	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 36,490. % of Area Population: 9.0

EVANSVILLE REGION - ALSA Area 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)					
COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Daviess	26,602	11,358	42.7	15,244	57.3
Dubois	30,934	13,435	43.4	17,499	56.6
Gibson	30,444	13,255	43.5	17,189	56.5
Knox	41,546	23,584	56.8	17,962	43.2
Martin	10,969	2,953	26.9	8,016	73.1
Perry	19,075	7,933	41.6	11,142	58.4
Pike	12,281	2,697	22.0	9,584	78.0
Posey	21,740	6,770	31.1	14,970	68.9
Spencer	17,134	2,565	15.0	14,569	85.0
Vanderburgh	168,772	142,476	84.4	26,296	15.6
Warrick	27,972	5,736	20.5	22,236	79.5
TOTALS	407,469	232,762	57.1	174,707	42.9

EVANSVILLE REGION - ALSA AREA 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	69,700	7,948
WHITE	67,076	7,164
BLACK	2,453	774
SPANISH SPEAKING	171	11

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	51,574	4,270
NEGRO	2,453	637
SPANISH SPEAKING	171	5

EVANSVILLE REGION - ALSA Area 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

SURVEY OF ACAMECIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/ TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND- ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Daviess None								
Dubois 1 Academic	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Gibson 1 Academic	800	56,523	1,407	344	346	$ 33,093	$ 14,249	$ 233
Knox 1 Academic	3,000	41,111	2,276	1,681	342	$110,550	24,000	4,000
2 Special	---	14,886	136	209	24	---	---	---
Martin 1 Special	4,000	---	500	400,000	525	$100,000	$81,846	$14,000
Perry None								
Pike None								
Posey None								
Spencer 1 Academic	500	88,932	5,785	4,000	1,200	$ 84,891	$34,590	---
Vanderburgh 1 Academic	---	167,000	15,955	34,600	1,269	$335,091	$118,025	---
4 Institutional	100	9,255	235	---	663	$ 1,000	$ 1,000	---
3 Special	10,121	36,757	1,414	3,640	1,152	$ 478	478	---
Warrick None								

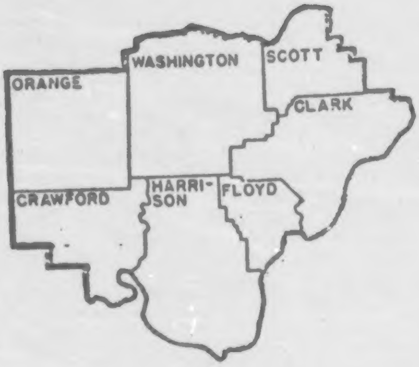
EVANSVILLE REGION - ALSA Area 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS						
COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 13 Totals	93,463	1,070,297	145,636	53,542	94,735	19,876
Daviess	5,432	82,313	8,680	3,014	4,966	1,393
Public	5,050	71,113	7,840	2,574	4,200	1,225
Private	382	11,200	840	440	766	168
Dubois	8,824	101,045	17,459	9,540	13,218	1,753
Public	8,055	69,485	14,659	7,043	11,296	1,496
Private	769	31,560	2,800	2,497	1,922	256
Gibson	7,252	61,218	9,460	3,225	6,432	1,274
Public	6,623	50,459	8,680	2,527	5,853	1,096
Private	629	10,759	780	698	579	178
Knox	8,474	109,212	10,893	5,610	8,113	2,346
Public	7,836	91,941	9,500	5,002	5,474	2,109
Private	638	17,271	1,393	608	2,639	237
Martin	2,686	32,017	3,498	460	2,195	428
Public	2,686	32,017	3,498	460	2,195	428
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Perry	4,528	46,542	8,264	1,577	5,441	470
Public	4,528	46,542	8,264	1,577	5,441	470
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pike	2,852	12,568	2,704	537	3,174	405
Public	2,852	12,568	2,704	537	3,174	405
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Posey	5,816	74,162	3,096	3,023	6,130	1,094
Public	5,436	65,795	2,380	2,785	5,425	990
Private	380	8,367	716	238	705	104
Spencer	4,488	53,212	9,356	3,180	4,369	831
Public	4,360	50,306	9,130	3,040	4,024	786
Private	128	2,906	226	140	345	45
Vanderburg	34,444	421,289	65,206	21,321	36,044	8,560
Public	28,944	329,253	56,472	16,581	27,828	6,937
Private	5,500	92,036	8,734	4,740	8,216	1,623
Warrick	8,667	76,719	6,990	2,055	4,653	1,323
Public	8,667	73,351	6,859	1,825	4,073	1,250
Private	0	3,368	131	230	580	73

EVANSVILLE REGION - ALSA Area 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS (Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)						
COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Daviess	26,502	19,071	7,531	75,396	26.5	36,461
Dubois	30,934	30,934	0	172,552	82.0	127,000
Gibson	30,444	22,357	8,087	140,091	34.9	88,876
Knox	41,546	41,546	0	122,560	80.4	108,636
Martin	10,969	9,746	1,223	29,823	16.6	24,044
Perry	19,075	19,075	0	84,967	30.6	55,866
Pike	12,281	12,281	0	88,811	56.6	23,844
Posey	21,740	17,432	4,308	70,791	70.4	52,641
Spencer	17,134	17,134	0	27,258	31.7	18,613
Vanderburgh	168,772	168,772	0	1,152,273	622.1	539,292
Warrick	27,972	27,972	0	116,711	151.8	67,411
TOTAL	407,469	386,320	21,149	2,081,233	1,203.6	1,142,774

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED



NEW ALBANY REGION

ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

Counties: Clark, Crawford, Floyd,
Harrison, Orange, Scott,
Washington

Total Population	213,344
% of State Population	4.1
Area in Square Miles	2,438
No. of Persons Per Square Mile	88

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Clark	75,876	72,355	3,388	133	36,897	38,979
Crawford	8,033	8,018	--	15	4,013	4,020
Floyd	55,622	53,457	2,105	60	26,613	29,009
Harrison	20,423	20,282	119	22	10,085	10,338
Orange	16,968	16,827	126	15	8,467	8,501
Scott	17,144	17,105	6	33	8,452	8,692
Washington	19,278	19,252	2	24	9,416	9,862
Totals	213,344	207,296	5,746	302	103,943	109,401
% of Totals		97.2	2.7	.1	48.7	51.3

NEW ALBANY REGION - ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	39,110	10,245	24,603	11,666	9,072	9,247
FEMALE	37,625	11,987	25,826	12,142	9,702	12,119
TOTALS	76,735	22,232	50,429	23,808	18,774	21,366
% OF AREA POP.	36.0	10.4	23.6	11.2	8.8	10.0

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000
(Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976

COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Clark	42,800	45,600	49,900	53,700	57,400	61,700
Crawford	4,700	4,600	5,200	5,000	5,700	5,400
Floyd	28,700	32,100	30,800	35,100	32,700	37,400
Harrison	13,200	13,700	16,500	17,300	20,100	21,200
Orange	8,800	8,800	9,100	9,400	9,300	9,600
Scott	10,100	10,600	11,600	12,500	13,000	14,100
Washington	9,900	10,700	10,500	11,700	11,300	12,800
TOTAL	118,200	126,100	133,500	144,700	149,500	162,200
%	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
OF INCREASE	12.0	13.2	22.2	24.4	30.4	32.6
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	12.7		23.3		31.6	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 18,177. % of Area Population: 8.5

NEW ALBANY REGION - ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)

COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Clark	75,876	52,153	68.7	23,723	31.3
Crawford	8,033	0		8,033	100.0
Floyd	55,622	38,402	69.0	17,220	31.0
Harrison	20,423	2,719	13.3	17,704	86.7
Orange	16,968	3,281	19.3	13,687	80.7
Scott	17,144	9,693	56.5	7,451	43.5
Washington	19,278	5,041	26.1	14,237	73.9
TOTALS	213,344	111,289	52.2	102,055	47.8

NEW ALBANY REGION - ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISCTICT VII

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census)
(Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	43,257	4,132
WHITE	41,991	3,825
BLACK	1,156	301
SPANISH SPEAKING	110	6

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)

ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILY HEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	34,183	2,457
NEGRO	1,156	250
SPANISH SPEAKING	110	6

NEW ALBANY REGION - ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES
(Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)

COUNTY/NUMBER/TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND-ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Clark I Institutional	--	--	107	--	--	--	—	--
Crawford None								
Floyd 1 Academic	3,500	69,893	2,360	8,289	599	$166,251	$66,130	--
1 Institutional	100	290	50	--	13	3,295	500	$850
Harrison None								
Orange 1 Academic	200	14,753	638	0	165	$ 17,732	$ 3,779	$374
Scott None								
Washington None								

NEW ALBANY REGION - ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
AREA 14 Totals	56,519	584,853	66,153	21,526	60,818	9,131
Clark	21,269	224,018	29,846	8,392	27,445	3,222
Public	19,602	202,145	27,871	7,657	25,878	2,877
Private	1,667	21,873	1,975	735	1,567	345
Crawford	1,945	12,941	1,027	283	689	229
Public	1,945	12,941	1,027	283	689	229
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Floyd	13,892	133,628	10,316	7,091	16,413	3,107
Public	12,291	118,405	9,029	6,555	13,964	2,752
Private	1,601	15,223	1,287	536	2,449	355
Harrison	5,811	81,228	8,418	2,106	5,037	904
Public	5,811	81,228	8,418	2,106	5,037	904
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange	3,838	38,224	5,804	1,319	3,202	596
Public	3,838	38,224	5,804	1,319	3,202	596
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scott	4,790	44,570	5,578	1,040	2,868	342
Public	4,790	44,570	5,578	1,040	2,868	342
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Washington	4,974	50,244	5,164	1,295	5,164	731
Public	4,974	50,244	5,164	1,295	5,164	731
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0

NEW ALBANY REGION - ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS
(Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)

COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Clark	75,876	55,451	20,425	402,398	84.6	107,957
Crawford	8,033	8,033	0	16,321	13.4	27,781
Floyd	55,622	55,622	0	371,885	109.8	103,837
Harrison	20,423	6,241	14,182	21,373	10.8	15,701
Orange	16,968	16,630	338	42,799	32.7	45,707
Scott	17,144	17,144	0	75,247	29.0	36,111
Washington	19,278	8,025	11,253	51,097	18.3	19,002
Area 14 TOTAL	213,344	167,146	46,198	981,110	298.6	356,096

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

NEW ALBANY REGION - ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

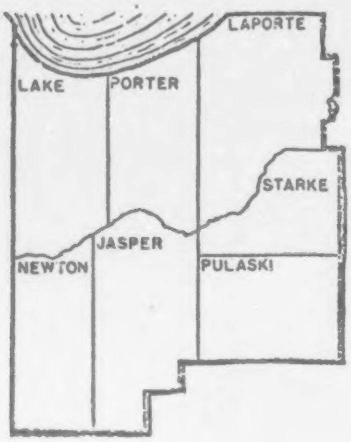
COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 14	1,309	77,068	260	116	0	9,517	848	249	33,036	80,383
Clark	17	7,865	0	0	0	3,140	368	249	3,539	5,282
Crawford	0	0	0	23	0	481	0	0	536	0
Floyd	1,002	54,263	260	53	0	3,513	246	0	23,661	2,780
Harrison	27	860	0	0	0	615	0	0	808	0
Orange	0	965	0	0	0	753	5	0	1,094	40
Scott	93	1,615	0	27	0	715	229	0	3,148	72,311
Washington	170	11,500	0	13	0	300	0	0	250	0
Total Circ.		3,603	0	0	0	21,932	7,418	83		

NEW ALBANY REGION - ALSA Area 14 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 14	7	11	7	8	4	-	12	-	4	-	-	-	11	-	3	-	6	1	20
Clark	3	11	3	8	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	1	20
Crawford	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Floyd	4	-	4	-	3	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	2	-	5	-	-
Harrison	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Orange	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scott	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

GARY REGION - ALSA Area 1 - Library District I



Counties: Jasper, Lake, LaPorte, Newton,
Porter, Pulaski, Starke

Total Population (1970)	802,558
% of State Population	15.5
Area Square Miles	3,263
No. Persons Per Square Mile	246

Population by Race and Sex (U.S. Census 1970)

County	Total	White	Negro	Others	Male	Female
Jasper	20,429	20,272	24	133	10,509	9,920
Lake	546,253	431,883	112,014	2,356	268,016	278,237
LaPorte	105,342	97,980	7,037	325	52,189	53,153
Newton	11,606	11,571	9	26	5,686	5,920
Porter	87,114	86,745	160	209	43,434	43,680
Pulaski	12,534	12,405	60	69	6,165	6,369
Starke	19,280	19,179	44	57	9,529	9,751
Totals	802,558	680,035	119,348	3,175	395,528	407,030
% of Total		84.7	14.9	.4	49.3	50.7

EVANSVILLE REGION - ALSA Area 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA 13	4,408	55,767	779	48	0	23,141	1,648	3,030	75,312	204,127
Daviess	747	539	0	12	0	1,610		0	2,609	1,520
Dubois	182	12,552	0	17	0	679	100	0	446	1,575
Gibson	172	1,366	0	0	0	216	0	0	311	0
Knox	865	4,325	779	0	0	7,994	276	0	21,704	41,729
Martin	0	3,934	0	0	0	390	0	0	393	0
Perry	0	413	0	0	0	1,300	0	0	845	
Pike	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Posey	138	1,053	0	19	0	273	0	0	1,286	0
Spencer	61	85	0	0	0	490	0	0	365	0
Vanderburg	2,253	31,500	0	0	0	9,440	1,010	2,945	45,781	159,303
Warrick	0	0	0	0	0	799	262	85	1,579	0
Total Circ.		1,379	0	0	0	60,470	13,470	0		

EVANSVILLE REGION - ALSA Area 13 - LIBRARY DISTRICT VII

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	Own	Circ	
AREA 13	13	44	12	1	4	-	18	11	9	2	1	-	25	-	1	-	20	-	58
Daviess	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dubois	1	1	2	1	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
Gibson	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Knox	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	-
Martin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Perry	1	43	1	-	1	-	2	10	3	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	55
Pike	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Posey	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1
Spencer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vanderburg	8	-	6	-	1	-	8	-	3	-	1	-	14	-	-	-	14	-	-
Warrick	1	-	1	-		-	1	-		-		-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

GARY REGION - ALSA Area 1 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE (U.S. Census 1970)						
AGE	0-17	18-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65& UP
MALE	153,206	41,132	94,223	46,434	33,816	26,717
FEMALE	149,505	45,571	97,294	47,597	33,604	33,459
TOTALS	302,711	86,703	191,517	94,031	67,420	60,176
% OF AREA POP.	37.7	10.8	23.9	11.7	8.4	7.5

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY SEX 1980 - 2000
(Ind. Co. Population Proj. 1975-2000 State Board of Health 1976

COUNTY	1980		1990		2000	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Jasper	13,200	12,500	15,000	15,100	16,900	17,500
Lake	269,400	289,700	274,800	304,000	276,300	309,500
LaPorte	52,700	55,400	55,000	59,300	57,500	62,500
Newton	7,300	7,600	8,800	9,100	10,400	10,600
Porter	53,200	54,500	69,000	71,700	88,600	92,700
Pulaski	6,400	6,800	6,700	7,200	7,000	7,600
Starke	11,000	11,600	12,100	13,300	13,300	14,800
Totals	413,200	438,100	441,400	479,700	470,000	515,200
% OF INCREASE	1970-1980		1970-1990		1970-2000	
	4.3	7.1	10.4	15.1	15.9	21.0
TOTAL % OF INCREASE	5.7		12.9		18.5	

Number of Persons Living in Families with Income Under Poverty Level: 54,858. % of Population: 6.8.

GARY REGION - ALSA Area 1 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

URBAN/RURAL POPULATION (U.S. Census 1970)					
COUNTY	TOTAL	URBAN	% OF TOTAL	RURAL	% OF TOTAL
Jasper	20,429	4,688	22.9	15,741	77.1
Lake	546,253	516,075	94.5	30,178	5.5
LaPorte	105,342	69,560	66.0	35,782	34.0
Newton	11,606	-0-	.0	11,606	100.0
Porter	87,114	55,726	64.0	31,388	36.0
Pulaski	12,534	-0-	.0	12,534	100.00
Starke	19,280	3,519	18.3	15,761	81.7
TOTALS	802,558	649,568	80.9	152,990	19.1

INCOME STATUS IN 1969 BY INDIANA SMSA (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	ALL PERSONS WITH INCOME	WITH INCOME UNDER $4,000
ALL PERSONS	227,043	21,536
WHITE	194,777	15,313
BLACK	24,799	5,404
SPANISH SPEAKING	7,467	819

POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF FAMILY HEADS BY INDIANA SMSA'S (1970 Census) (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area)		
ALSA AREA	TOTAL FAMILYHEADS	WITH INCOME BELOW POVERTY LINE
ALL FAMILY HEADS	156,168	10,969
NEGRO	24,799	4,798
SPANISH SPEAKING	7,467	746

GARY REGION - ALSA Area 1 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

SURVEY OF ACADEMIC, SPECIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARY MATERIALS AND EXPENDITURES (Statistics on Indiana Libraries - 1975)								
COUNTY/NUMBER/ TYPE LIBRARY	TOTAL NUMBER SERVED	TOTAL NUMBER VOLUMES	VOLUMES ADDED PER YEAR	TOTAL NO. OF MICROFORMS	PERIODICAL RECEIVED	TOTAL EXPEND-ITURES	EXP. FOR PRINTED MATERIALS	EXPENDITURES FOR NON-PRINT MATERIALS
Jasper 1 - Academic	1,500	172,173	4,324	24,793	584	$140,743	$ 40,408	$2,606
Lake 3 - Academic	7,000	278,007	20,587	151,257	2,892	$628,194	$251,182	$3,888
LaPorte 3-Institutional	7,211	27,346	2,416	0	223	$ 29,405	$ 2,429	$ 20
Newton None								
Porter 1 -Academic	Not Reported	287,296	11,997	33,437	1,350	$354,645	$152,471	$1,400
Pulaski 1-Institutional	55	2,400	--	--	--	--	--	--
Starke None								

GARY REGION - AISA Area 1 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

SURVEY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS						
COUNTY PUBLIC/PRIVATE	TOTAL ENROLLMENT	PRINT MATERIAL	FILM FILM STRIPS SLIDES	RECORDS CASSETTES TAPES	MISC.	EQUIPMENT
Area 1 TOTALS	202,629	2,428,304	333,168	89,599	270,077	42,581
Jasper	5,276	60,183	9,678	2,289	7,398	1,100
Public	4,833	50,383	9,021	1,808	6,930	1,008
Private	433	9,245	657	481	468	92
Lake	133,254	1,613,717	220,814	57,015	173,824	27,406
Public	120,180	1,441,449	193,490	47,205	149,727	24,305
Private	13,074	172,268	27,324	9,810	24,097	3,101
LaPorte	26,358	280,428	34,687	12,416	30,771	6,034
Public	24,188	237,195	29,278	10,972	27,984	5,542
Private	2,170	43,233	5,409	1,444	2,787	492
Newton	3,354	40,159	4,904	1,980	3,201	667
Public	3,354	40,159	4,904	1,980	3,201	667
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Porter	25,534	333,061	44,944	11,079	40,010	5,551
Public	24,658	320,661	43,268	10,488	38,059	5,314
Private	876	12,400	1,676	591	1,951	237
Pulaski	2,922	46,735	7,617	2,759	8,879	924
Public	2,922	46,735	7,617	2,759	8,879	924
Private	0	0	0	0	0	0
Starke	5,215	49,021	10,524	2,061	5,994	899
Public	5,111	47,190	9,976	1,620	5,044	840
Private	104	1,831	548	441	950	59

PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS (Statistics of Indiana Libraries 1975)						
COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION	POPULATION SERVED	POPULATION UNSERVED	LIBRARY INCOME	ASSESSED* VALUATION	VOLUMES IN LIBRARY
Jasper	20,429	20,429	0	66,915	63.3	54,480
Lake	546,253	546,253	0	5,620,350	1,288.4	1,431,269
LaPorte	105,342	105,342	0	2,747,393	273.8	261,709
Newton	11,606	11,606	0	82,474	43.3	78,653
Porter	87,114	87,114	0	875,656	399.8	165,586
Pulaski	12,534	12,534	0	111,385	46.6	57,367
Starke	19,280	19,280	0	81,158	48.6	27,420
Area I TOTAL	802,558	802,558	0	9,585,331	2,163.8	2,076,489

*ASSESSED VALUATION IN MILLIONS OF AREA SERVED

GARY REGION - ALSA Area I - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

SURVEY OF NON-PRINT MATERIAL
PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MICRO FORMS	UNCATALOGED PAMPLETS, MAPS PICTURES, ETC.	SLIDES	FILMSTRIPS	VIDEO TAPES	SOUND RECORDINGS	FILM (INCLUDES BORROWED)	OTHER	TOTAL CIRCULATION	ATTENDANCE AT FILM SHOWING
AREA I	17,027	140,718	4,273	1,579	25	63,138	5,357	1,101	256,339	1,621,322
Jasper	96	71	40	51	0	1,415	0	40	3,125	4,141
Lake	12,640	102,330	3,358	959	25	43,220	4,481	172	210,981	1,541,708
LaPorte	2,892	13,647	0	254	0	7,959	649	49	12,827	71,025
Newton	204	4,023	0	8	0	926	39	74	1,311	4,448
Porter	1,132	8,184	720	248	0	5,089	168	328	23,008	0
Pulaski	63	10,455	155	59	0	3,778	20	438	4,487	0
Starke	0	2,008	0	0	0	751	0	0	600	0
Total Circ.		39,898	2,365	6,496	0	125,096	79,724	2,760		

GARY REGION - ALSA Area 1 - LIBRARY DISTRICT I

SURVEY OF EQUIPMENT IN PUBLIC LIBRARIES

COUNTY	MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS		PROJECTION SCREENS		SLIDE/ FILMSTRIP PROJECTORS		RECORD PLAYER		TAPE RECORDER		VIDEO EQUIPMENT		MICROFORM READER/ READER-PRINTERS		OPAQUE PROJECTOR		OTHER		TOTAL CIRC.
	Own	Circ.	Own	Circ.	Own	Circ.	Own	Circ.	Own	Circ	Own	Circ.	Own	Circ.	Own	Circ.	Own	Circ	
AREA 1	71	220	71	80	48	11	94	13	28	11	4	0	36	25	3	0	15	24	394
Jasper	1	27	3	11	2	3	4	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	54
Lake	55	124	46	0	30	0	59	0	10	0	4	0	16	0	2	0	5	0	124
LaPorte	7	0	7	0	10	8	12	0	10	8	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	16
Newton	3	0	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
Porter	3	0	10	0	6	0	10	0	4	0	0	0	6	0	1	0	2	0	0
Pulaski	2	69	2	69	0	0	4	0	4	3	0	0	1	25	0	0	8	24	190
Starke	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

ADDENDUM AND ERRATA

Page	Change
19	Table 1 Spelling should be Categorized.
60	Spelling should be Morrison-Reeves Public Library.
83	Under Financing, line 10, word 4 - The word is *use* not are.
106	Third paragraph, 2nd sentence - Add *for* after provide.
142	November 30. Spelling should be Rowe.
	December 13. Spelling should be Abbie.
	December 30. Spelling should be Abbie.
143	January 11. Spelling should be Abbie.
	February 9. Spelling shoukd be Suzanne.
144	February 9. Spelling should be Bucove.
145	April 21. Spelling should be Endwright.
	June 17. Spelling should be Sevigny.
	June 17. Spelling should be Distinguished.
	August 22. Spelling should be Abbie.
	Appendix G - ALSA Area 1 begins on p. 244.